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| | UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA | MAY 1 4 2013 |
| | | Clerk, U.S. District and Bankruptcy Courts |
| Xavier Flores, |) | • • |
| Plaintiff, |) | |
| v. |) Civil Action No. | 12-200 |
| Michael A. Perez, |))) | 13-703 |
| Defendant. |) | |

MEMORANDUM OPINION

This matter is before the Court on review of plaintiff's *pro se* complaint and application to proceed *in forma pauperis*. The application will be granted and the case will be dismissed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B)(ii) (requiring dismissal of a case upon a determination that the complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted).

Plaintiff, a homeless individual who submitted more than 30 mostly cryptic complaints within the first two weeks of March alone, sues an individual in Chicago, Illinois, purportedly under the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA"), 42 U.S.C. § 12101 *et seq*. He states that he "received no service from [defendant] and a breach of his oath of office [sic]." Compl. at 1.

A plaintiff's "allegations must be enough to raise a right to relief above the speculative level" *Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 555 (2007) (citations omitted); *see Aktieselskabet AF 21. Nov. 2001 v. Fame Jeans, Inc.*, 525 F.3d 8, 16 n.4 (D.C. Cir. 2008) ("We have never accepted 'legal conclusions cast in the form of factual allegations' because a complaint needs some information about the circumstances giving rise to the claims.") (quoting

Kowal v. MCI Commc'ns Corp., 16 F.3d 1271, 1276 (D.C. Cir. 1994)). Plaintiff does not allege that he was mistreated because of a disability and, therefore, has stated no facts to support an ADA claim. Even if he had, such a claim is properly brought in the judicial district where the alleged unlawful practice occurred or where the relevant records are maintained and administered, which appears in this case to be the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois. See 42 U.S.C. § 12117(a) (incorporating Title VII's enforcement procedures set forth at 42 U.S.C. § 2000e-5(f)(3). A separate Order of dismissal accompanies this Memorandum Opinion.

Date: May

United States District Judge