

**FILED**

**NOV 19 2018**

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

**Clerk, U.S. District and  
Bankruptcy Courts**

DEBORAH DIANE FLETCHER,

Plaintiff,

v.

AVENTURA HOSPITAL PRESIDENT,

Defendant.

Civil Action No. 1:18-cv-02377 (UNA)

**MEMORANDUM OPINION**

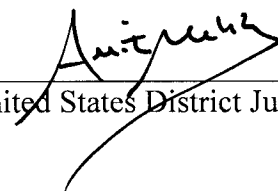
This matter is before the Court on its initial review of plaintiff's *pro se* complaint ("Compl.") and application for leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*. The Court will grant the *in forma pauperis* application and dismiss the case because, under the statute governing IFP proceedings, the Court is required to dismiss a case "at any time" if it determines that the action is frivolous. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B)(i).

Plaintiff sues Aventura Hospital, located in Aventura, Florida. Compl. at 1. She states that [sic] "this is a kidnap, suit." *Id.* The allegations are mostly incomprehensible. Plaintiff states that [sic] "[o]n May 21, 2018, [she] gave birth to number's of new born infants and that same number were born the next day while plaintiff was a patient on the 4<sup>th</sup> floor of the defendant, room 438." *Id.* at 2. Plaintiff also seemingly alleges that she gave birth to other infants in prior recent years. *Id.* She alleges that defendant told her she would "get all of her infants" when she turned 68 years old in 2017, however, she insinuates that defendant has withheld these children from her. *Id.* She asks that the Court "grant [ ] plaintiff all of her newborn infants," and seeks damages exceeding \$75,000. *Id.*

Complaints premised on fantastic or delusional scenarios or supported wholly by allegations lacking “an arguable basis either in law or in fact” are subject to dismissal as frivolous. *Neitzke v. Williams*, 490 U.S. 319, 325 (1989); *see Denton v. Hernandez*, 504 U.S. 25, 33 (1992) (“[A] finding of factual frivolousness is appropriate when the facts alleged rise to the level of the irrational or the wholly incredible[.]”); *Crisafi v. Holland*, 655 F.2d 1305, 1307-08 (D.C. Cir. 1981) (“A court may dismiss as frivolous complaints . . . postulating events and circumstances of a wholly fanciful kind.”).

The instant complaint satisfies this standard and warrants dismissal with prejudice. *See Firestone v. Firestone*, 76 F.3d 1205, 1209 (D.C. Cir. 1996) (A dismissal with prejudice is warranted upon determining “that ‘the allegation of other facts consistent with the challenged pleading could not possibly cure the deficiency.’”) (quoting *Jarrell v. United States Postal Serv.*, 753 F.2d 1088, 1091 (D.C. Cir. 1985) (other citation omitted)). A separate Order accompanies this Memorandum Opinion.

Date: November <sup>16</sup>~~15~~, 2018

  
United States District Judge