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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Clerk, U.S. District & Bankruptcy Courts for the District of Columbia

Audrey Carter,)	
Plaintiff,)	
v.) Civil Action No.	12 1932
President George Bush et al.)))	
Defendants.)	

MEMORANDUM OPINION

This matter is before the Court on its initial review of plaintiff's *pro se* complaint and application for leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e), the Court is required to dismiss a complaint upon a determination that it, among other grounds, is frivolous. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B)(i).

The plaintiff, a resident of Charlotte, North Carolina, makes the same type of outlandish allegations against high-level officials and certain celebrities that she has made in previous actions dismissed as frivolous. *See generally Compl.*; *cf. with Carter v. Bush*, Civ. Action No. 12-1825, slip. op. (D.D.C. Nov. 9, 2012); *Carter v. Romney*, Civ. Action No. 12-1648, slip. op. (D.D.C. Oct. 4, 2012); *Carter v. Obama*, Civ. Action No. 12-0482, slip. op. (D.D.C. Mar. 29, 2012); *Carter v. Dempsey*, Civ. Action No. 11-1696, slip. op. (D.D.C. Sept. 20, 2011) (citing *Carter v. Dempsey*, Civ. Action No. 11-1580)), *aff'd*, No. 11-5284 (D.C. Cir. Jan. 27, 2012). In this case, she demands damages "starting at" \$100 million. Compl. at 1.

Once again, the plaintiff's outlandish accusations are the type of fantastic or delusional scenarios warranting dismissal under § 1915(e)(2) as frivolous. See Neitzke v. Williams, 490

U.S. 319, 325 (1989); Best v. Kelly, 39 F.3d 328, 330-31 (D.C. Cir. 1994). Furthermore, the

allegations "constitute the sort of patently insubstantial claims" that deprive the Court of subject

matter jurisdiction. Tooley v. Napolitano, 586 F.3d 1006, 1010 (D.C. Cir. 2009); see Caldwell v.

Kagan, 777 F. Supp. 2d 177, 178 (D.D.C. 2011) ("A district court lacks subject matter

jurisdiction when the complaint 'is patently insubstantial, presenting no federal question suitable

for decision.' ") (quoting *Tooley*, 586 F.3d at 1009).

This case will be dismissed with prejudice. Plaintiff is reminded that her persistence in

submitting frivolous lawsuits for filing may result ultimately in the Court enjoining her from the

privilege of proceeding in forma pauperis in future actions. See Hurt v. Social Security Admin.,

544 F.3d 308, 310 (D.C. Cir. 2008) (approving the denial of an abusive litigant's "IFP status

prospectively."); Butler v. Dep't of Justice, 492 F.3d 440, 446 (D.C. Cir. 2007) ("Butler may

continue to engage in this pastime [of filing repetitive actions] if he wishes, but if he chooses to

do so here, it will have to be on his own dime."); see also Ibrahim v. District of Columbia, 208

F.3d 1032, 1036 (D.C. Cir. 2000) ("Leave to file a claim in forma pauperis has always been a

matter of grace, a privilege granted in the court's discretion . . ., and denied in the court's

discretion when that privilege has been abused by filing claims or appeals that are frivolous or

otherwise not taken in good faith.") (citations omitted). A separate Order accompanies this

Memorandum Opinion.

Date: November <u>1</u>, 2012

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