## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

MAGNOLIA COOPER, et al.,	)	
Plaintiffs,	) Case: 1:17-cv-00460	
v.	) Assigned To : Unassigned	
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	) Assign. Date: 37472377 ) Description: Pro Se Gen. Civ.	(F-DECK)
Defendant.	)	

## **MEMORANDUM OPINION**

This matter is before the Court on plaintiff's application to proceed *in forma pauperis* and her *pro se* civil complaint. The application will be granted, and the complaint will be dismissed without prejudice.

The Court has reviewed plaintiff's complaint, keeping in mind that complaints filed by pro se litigants are held to less stringent standards than those applied to formal pleadings drafted by lawyers. See Haines v. Kerner, 404 U.S. 519, 520 (1972). Even pro se litigants, however, must comply with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Jarrell v. Tisch, 656 F. Supp. 237, 239 (D.D.C. 1987). Rule 8(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires that a complaint contain a short and plain statement of the grounds upon which the Court's jurisdiction depends, a short and plain statement of the clsaim showing that the pleader is entitled to relief, and a demand for judgment for the relief the pleader seeks. Fed. R. Civ. P. 8(a). The purpose of the minimum standard of Rule 8 is to give fair notice to the defendants of the claim being asserted, sufficient to prepare a responsive answer, to prepare an adequate defense and to determine whether the doctrine of res judicata applies. Brown v. Califano, 75 F.R.D. 497, 498 (D.D.C. 1977).

Plaintiff Magnolia Cooper mentions that she brought a civil action in the United States

District Court for the District of Minnesota, and that the action has been dismissed with

prejudice. See Cooper v. Minn. Dep't of Human Servs., No. 15-2682 (D. Minn. Aug. 8, 2016).

The significance of this prior litigation is unclear, however. Plaintiff may intend to challenge the

District of Minnesota's ruling, or she may intend to bring a new action against the same

defendant or defendants under a new legal theory, or she may intend to bring a new claim (under
the Federal Tort Claims Act, for example) against a new defendant. As drafted, the complaint
does not give the defendant fair notice of the claim against that it, so that it may prepare a proper
answer or an adequate defense.

An Order consistent with this Memorandum Opinion is issued separately.

DATE:

United States District Judge