

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

GARY V. JENKINS,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	
v.	)	Civil Action No. 23-2787 (UNA)
	)	
PROVIDENCE FIRE DEPARTMENT, <i>et al.</i> ,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**MEMORANDUM OPINION**

A *pro se* litigant's pleading is held to less stringent standards than would be applied to a formal pleading drafted by lawyer. *See Haines v. Kerner*, 404 U.S. 519, 520 (1972). Even *pro se* litigants, however, must comply with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. *Jarrell v. Tisch*, 656 F. Supp. 237, 239 (D.D.C. 1987). Rule 8 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires that a complaint contain a short and plain statement of the grounds upon which the Court's jurisdiction depends, a short and plain statement of the claim showing that the pleader is entitled to relief, and a demand for judgment for the relief the pleader seeks. Fed. R. Civ. P. 8(a). The purpose of the minimum standard of Rule 8 is to give fair notice to the defendants of the claim being asserted, sufficient to prepare a responsive answer, to prepare an adequate defense, and to determine whether the doctrine of *res judicata* applies. *Brown v. Califano*, 75 F.R.D. 497, 498 (D.D.C. 1977).

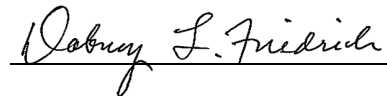
Aside from a long list of defendants, the complaint merely states:

Plaintiff avers that DEFENDANTS are ASSAULTING PLAINTIFF. Fourteenth Amendment violations include: 1) Invidious Disparate treatment. 2) Producing false medical records. 3) Human Rights Violations. Damages include: Lost Productivity and Mental Exhaustion.

Compl. (Dkt. #1) at 1 (emphasis in original). Plaintiff demands an award of \$200,000. *Id.*

Wholly absent are factual allegations, “accepted as true, to ‘state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face.’” *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662, 678 (2009) (quoting *Bell Atl. Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 570 (2007)). This plaintiff fails to “plead[] factual content that allows the court to draw the reasonable inference that the defendant is liable for the misconduct alleged,” *id.* (quoting *Twombly*, 550 U.S. at 556), or that puts defendant on notice of the claims plaintiff brings against it. Furthermore, the complaint is practically identical to the pleading plaintiff has filed in a prior case. *See Jenkins v. BCBS of RI*, No. 1:23-cv-2721 (D.D.C. filed Sept. 18, 2023), Dkt. 1.

Accordingly, the Court will DISMISS the complaint (Dkt. #1) and this civil action without prejudice. In addition, the Court GRANTS plaintiff’s application to proceed *in forma pauperis* (Dkt. #2) and DENIES as moot his motions for summary judgment (Dkt. #3) and to issue a subpoena (Dkt. #4). A separate order will issue.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Dabney L. Friedrich", written over a horizontal line.

DABNEY L. FRIEDRICH  
United States District Judge

DATE: October 4, 2023