

## THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

(UNLAWFUL DISCRIMINATION BASED UPON RACE, RELIGION AND NATIONAL ORIGIN; UNLAWFUL RETALIATION FOR PRIOR PROTECTED ACTIVITIES; RETALIATION BASED ON § 1981; BREACH OF CONTRACT)

COMES NOW the Plaintiff in this proceeding, Mr. Mohammad Javad HajjarNejad, appearing Pro $S e$, to respectfully present an Amended Complaint regarding his facts and claims to this Honorable Court. In furtherance thereof, the following information and claims are submitted:

## JURISDICTION

1. Jurisdiction in this matter is bascd upon

Title VI of the Civil
Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq. ("Title VI"); Section 1 of the Civil Rights
Act of 1866, 42 U.S.C. §1981 ("Section 1981"); and the Civil Rights
Attorney's Award Act, as amended, codified at 42 U.S.C.A. Section 1988, et seq.; in that Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad was unlawfully discriminated against by an educational institution
on the bases of race (Arabic or Middle Eastern), Religion (Muslim) and National Origin (Iranian), and subsequently was subject to unlawful retaliation for prior protected EEO activities, when he was wrongfully refused certain educational entitlements and privileges which he had properly and rightfully earned, as further set forth and described herein.
2.
3. Furthermore, the Plaintiff in this Amended Complaint respectfully asserts relation back of amendments for his civil rights claims outlined above based on FED. R. CIV. P. 15(c).
4.
5. Further jurisdiction in this matter for the contract claims cited herein is based upon the United States Constitution, Article III, Section 2, Diversity Jurisdiction, also codified in the Judiciary Act of 1978 and currently cited at 28 U.S.C.A. Section 1332. Such diversity jurisdiction is based upon Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad being a resident of the State of Maryland; Defendant George Washington University being an educational institution located in Washington, D. C., and the amount in dispute and resulting claim for relief by Plaintiff being in excess of $\$ 75,000.00$, as required by 28 U.S.C.A. Section 1332(a).

## VENUE

6. Venue in this matter properly lies with the United States District Court for the District of Columbia insofar as the Defendant George Washington University and its School of Medicine are located at 2300 Eye Strect, N. W., Washington, D. C. 20037; the acts complained of herein occurred or were directed primarily within the gcographical boundarics of the District of Columbia; and pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 1391 and 42 U.S.C. Section 2000e5(f). Morcover, the contract described below was executed by the parties and concluded in the District of Columbia.

## PARTIES

7. Plaintiff Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad is a resident of Gaithersburg, Maryland, and is an adult male who in the relevant time periods hereof was an enrolled student at the George Washington University Medical School. Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad is Arabic or Middle Eastern by race, is Muslim by religion, and is identificd as Iranian by National Origin because that is the nationality of his parents -- in fact, Plaintiff HajjarNejad was born in Gaithersburg, Maryland.
8. Defendant George Washington University is a non-profit entity and a recognized educational institution located at 2300 Eye Street, N.W., Washington, D. C. 20037. The Gcorge Washington University Medical School and Center, also known as the George Washington University School of Medicine and Health Sciences, is a subordinate entity of George Washington University and is largely integrated onto the campus of George Washington University. The below-named officials, supervisors and employees of Defendant Gcorge Washington University committed the acts described herein as employees and agents of the Defendant while acting in furtherance of the business and non-profit goals and objectives of the Defendant, and those acts are ascribed to Defendant George Washington University under the theories of agency and respondeat superior.

## EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES

9. To the extent that it is determined that the unlawful discrimination and retaliation claims made herein are subject to a requirement for exhaustion of administrative remedies, the matters addressed hercin involving allegations of unlawful discrimination and retaliation were presented to and heard by the District of Columbia Office of Human Rights (OHR) pursuant to provisions of the District of Columbia Human Rights Act (HRA). Such matter was initiated by Plaintiff Hajjar-Ncjad on August 24, 2007.
10. On or about September 4, 2007, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad also filed a complaint of unlawful discrimination with the U. S. Department of Education (DOE), which was docketed as EEO Complaint No. 11-07-2098. The Department of Education refused to follow up or investigate the complaint, however, citing an alleged requirement that

Plaintiff deal exclusively with the District of Columbia Office of Human Rights in pursuing a remedy.
11. Following an extensive period of investigation by the DC OHR, including the conduct of hearings, on Junc 22, 2009, a Letter of Determination (LOD) was issucd by DC OHR which found that George Washington University Medical School had unlawfully retaliated against Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad in the following manner: (1) by improperly performing adverse evaluations of Plaintiff based upon Plaintiff's assertions of civil rights; (2) by the Dean of the Medical School improperly directing the Director of Surgery to not give Plaintiff a passing grade in a critical course required for graduation; (3) by improperly removing Plaintiff from the Medical School Honors Program; (4) by the dean of the Medical School improperly directing Plaintiff to take an academic leave of absence, and if such leave would not be taken, refusing to permit Plaintiff to transfer to another medical school; (5) by dismissing Plaintiff from the Medical School; and, (6) by improperly refusing to issue transcripts to Plaintiff for use in continuing his medical cducation.
12. Following an application for reconsideration regarding the initial DC OHR findings filed by both Plaintiff (on July 20, 2009) and Defendant George Washington University (on July 22, 2009), OHR subsequently issued on January 12, 2010, a Final Decision affirming its prior "Probable Cause" determination regarding Plaintiff's claims of unlawful retaliation. This Final Decision also affirmed findings of "No Probable Cause" regarding Plaintiff's claims against Defendant of disparate treatment and a hostile cducational environment.
13. Following receipt of the DC OHR Final Decision, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad reapproached the U.S. Department of Education regarding his earlier complaint, and sceking enforcement assistance against Defendant George Washington University. He was initially informed that DOE had no record of his initial complaint, and following a later reversal of that position, stated that DOE had closed the record of the complaint with no action taken.
14. Subsequently, on April 9, 2010, Plaintiff Hajjar-Ncjad timely filed on his own behalf a United States District Court Complaint with the District Court of Maryland in Baltimore (the Northern Division of Maryland), which was subsequently and properly transferred to this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 1406(a) by Order of United States District Judge Catherine C. Blake dated April 19, 2010.
15. On September 29, 2010 the Plaintiff, received a Notice of Right to Sue from the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) based on Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Exhibit 1). The EEOC, because the matter was already before the Honorable Court and had been filed on April 9, 2010, readily provided a Notice of Right to Sue upon request. The Honorable Court expressed in its August 15, 2011 Memorandum:
"Hajjar-Nejad acknowledges that he voluntarily withdrew his claims based on similar legal theories without prejudice on August 20, 2010, on the ostensible basis that some or all of his claims were still pending before the District of Columbia Commission on Human Rights and yet to be fully exhausted, but he now contends that he received a "right to suc" letter from the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission on September 29,2010 and appears to suggest that this is sufficient to satisfy the exhaustion doctrine. See Pl.'s MTA Mem. at 2 \& Ex. 1 (Notice of Right to Suc)."

While Plaintiff had notified the DC OHR on April 9, 2010 that he had filed his case with the United States District Court, on June 9, 2011, Plaintiff's former counsel emailed him regarding a June 8, 2011 "Order Scheduling a Status Conference" from the Chief Judge of the DC Commission on Human Rights (CHR) David Simmons to resume the procedural schedule based on the request of Plaintiff's counsel (Exhibit 2). This was approximately two (2) years after the June 22, 2009 Letter of Determination and after the matter had bcen closed.
16. On June 15,2011 , Plaintiff filcd an -8-page Reply Memorandum with the Chief Administrative Law Judge informing him that he had a Right to Sue Notice and his case was pending in federal court before a federal judge with Civil Case No. 10-CV-626 (Exhibit 3).
17. The Chief Law Judge David Simmons ordered and explained on June 16, 2011, in contradiction to all of GW's wrongful assertions in its first Motion to Dismiss regarding filing of civil rights claims in federal court and the DC HRA (See Def.'s Mot. to Dismiss First Am. Compl., ECF No. [14]), that per the DC Municipal Regulations (DCMR § 416.1, DCMR § 416.3, DCMR § 416.4, DCMR § 426.1) and DC OHR guidelines and the DCHRA, that Plaintiff had the right to go to federal court because he had a Right to Sue Notice in hand (See Exhibit 4, Proposed Decision and Final Order and Exhibit 5, Notice of Final Decision and Order).
18. The DC Commission on Human Rights formally closed this matter on June 24, 2011. The Plaintiff had requested by electronic mail that they close this matter on April 9, 2010.

## LEGAL THEORIES

19. 

The Plaintiff was in his fourth and final year of medical school when he was wrongfully terminated based on retaliatory and discriminatory practices. He was preparing for the start of his residency in July of 2008 which was a discrete employment opportunity. In preparation for entering a US residency, Plaintiff had to register with the Electronic Residency Application Service (ERAS), take the Step 2 National Board Exams, and complete acting internships (AIs) in his ficld of choice, amongst other tasks. Fourth year medical students are termed Acting Interns, akin to actual first year residency interns because in preparation for the internship they perform those similar jobs and functions as an intern. Importantly, the Defendant wrongfully blocked Plaintiff from starting his acting internship in medicine after he had received a schedulc from the Defendant and was planned to start the AI (see Exhibit 1, pages 57-64, pg. 146, and pgs.

55-50). What's more, after Defendant dismissed Plaintiff, it went out of its way to place a hold on his academic transcripts for approximately 8 months denying him the ability to transfer elsewhere, complete his degree and start his residency.

Plaintiff was discriminated against with respect to the residency process and did not start his residency as planned in July of 2008 because of the Defendant's "discriminatory animus" and "discriminatory behavior". Plaintiff was deprived of employment opportunitics and the Defendant's retaliatory and discriminatory actions adversely affected Plaintiffs' status to become an employee, or surgical resident. Therefore, Plaintiffs' status as a student was intertwined and inseparable from his employment status as a resident, literally, months away.

In addition, the discriminatory and retaliatory acts of the Defendant prevented and prohibited the Plaintiff from taking part in the 2008 National Residency Matching Program (NRMP) and the Electronic Residency Application Service (ERAS) to file applications for residency programs. Indeed, the Defendant prohibited Plaintiff from receiving a "token" to start the application process, which it had provided to all other students.

On November 20, 2007, the Defendant in retaliation for Plaintiff's filing of the Charge of Discrimination on November 1, 2007, contacted the National Board of Medical Examiners (NBME) and blocked him from taking the test-or Step 2 National Board exam. Again, this was done in order to stop Plaintiff from entering a residency position. This was truly an action to deny access to Plaintiff to enter a position based on merits and academic consideration and is a simple and plain form of discrimination.

Essentially, all of the wrongful actions taken by Defendant, including the hold placed on September 26, 2007 denying access to academic transcripts from seven years of study, show that the Defendant did not and does not wish to allow Plaintiff to become a resident physician by committing such actions and "[deprived him of employment opportunities and adversely affected his status as a physician]". This includes taking the necessary exams, attaining the necessary licensure requirements and starting a residency position. The Plaintiff acted wrongfully and illegally by blocking the Plaintiff from acquiring his academic transcripts in order to seek to further his education in any regard and attain employment.

Also, Defendant has not provided Plaintiff all of his grades and credits for research on academic projects as were spelled out in the detailed Original Complaint.

## "Title VI"

20. Title VI prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin in programs and activities recciving Federal financial assistance. Specifically, Title VI provides that
[n]o person in the United States shall, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the bencfits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance.

Apart from the provisions common to Title VI, Title IX, and Section 504, courts also have held that Title VI adopts or follows the Fourteenth Amendment's standard of proof for intentional discrimination, and Title VII's standard of proof for disparate impact. See Elston v. Talladega County Bd. of Educ., 997 F.2d 1394, 1405 n. 11, 1407
n. 14 (11th Cir.), reh'g denied, 7 F.3d 242 (11th Cir. 1993); (see Chapter VIII).

Accordingly, cases under these constitutional and statutory provisions may shed light on an analysis concerning the applicability of Title VI to a given situation.
$\S 1981$
21. Plaintiff had already included in his First Amended Complaint 42 USC $\S 1981$
(See Am Comp, par. 1), a post-Civil War statute prohibiting race discrimination and authorizing retaliation claims.
§1981 provides equal protection to "[a]ll persons within the jurisdiction of the United States...to make and enforce contracts, to sue, be parties, give evidence, and to the full and cqual benefit of all laws and proceedings for the security of persons and property." 42 U.S.C. §1981.

To state a claim for racial discrimination under Section 1981, a plaintiff must allege that (1) the plaintiff is a member of a racial minority; (2) the defendant intended to discriminate against the plaintiff on the basis of race; and (3) the discrimination concerned an activity enumerated in $\S 1981$." Mazloum v. Dist. Of Columbia Metro. Police Dep't, 522, F. Supp. 2d 24, 37 (D.D.C. 2007) (quotations omitted). Section 1981 "can be violated only by purposeful discrimination." (Gen. Bldg. Contractors Ass'n v. Pennsylvania, 458 U.S. 375, 391 (1982). To plead intentional discrimination, "plaintiff... must allege some facts that demonstrate that race was the reason for the defendant's actions." Bray v. RHT, Inc., 748 F. Supp. 3, 5 (D.D.C. 1990); sec also Alexander v. Wash. Gas Light Co., 481 F. Supp. 2d 16, 31 (D.D.C. 2006) (quoting Bray).
22.

Retaliation

Complainant establishes a prima facie case for retaliation. He claims to have engaged in protected activity when he submitted the "good faith reports" in July 26, 2007, September 2006 and the Brief of Case Findings in April of 2007.

## Protected Activity

As noted supra, protected activity includes opposition and participation in a discrimination proceeding. Opposition to a practice believed to be unlawful discrimination includes, but is not limited to, informing an entity that you believe that he/she is engaging in prohibited discrimination. Opposition is protected from retaliation as long as it is based on a reasonable, good-faith belief that the complained of practice violates anti-discrimination law; and the manner of the opposition is reasonable. Examples of protected opposition include: 1) Complaining to anyone about alleged discrimination against oneself or others; threatening to file a charge of discrimination; picketing in opposition to discrimination; or refusing to obey an order reasonably believed to be discriminatory. Participation in a discrimination proceeding means taking part in a discrimination proceeding. Participation is protected activity even if the proceeding involved claims that ultimately were found to be invalid. Examples of participation include: filing a charge of discrimination; cooperating with an internal investigation of alleged discriminatory practices; or serving as a witness in an investigation or litigation; or requesting a reasonable accommodation based on religion or
disability. It can also include simply making the comment that certain actions by students may result in retaliation, as Complainant did in his "good faith reports."

On July 25, 2006, Complainant reported a "difficulty" that he had had with a Resident. Although this communication does not make allegations of discrimination, the September 22, 2006 [good faith report] does make such a claim. On September 22, 2006, Complainant submitted a "Motion for Injunctive Relief of Incorrect/Wrong Evaluation and for Development of an Active [Task] Force Committee." In this report, Complainant criticized Respondent's programs complaining of Respondent's teaching methods and procedures and he gave suggestions for improvement. But he also makes statements regarding retaliation. On page 2 , of the document, he states, "To ignore our weaknesses and to appease voices for change by retaliation is wrong as history has shown over the ycars." He also states, "I embraced these ideas and regretfully was subject to retaliation, but I stand up for what I did and belicve that I acted correctly and with the highest levels of integrity and honesty." In this document he also quotes University Policy, "The current university policy within the student mistreatment policy is that when a student brings a matter, whatever it might be, to the attention of a superior, retaliation is not tolerated and is fully prohibited at all levels. Further, a resident that retaliates against a medical student for having informed a higher authority of wrongdoings is not to evaluate that medical student...I have already given feedback to the Department of Medicine which they have used against me and incriminated me on the basis of what I have said, which was in good intention."

Finally, Complainant continued to allege retaliation in the statement, "This discrepancy and tactic of retaliation by the Department of Medicine that raises the
question of outright student mistreatment." Therefore, although one could arguc that some of the retaliation Complainant cites is a more gencral, instead of discriminatory, his citation of the University's Anti-Discrimination Policy, which cites all forms of discrimination, provides Complainant protection

Complainant's Brief of Case Findings of Aprilof2007 also amounts to protected activity. In his Brief of Case Findings, Complainant claimed discrimination based on the following facts:

- His case lasted ten (10) months precluding him from academic research,
- He should have been entitled to a grievance procedure, that the professional comportment subcommittee was against Respondent's policies,
- The Dean removed him from the Honor's Program without MSEC approval, that his allegations of mistreatment were not investigated,
- The professional comportment charges were manifestations of retaliation for his questioning how Respondent's hospital works, and
- His evaluations from Surgery and Medicine were not based on his ability or performance.


## Materially Adverse Employment Actions

After the submission of "the good faith reports," Complainant suffered an educational adverse action when he received an unfavorable evaluation in medicine, was not given a passing grade in surgery, and was removed from the Honors curriculum in October 2006. After the submission of his Bricf of Case Findings in April 2007, Complainant was dismissed from school in July 2007 and denied a copy of his transcript in April 2008.

## Temporal Proximity

The temporal proximity between the claimed protected activity and the adverse action is very close and infers discriminatory behavior. The protected activities of September 2006 and April of 2007 were followed by materially adverse educational actions of October 2006 through the denial of his transcript of 2008. All actions were close enough to Complainant's claims of discrimination to create the inference of a causal connection. Since Respondent was aware of Complainant's activity, Complainant establishes a prima facie case.

## Conclusion

Although the OHR acknowledges a medical school's discretionary authority to assess the academic and professional/ethical demeanor of its students, it cannot do so in retaliation of protected activity. Although this Office reviewod many factors in this case, one thing is clear. After Complainant waged complaints against senior residents and the program in general, his stellar carecr took a precipitous turn for the worse. Although Complainant demonstrates a number of inconsistencies, the OHR finds a number of factors compelling.

Specifically, the one of the initial emails from the Senior Associate Dean for Academic Affairs to Chief of Medicine [Clerkship Director of Surgery] is troubling. On Friday, September 22, 2006, he states, "I would urge you and residents to strongly consider whether his performance is indeed "passing or not." Technically, a low pass is still a pass, and he will move on through the curriculum [the Honors Program ${ }^{4}$ ]. If you really think he as serious clinical performance deficiencies [there were no clinical

[^0]deficiencies as described below], a below pass grade (e.g., conditional or fail) will bring this to a clear "head" and allow us to work with him on remediation efforts."

Although Respondent attempts to explain this correspondence as the school's attempt to confront Complainant's difficulties, Complainant, at the very least, offers enough evidence for this Office to question Respondent's reasoning.

Moreover, Complainant provides enough crediblc evidence to demonstrate pretext through the questionable e-mails from the Dean, the possible irregularities of the comportment process and the transcript issues [the Dean placed a hold on my transcripts for 8 months

In sum, Complainant has established his burden and sustained his prima facie case for retaliation; and the case moves forward to the adjudicatory phase of the administrative process.

## FACTUAL BACKGROUND

23. Paragraphs 1 through 22 are hercin incorporated by reference.
24. Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad graduated from the Georgc Washington University in May 2004 Summa Cum Laude, with a Grade-Point Average of 3.98, and as a top 2\% member of his graduating class.
25. While an undergraduate, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad was the Teaching Assistant (TA) for the GWU Histology Course, where he was responsible for teaching medical students in the Early Selcction, Integrated BA/MD course regarding microscopic anatomy. Plaintiff further performed research in microscopic anatomy, publishing an abstract study based on electron microscopy in a well-recognized medical ficld journal.
26. Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad applied for and was presented with an Offer of Acceptance to the George Washington University School of Medicine and Health Sciences on November 5, 2003, prior to his graduation from GWU. Plaintiff executed this Offer of Acceptance on November 7, 2003, and subsequently completed all terms and conditions of his contract for matriculating at the GWU Medical School, including payment of tuition and fees.
27. Following his initial enrollment at the GWU School of Medicine and Health Sciences, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad was a superb medical school student, excelling in all academic disciplines during the period of the academic years 2004-2005 and 2005-2006.
28. In 2004, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad received the Katzen Medical Education Award for exemplary level academic achicvement.
29. On April 22, 2006, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad was accepted into the Third-Year Medical School Honors Curriculum by a committee of ninc faculty members. This selection was based upon enunciated criteria including strength of Plaintiff's written cssay, the rigor of his Honors project proposal, the strength of Plaintiffs mentorship, evidence of Plaintiff's prior achievement and the strength of his academic performance.
30. Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad's primary medical school rescarch project addressed cardiovascular disease and the development of a serum "inflammatory marker" that could detect with $80 \%$ specificity those patients who would face a future heart attack; a critical area of research possibly resulting in saving 100,000 lives per year. This project was deemed noteworthy by the GWU medical and teaching staff.
31. Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad also received very high marks in the Practice of Medicine (P.O.M.) Course, which spans the entire four years of medical school. The

POM Course evaluates communication, character and compassion of medical students. Plaintiff completed the third year of this course with Clinical Honors and high grades.
32. The POM Course also included a Clinical Apprenticeship Program, ProblemBased Learning, and Doctor Patient Society; with Plaintiff excelling in each area of study and practice.
33. On several occasions while a medical student, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad became known among the academic and medical leaders at Defendant George Washington University for his race, religion, and family's national origin. These occasions included the following:
a. The presentation of a speech by Plaintiff at the closc of the first academic year of medical school, in approximatcly April or May 2005, at an anatomy ceremony honoring donors of human cadavers and their families. Plaintiff's comments included citations to an Iranian poet, Muslim religious texts, and Islamic teachings, with a theme of equality and the human elements of working with patients and colleagues. Attending this event were Senior Associate Dean Scott Schroth and Associate Dean Rhonda Goldberg, with anatomy and other faculty members, including Plaintiff's entire medical school class (the Class of 2008).
b. Further, at the end of his second academic year of medical school, in approximately April or May 2006, Plaintiff gave a speech at a scholarship ceremony attended by Medical School Dean Dr. James Scott. Plaintiff spoke from the Holy Quran. Following the speech, Dean Scott stated to guests at the ceremony that he "didn't teach [Plaintiff] anything [he] said."
34. Numerous subsequent communications generated by senior personncl at Defendant George Washington University also reflect the common knowledge of Plaintiff's race, religion and national origin.
35. Plaintiff commenced medical rotations in internal medicine as an Honors student on July 7, 2006, continuing through August 11, 2006. During this period, in the course of making and reporting good faith obscrvations, including certain limited criticisms of hospital practices which had been invited in the course of rotations, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad began experiencing adverse comments from certain members of the faculty and students.
36. On August 23, 2006, Senior Associate Dean Scott Schroth, apparently in violation of the university's academic confidentiality policy, reported to the Director of Medicine that Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad had leveled criticisms at the Director of Medicine and Clerkship Director. The result of this report was the commencement of a pattern of hostility and antagonism against Plaintiff based on both unlawful discrimination and the failure of the Defendant's senior personnel to abide by school policies and guidelines.
37. Subsequent to the start of the academic year 2006-2007, Plaintiff's third year of medical school, he began to experience increasingly hostile treatment from members of the faculty, particularly Medical School Dean Dr. James Scott.
38. Without any legitimate foundation from cither Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad's academic performance or progress as a medical school student, or Plaintiff's conduct or behavior within the University community, Dean Scott and his subordinates, particularly Dcan Schroth, began a scrics of actions to penalize and adversely affect the academic progress of Plaintiff.
39. For example, Plaintiff's surgery rotation at GWU began on August 14, 2006. On September 22, 2006, with no apparent justification, Senior Associate Dean Schroth told the course director of surgery, Dr. Juliet Lee, not to give Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad a passing grade-- so that he would be removed from the Honors Curriculum. Dean Schroth had no association whatsoever with the surgery rotation, and he directly violated University regulations when he interfered in this manner with the University grading process. On information and belief, Dr. Schroth's actions were directed by Dean Scott. This effort occurred only one day after Dean Schroth was told by Dr. Lee that Plaintiff would pass the surgery rotation based on exams given. ${ }^{6}$
40. Such actions included the gencration in September and October of 2006 of false and contrived student evaluations against Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad, which were unfairly and improperly critical of aspects of his academic progress and performance.
41. On September 22, 2006, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad submitted a written report to Senior Associate Dean Schroth and to Dr. Williams, Provost and Vice President of GWU for Health Affairs. This report, which was styled by Plaintiff as a "good faith" report, incorporated Plaintiff's observations with respect to problems regarding hospital organization, resident teaching, and patient care. This report was prepared at the specific request of Dean Schroth.

[^1]42. Plaintiff's report specifically stated that he had been personally subjected to degrading, dehumanizing and humiliating treatment, and that such treatment had escalated after he had reported the types of problems cited in report to supervisors. There was a clear understanding that Plaintiff's complaints of personal degrading, dehumanizing and humiliating treatment were directly tied to his race, religion and perceptions of his national origin. Following the submission of the report, Plaintiff saw further escalation of his adverse treatment.
43. On October 23, 2006, Plaintiff was directed by Senior Associate Dean Schroth, without legitimate cause or reason, to stop all of his ongoing medical rescarch. This directive was in direct contravention of the Liaison Committec on Medical Education (LCME) Standards for Accreditation of Medical Education Programs and University policy regarding Disruption of University Functions (Exhibit 12). University policy in this regard unambiguously states that "no member of the University shall: a) engage in conduct that obstructs teaching, rescarch or learning." On information and belief, and as supported by an e-mail communication, this action had been directed by Medical School Dean Scott.
44. On this same day, October 23, 2006, Plaintiff was improperly and without cause told by Senior Associate Dean Schroth that he would not permit Plaintiff to transfer from the George Washington Medical School to another medical school, and that he would block such transfer by placing the demonstrably false performance appraisals into his academic records. Again, on information and belief, such action had been dirceted by Medical School Dean Scott.
45. On this same day, October 23, 2006, Plaintiff was informed by Senior Associate Dean Schroth that he would have to leave, and was being removed, from the Medical School Honors Program, and had to return to the traditional curriculum. If Plaintiff would not voluntarily leave the Honors Program, he was threatened with being forced to take a "lcave of absence" from medical school. Senior Associate Dean Schroth also stated to Plaintiff that he "had never used this [threat of a student being forced to take a leave of absence] before," but "I will if I have to."
46. These statements were later repeated to Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad by Senior Associate Dean Schroth and Medical School Dean Scott in a subsequent (second) mecting also on October 23, 2006, attended by Plaintiff and his parents. Plaintiff was told at this meeting that if he would not "step down" from the Honors Program, he would be forced to take a leave of absence.
47. After Plaintiff explained to Dean Scott that being removed from an ability to conduct research as a student would be detrimental to the school's stated goals of performing research, Dean Scott responded, "You're making me angry," and "not to say that." Upon being queried by Plaintiff's father as to why he was acting so angry, Dean Scott responded that Plaintiff was "moving up too fast," and that he doesn't "want [Plaintiff] to move so fast."
48. Additionally at this second meeting on October 23, 2006, Medical School Dean Scott told Plaintiff that he "did not want" Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad to go into surgery as a profession, which had been a stated and known educational objective of Plaintiff. On information and belief, Dean Scott simply did not want Plaintiff, an American

Muslim, to become a cardiovascular surgcon in his medical school program, and had no legitimate reasons for barring Plaintiff from this academic and professional program.
49. In the course of the meetings, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad clearly stated that he bclieved that there was no legitimate bases for the actions being taken against him, and inferred such actions to be based upon discriminatory motives.
50. Because of the various inappropriate and discriminatory threats to terminate his long-sought medical carecr, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad was forced to leave the Medical School Honors Program, and enter the general medical school academic community.
51. Despite a return to the general medical school community and a curtailment of his research efforts, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad continued to suffer periodic discrimination and retaliation. In late 2006 and early 2007, false allegations were included in the performance evaluations of Plaintiff for his Obstetrics and Gynecology Course of Instruction and Rotation, and such allegations were inserted into other course evaluations of Plaintiff.
52. On December 27, 2006, Dean Schroth notified Plaintiff in writing that the Defendant was initiating a committec review on Plaintiff's "professional comportment" allegedly based on Plaintiff's evaluations in the Medicine, Surgery, and Obstetrics and Gynecology rotations. No further information was provided by Dr. Schroth, but Plaintiff was aware of the inclusion of false information in such evaluations that Plaintiff had challenged when he received the evaluations.
53. In February 2007, Plaintiff was notified of an improperly formed and constituted committee evaluation of his professional comportment. Such reminder
occurred just prior to an examination period and was intended to disrupt Plaintiff's examination preparations.
54. On March 2, 2007, Plaintiff provided an elaborate response to the false allegations of professional comportment to be given to the subcommittee. Despite such efforts, the process moved forward to an apparent pre-determined destination.
55. The referenced committee mecting still was not scheduled until a date finally was set in April 2007. Following the Virginia Tech school tragedy of April 16, 2007, the committee meeting was scheduled for May 3, 2007. The reason given for the delayed committee meeting was "security considerations," an obvious reference to Plaintiff Hajjar-Ncjad's Islamic and Middle Eastern background.
56. On May 3, 2007, the committee (named the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment of the Medical Student Evaluation Committee, or MSEC) mecting occurred. The Chairman announced at the meeting that its purpose was to investigate Plaintiff's "veracity," and stated that grades and evaluations would not be discussed.
57. The meeting, as convened and conducted, violated numerous specific University policies and regulations, and Plaintiff and his counsel were not permitted to ask questions, cross examine witnesses, name additional witncsses for testimony, or present substantial evidence. The specific GW policies and regulations that were violated in the initiation and conduct of the subcommittee are itemized below:

- Rule-Article E: Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 6 (Regulations for M.D. Candidates) (Exhibit 1, pg. 41)
- Rule-Article E: Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 7 (Regulations for M.D. Candidates) (Exhibit 1, pg. 41)
- Rule-Article E: Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 10
(Regulations for M.D. Candidates) (Exhibit 1, pg. 42)
- Rule-Article E: Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 13 (Regulations for M.D. Candidates) (Exhibit 1, pg. 42)
- Rule-Article E: Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 14 (Regulations for M.D. Candidates) (Exhibit 1, pg. 43)
- Rule-Article E: Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Sections 15-16 (Regulations for M.D. Candidates) (Exhibit l, pg. 44)
- Rule-Article V: Regulations Concerning Student Life on Campus, Sections A (The Enactment of Regulations) and B (Standards of Fairness and Student Rights in Disciplinary Cases) The Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities 20062007 (Exhibit 1, pg. 45)
- Rule-Article V, Regulations Concerning Student Life on Campus, Section B, Points 1-8 The Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities 2006-2007(Exhibit 1, pg. 46)

58. The contents of the recommendations of the Subcommittee were basically that Plaintiff (i) repeat any clerkship for which he receives a grade of low pass or below, (ii) even if Plaintiff receives passing grades subsequently, the Subcommittee Chair must review his clerkship evaluations when he has completed all clerkships to look for comportment-related issues, and if less than satisfactory will refer to the Medical Student Evaluation Committec for investigation, (iii) following completion of all third ycar clerkships, Plaintiff must complete an acting internship in internal medicine at GW

Hospital, (iv) that the Subcommittee recommendations be permanently made a part of the Plaintiff's file and record, and (v) for Plaintiff to take a leave of absence.
59. Moreover, Dean Goldberg informed the Plaintiff on Junc 17, 2007 that he would have to repeat the Obstetrics and Gynecology clerkship even though he received a grade of High Pass from the Clerkship Director Dr. Charles Macri. Plaintiff's final evaluation in the obstetrics and gynccology rotation was a high pass-Dr. Macri writes that Plaintiff's cognitive skills are excellent...[He is] very well read...[clinically] Plaintiff is competent and has excellent exam skills...[and] in the categories of information presentation, professional behavior and work habits he provides strong marks..." The actions of GW again in this regard reveal how the interactions and directives to and with Plaintiff were tainted by discriminatory animus.
60. Additionally, as the affidavit by Mr. Sarsour (Plaintiff's Emergency Counsel for MSEC) reveals, the Subcommittee was unable throughout the investigation to find any evidence or proof that Plaintiff had been untruthful (Exhibit 17). This should have led to closure after no evidence was found but it didn't because of discrimination. There was a big gap between the subcommittee recommendations for remedial action and the MSEC's decision for dismissal.
61. Despite these ongoing and unrelenting efforts of Defendant to dissuade Plaintiff from completing medical school, Plaintiff remained steadfast and somehow finished the 2006-2007 academic school year (Plaintiff's third year of the four-year medical school curriculum) with passing grades in all of his graded courses, completing several courses with "High Pass" and "Honors" grade results. This was despite Plaintiff having been removed from the Honors Academic Program.
62. The evaluations of his individual professors, to the apparent consternation of senior Medical School officials, and particularly Medical School Dean Scott and Senior Associate Dean Schroth, were continuously high and full of praise for Plaintiff's academic accomplishments and class comportment.
63. In certain instances, however, including the Obstetrics and Gynecology Rotation related duties performed by Plaintiff at Inova Fairfax Hospital (IFH) in carly 2007, Plaintiff's highly favorable review and evaluation was not placed into his transcript for several months. No explanation has ever been presented for such delays.
64. The Subcommittec issued recommendations on June 18, 2007, which again failed to meet numerous University standards and guidelines. After finding no evidence or proof of any untruthfulness by Plaintiff in his academic efforts, the Subcommittee still recommended changes affecting only Plaintiff Hajjar-Ncjad's grades and academic requirements. Such recommendations were abjectly discriminatory and retaliatory, and contrary to University regulations and policies. For example, the Subcommittee recommended that Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad be forced to repeat any clerkship (an academic form of apprenticeship) if he were to receive a "Low Pass" grade. That grade, however, is a passing grade, and is a successful grade and recognized for full credit under University regulations and policies.
65. The Subcommittee presented its recommendations to the Medical Student Evaluation Committec (MSEC) on or about June 18, 2007, the same day that the MSEC was scheduled to meet regarding Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad. Plaintiff himself did not receive the recommendations of the Subcommittee until 12:03 a.m. on June 18, 2007, the same day as the scheduled MSEC meeting.
66. Dean Goldberg sat as an apparent of the MSEC meeting conducted on June 18, 2007. She denied the presence at the meeting of an expert witness and legal assistant for Plaintiff, and stated that neither Plaintiff nor his counsel could speak or ask questions at the hearing, except for an oral statement which Plaintiff could make.
67. The MSEC membership consisted primarily of white students and individuals pre-selected and appointed by senior member of the GWU administration. The Chairman was Dr. Jeffrey Akman. The names and positions of the members were requested by Plaintiff, but never provided. There was no apparent certification, authentication or verification of the hearing process, and contrary to the regulations of the Medical School the MSEC did not present a written recommendation. Plaintiff had no ability to challenge any MSEC member for cause.
68. Plaintiff requested in writing from Medical School Dean Scott a copy of any recommendations made by the MSEC regarding his "hearing" of June 18, 2007. On July 13, 2007, Dean Scott denied this request. A further request for the MSEC determinations was made on July 17, 2007, by Plaintiff. Again, Dean Scott denied Plaintiff's request.
69. On July 26, 2007, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad received from Dean Scott a letter from the Chairman of the MSEC (Dr. Akman) addressed to Dean Scott. The letter was dated July 12, 2007, and stated that the MSEC had decided by "motions" and "secret ballct voting" to dismiss Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad from GWU Medical School. There were no valid explanations or bases for such decision provided.
70. This determination was totally unjustified, without substantial bases in fact, contrary to the apparent findings and recommendations of the cited Subcommittee, and a furtherance of the acts of discrimination and retaliation fostered by Medical School Dean

Scott since at least mid-2006. Numerous specific violations of University policy and regulations were apparent. The MSEC greatly exceeded its scope of authority, and its numerous procedural violations constituted an egregious denial of Plaintiffs fundamental procedural rights. Plaintiff's emergency counsel for the MSEC, Mr. Jad Sarsour, provided an Affidavit verifying the discriminatory nature of the MSEC proceeding and expressed regulations violated by the MSEC (Exhibit 17).
71. By not providing a mechanism for Plaintiff to identify and disqualify members for conflicts of interest, the MSEC procecding created a clear opportunity to achieve a biased and perverted objective, to serve as a mere rubber stamp to whatever the administration, and Dean Scott, wanted to achievc. Dean Scott had clearly used the MSEC process as a veneer to accomplish a pre-determined course of action to ensure the dismissal of Plaintiff Hajjar-Ncjad from school that had been substantially stated in the October 23, 2006, meetings cited previously.
72. Dean Scott apparently adopted the recommendations of the MSEC for the dismissal of Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad from medical school, and dismissed Plaintiff summarily on or about July 26, 2007. Dean Scott stated to Plaintiff that he was the "final arbiter" of the matter. As stated by University regulations, however, the final decision regarding a dismissal is to be made by the University Vice President for Academic Affairs. The specific guiding regulation in this instance is Regulations for MD Candidates, Article E, Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Sections 17-18.
73. Even though Plaintiff had received his fourth year medical school schedule from Assistant Dcan Haywood on April 18, 2007, and Plaintiff was authorized to begin an acting internship (AI) in medicine despite the pendency of the MSEC proceedings,
there was a unilateral modification of Plaintiff's schedule to substitute the AI in medicine with a research elective. Clearly, this was done because the decision on dismissal already had been made by University senior personnel.
74. Prior to his dismissal from the medical program, Plaintiff worked for four weeks to attain Institutional Review Board (IRB) approval for his research on human arteries. He arranged collaboration between the Department of Biochemistry and heart/vascular surgeons at the hospital, under his mentor, Dr. McCaffrey. The IRB approval was received on July 23, 2007; but all progress on this project was terminated with Plaintiff's dismissal on July 26, 2007.
75. Because Dean Scott actually did not have the authority to dismiss Plaintiff Hajjar-Ncjad on July 26, 2007, even though Dean Scott did improperly and immediately terminate Plaintiff's participation in the academic process, Plaintiff subsequently filed an appeal regarding his dismissal to the Exccutive Vice President for Academic Affairs (EVPAA). Plaintiff's appeal, submitted on August 7, 2007, contained a detailed account of clear and definite violations of rules and regulations by the Defendant in taking its various adverse and discriminatory actions.
76. On August 9, 2007, Plaintiff spoke with former President of GWU Mr. Stephen J. Trachtenberg. He told Plaintiff to "return back to Iran to complete medical studies," and that the Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs would uphold Dean Scott's decision.
77. Formal dismissal is exactly the result that occurred, although not in the manner prescribed by GWU regulations. On September 13, 2007, a designec of the Vice President for Academic Affairs (VPAA), Ms. Carol K. Sigelman, Associate Vice

President, upheld the decision of Dean Scott to dismiss Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad from the medical school.
78. The threats of senior Defendant academic leaders, including Medical School Dean Scott and Senior Associate Dean Schroth, to withhold Plaintiff's academic transcripts to preclude his subsequent transfer to an alternative medical school were subsequently enacted. These threats, made initially on October 23, 2006, were always planned for enactment once the Defendant's objective of obtaining Plaintiff's dismissal was achicved. Specifically, on September 26, 2007, there was an eight (8) month hold put on Plaintiff's transcripts by the Dean of the School of Medicine and Health Sciences (Dr. Scott); thercby prohibiting Plaintiff's efforts to continuc his medical studics at an alternative medical school.
79. The unlawful and retaliatory "hold" on Plaintiff's transcripts was removed, after several requests, on April 8, 2008; with an apology rendered to Plaintiff HajjarNejad by the University Office of the Registrar. On April 7, 2008 the Defendant provided a letter to Plaintiff stating that "the hold was placed by the Dean of the School of Medicine and Health Sciences" (Exhibit 15). On April 14, 2008, a Letter of Record Status was provided to Plaintiff that states, "This is to certify that the academic hold (SMHS Dean's Office) preventing the above student from obtaining his transcript was erroneously placed. The hold was intended to prevent future registration, but unwittingly additionally prevented transcript production" (Exhibit 16). This is a blatantly pretextual excuse, however, for the conduct of the cited pattern of abject discrimination and retaliation against Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad.
80. On November 1, 2007, Dcan Scott e-mailed the National Board of Medical Examiners (NBME) and instructed them to not let Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad sit for the Step 2 National Exam to be a physician. Had Dean Scott not placed an improper and unwarranted hold on Plaintiff's medical school transcripts, however, Plaintiff would have been able to enroll elscwhere, and would have been permitted to take this examination in his fourth year.
81. Further, because Plaintiff already had completed his third year in May 2007 by passing the end of third-year examination, with a score/grade above the class average, and he had completed twenty-eight (28) research credits towards his fourth year academic requirements, Plaintiff would have graduated on time in 2008 for the commencement of a residency program. Such residency program would have represented the culmination of over cight years of hard work, study and dedication.
82. From August 4, 2008, to the current date, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad has performed an independent clerkship in urology with Dr. Parvez I. Shah. He has successfully performed all of his job-related duties in this position.
83. On October 15,2008 , reflecting many of the same problems that had been surfaced by Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad in mid-2006 and which triggered the wave of discrimination and retaliation against him by Dr. Scott and his subordinates, GWU Medical School was placed on probation by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME). LCME is recognized by the US Department of Education to accredit all medical schools in the United States. GWU was placed on probation for "reasons seriously compromising the quality of the MD program." On information and belief,

GWU was the only medical school in the United States to be placed on probation during this time frame.
84. The unlawful discriminatory and retaliatory actions of Defendant George Washington University and its senior officials, employees and agents, have caused the following damages and injuries to Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad:
a. The denial by Defendant of the rightful and timely graduation of Plaintiff from GW Medical School, scheduled for May 2008, has resulted in significant financial loss to Plaintiff resulting in the denial of income as a practicing medical resident and as a fully licensed medical doctor from the period May 2008 to the present, in the amount of not less than One Million Dollars ( $\$ 1,000,000.00$ ), plus interest.
b. The denial by Defendant of the rightful graduation of Plaintiff from the GW Medical School will result in future earnings and lost income from the date of judgment to Plaintiff's anticipated life span in an amount of not less than Fifty Million Dollars ( $\$ 50,000,000.00$ ).
c. The unlawful and premature dismissal of Plaintiff from the GW Medical School by Defendant resulted in the loss of all investment costs of such education, including education costs, living expenses and deferred or missed income from alternative employment during the period June 2004 through August 2007, in an amount not less than Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars ( $\$ 800,000.00$ ).
d. Because of the aforestated unlawful and retaliatory acts of Defendant GWU, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad has experienced significant mental pain and suffering, stress, depression and other physical and mental ailments.
e. Because of the aforestated unlawful and retaliatory acts of Defendant GWU, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad has suffered significant loss of personal esteem and reputation in the professional and academic communities, and among his family and personal friends.
85. The blatantly deliberate and unlawful acts of discrimination and retaliation conducted by Medical School Dean Scott and Senior Associate Dean Schroth, both senior officials of Defendant's institution, constitute egregious violations of Plaintiff HajjarNcjad's civil rights. These reprehensible acts are directly attributable to employer Defendant GW University, which refused to correct the blatant acts of discrimination and retaliation, refused to discipline the responsible individuals, and furthered their actions with independent corroboration and support. Such conduct warrants the award in this case of punitive damages.

## COUNT I:

## UNLAWFUL DISCRIMINATION BASED UPON RACE, RELIGION AND NATIONAL ORIGIN

86. Paragraphs 1-85 are herein incorporated by reference.
87. The above-described acts reflect discrete and continuing unlawful discrimination against Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad based upon Plaintiff's race (Arabic or Middle Eastern), religion (Muslim), and apparent family-related National Origin (Iranian), conducted by senior officials and employees of Defendant Gcorge Washington University and the George Washington University School of Medicine and Health Scrvices.
88. The actions of Defendant George Washington University, through its senior officers, cmployees and agents, have caused the damages and injuries cited in paragraphs 84 and 85 of this Amended Complaint, cited above.
89. As a result of Defendant's unlawful discriminatory conduct, Plaintiff HajjarNejad demands the relief set forth below:
a. Payment of an amount not less than $\$ 51,800,000$ for monetary compensation for loss of income and loss of future income, plus appropriate interest on past lost income;
b. Compensatory damages in an amount of at least $\$ 2,000,000$;
c. Punitive damages in an amount of at least $\$ 10,000,000$;
d. Removal of all references to Plaintiff's dismissal from medical school from all records and documents maintained by the Defendant (ie, transcript, etc);
c. The provision of favorable recommendations and Dean's Letter by Defendant to locations at which Plaintiff can perform intern and residency requirements following medical school graduation;
f. Complete access to Plaintiff's undergraduate and medical school transcripts at all times;
g. The Defendant will not convcy any disparaging information (ic, including any harmful acts, communications, reports, records, transcripts, statements, documents, recommendations or disclosures) regarding or against Plaintiff to any residency program, licensing authority, including state medical board, credentials verification service, hospital, etc.
h. Payment of all reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with this litigation and all administrative proceedings which occurred prior to the initiation of this litigation; and,
i. Such other relief as this Honorable Court may direct.

## COUNT II:

## UNLAWFUL RETALIATION FOR PRIOR PROTECTED EEO ACTIVITIES

90. Paragraphs 1-85 are herein incorporated by reference.
91. The above-described acts reflect discretc and continuing unlawful retaliation against Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad based upon Plaintiff's prior protected activitics of complaining of adverse treatment based on race (Arabic or Middle Eastern), religion (Muslim), and apparent family-related National Origin (Iranian), conducted by senior officials and employees of Defendant George Washington University and the George Washington University School of Medicine and Health Sciences.
92. The actions of Defendant George Washington University, through its senior officers, employces and agents, have caused the damages and injuries cited in paragraphs 84 and 85 of this Amended Complaint, cited above.
93. As a result of Defendant's unlawful retaliatory conduct, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad demands the relicf set forth below:
a. Payment of an amount not less than $\$ 51,800,000$ for monetary compensation for loss of income and loss of future income, plus appropriate interest on past lost income;
b. Compensatory damages in an amount of at least $\$ 2,000,000$;
c. Punitive damages in an amount of at least $\$ 10,000,000$;
d. Removal of all references to Plaintiff's dismissal from medical school from all records and documents maintained by the Defendant;
c. The provision of favorable recommendations and Dean's Letter by Defendant to locations at which Plaintiff can perform intern and residency requirements following medical school graduation;
f. Complete access to Plaintiff's undergraduate and medical school transcripts at all times;
g. The Defendant will not convey any disparaging information (ie, including any harmful acts, communications, reports, records, transcripts, statements, documents, recommendations or disclosures) regarding or against Plaintiff to any residency program, licensing authority, including state medical board, credentials vcrification service, hospital, etc.
h. Payment of all reasonable attorney's fecs and costs associated with this litigation and all administrative proceedings which occurred prior to the initiation of this litigation; and,
i. Such other relief as this Honorable Court may direct.

## COUNT III:

## BREACH OF CONTRACT

94. Paragraphs 1-85 are herein incorporated by reference.
95. The Offer of Acceptance issued by Defendant GW University to Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad on November 5, 2003, and signed and accepted by Plaintiff on November 7,

2003, constitutes a contractual agreement with mutually binding promises, obligations and responsibilities established by and between Defendant and Plaintiff (Exhibit 19). Such Agreement was supplemented in turn by a reasonably promulgated set of rules, regulations, dircctives and policies implemented by the Defendant and relied upon by the Plaintiff. Plaintiff in this proceeding complied in every reasonable manner with every provision of this Agreement, including making in a timely manner all required payments and obligations.

The Honorable Judge explains in her August 15, 2011 Memorandum that in order:
"To state a claim for breach of contract under District of Columbia law, a plaintiff must allege (i) a valid contract between the partics, (ii) an obligation or duty arising out of the contract, (iii) a breach of that duty, and (iv) damages caused by that breach. Tsintolas Realty Co. v. Mendez, 984 A.2d 181, 187 (D.C. 2009).
herein incorporates into this Third Amendment Complaint the following documents, a number of which were formerly attached to Pl.'s Mem. in Opp'n to Def.'s Mot. to Dismiss Second Am. Compl. ("Pl.'s MTD Opp'n"), ECF No. [22]:

- GWU School of Medicine and Health Sciences Student Mistreatment Policy and

Procedures (Exhibit 7)

- GWU Non-Retaliation Policy (Exhibit 8)
- GW School of Medicine and Health Sciences Regulations for MD Candidates (Exhibit 9)
- GWU Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities (Exhibit 10)
- Email Communication by Dean to Trigger Professional Comportment Review (Exhibit 11)
- GWU Disruption of University Functions Policy (Exhibit 12)
- Correspondence and E-Mail Communications re Professional Comportment Subcommittee Revicw (Exhibit 13)
- Twenty One (21) Questions Presented to Subcommittee on Professional Comportment and Never Answercd Against MD Candidate Regulations (Exhibit 14)
- Letter from University Registrar re Transcript-Letter of No Transcript (Exhibit 15)
- Letter from University Registrar re Transcript-Letter of Record Status (Exhibit 16)
- Affidavit of Mr. Jad Sarsour, Plaintiff's Emergency Counsel for MSEC (Exhibit 17)
- Mr. Syed H. Zaidi Affidavit, Plaintiff's Counsel for Subcommittec (Exhibit 18) 96. The Honorable Judge discusses that GW's motion is "GRANTED" insofar as it seeks dismissal of any breach of contract claim based on an unidentified universe of "rcgulations," "policies," "rules," "procedurcs," "directives," and the like (See Order, Honorable Judge Kollar-Kotelly, August 15, 2011 at 1). The Honorable Judge explains
"'that Hajjar-Nejad's Second Amended Complaint fails to provide adequate notice of his breach of contract claim to the extent he intends to base it on an unidentified universe of "regulations," "policies," "rules," "procedures," and "directives." In order to address this concern, the Plaintiff is including in this Third Amendment specific regulations violated within the Regulations for MD Candidates Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities.

97. Here follows a non-exhaustive list of the specific regulation violations in those documents with reference to spccific provision(s) and if an e-mail or letter, a citation of the specific regulation or policy that it addresses, with location precisely spelled out:

- Student Mistreatment Policy and Procedures (Exhibit 7)
- Mistreatment (Student Mistrcatment Policy and Procedures), pgs. I-5
- Confidentiality (Student Mistreatment Policy and Procedures), Policy Objectives, p. 1; Confidentiality, p. 4
- Non-Retaliation Policy (Exhibit 8)
- Violated in its entirety, specifically, p. 1 policy statement; p. 1 reason for policy/purpose; p. 2 Policy/procedures ("...retaliation against a member of the university community for making a good faith report of potential university-related...violations is prohibited...")
- Regulation for MD Candidates (Exhibit 9)
- Article B: Evaluation of Academic Performance, Article B, Sections 1-2, 7
- Article B: Evaluation of Academic Performance, Sections 5 and 6;
- Article E. Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 1
- Article E. Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 3
- Article E, Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 6 (Regulation Violations for Committec Review)
- Article E: Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 7 (Regulation

Violations for Committee Review)

- Article E: Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 10 (Regulation Violations for Committee Review)
- Article E: Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 13(Regulation Violations for Committee Review)
- Article E: Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 14 (Regulation Violations for Committce Review)
- Article E: Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Sections 15-16 (Regulation Violations for Committee Review)
- Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilitics 2006-2007 (Exhibit 10)
- Article II Section C: Protection Against Disclosure, Page 1
- Article II, Section B: Protcction Against Improper Academic Evaluation, Page 1
- Article V: Regulations Concerning Student Life on Campus, Sections A (The Enactment of Regulations) and B (Standards of Fairness and Student Rights in Disciplinary Cases, Points 1-8), Page 3
- Email from Dr. Schroth to "trigger" a comportment hearing (Exhibit 11)
- Article B: Evaluation of Academic Performance, Article B, Sections 1-2, 7 (Regulations for MD Candidates)
- Article II, Section B: Protection Against Improper Academic Evaluation, Page 1 (Guide)
- This email is connected to two other emails and shows that Senior Associate Dcan Schroth orchestrated Hajjar-Nejad's removal from Honors and the formation the subcommittee.
- This email, along with Exhibit $\mathbf{I}^{7}$, page 95 and 97 show that the Senior Associate Dean interfered in the grading process in the surgery rotation against school grading regulations.
- Exhibit 1 page 95 shows that the Dean told the course director not to pass Hajjar-Nejad in surgery after she said he would pass (Exhibit 6). Then, in Exhibit 1, page 97 it lucidly shows that the same dean moved to cement a conditional grade in surgery for Hajjar-Nejad and include the false and misleading evaluations to "trigger" a comportment proceeding against him (Exhibit 11). This is in violation of the MD Candidate Regulations and the Guide.
- Disruption of University Functions (Exhibit 12)
- Violated in its entirety, specifically, Policy statement, Page 1 and Policy/Procedures, Page 2. Clearly violated when Hajjar-Nejad was ordered to stop research and was removed from the Honors Program.
- Subcommittee emails for irregular process (Exhibit 13)

[^2]- Article E, Sections 1-19, Regulations for MD Candidates
- Twenty one questions presented to and for the subcommittee and left unanswered by GW (Exhibit 14)
- As above and broad in scope, however, to be specific includes:
- Article B: Evaluation of Academic Performance, Article B, Sections 1-2, 7 (Regulations for MD Candidates)
- Article B: Evaluation of Academic Performance, Sections 5 and 6;
- Article E. Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 1
- Article E. Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 3
- Article II, Section B: Protection Against Improper Academic Evaluation, Page 1 (Guide)
- Article V: Regulations Concerning Student Life on Campus, Sections A (The Enactment of Regulations) and B (Standards of Fairness and Student Rights in Disciplinary Cases, Points 1-8), Page 3
- Article E, Scctions 1-19, Regulations for MD Candidates
- Letter of No Transcript and Letter of Record Status (Exhibits 15 and 16 respectively). Deal with Hold on Hajjar-Nejad's transcript for 8 months.
- Violates Non-rctaliation policy, disruption of university functions policy, Guide, Regulations, and

The University issued an apology after placing the hold for
eight months which prohibited access to my transcripts to continue my education.

- Article V: Regulations Concerning Student Life on Campus, Sections A (The Enactment of Regulations) and B (Standards of Fairness and Student Rights in Disciplinary Cases, Points 1-8), Page 3

98. How specifically each regulation was violated is present within the record. For example, the subcommittec recommendations were discriminatory as they distinctly changed the grading policy and requirement for the Plaintiff only.
"The recommendation that [Plaintiff] must repeat any clerkship he received a low pass [in] is not cohesive with policy. A low pass is a passing grade" (See exhibit $3^{8}, \mathrm{p}$. 95 , bottom), however, the subcommittee states that "[he] must repeat any clerkship for which [hc] receive[s] a grade of low pass or below" (See Exhibit l, page 133, last paragraph, point 1). The students of the medical center are not upheld to such a policy. That GW violated its own policy is clear and the specific policy that was violated is crystal clear-Regulations for MD Candidates, Articles A and B.

The Defendant's treatment of Plaintiff was not uniform (See U.S. D.O.E complaint, pages 63-64). Also, "when Dean Schroth told Dr. Lee to give [Plaintiff] a conditional grade, he tells her a low pass is still a pass and that would keep [him] in the honors curriculum," so the subcommittee's ruling was purely and simply discriminatory (Exhibit 6, Give a CN or Failing Grade Email). In this Exhibit, it clearly shows the Senior Associate Dean for Academic Affairs stating that a low pass is a passing grade. Therefore, the subcommittee recommendation which states that Plaintiff must repeat any

[^3]clerkship for which he receives a low pass grade or below is purely discriminatory. As the affidavit from Mr. Sarsour (Plaintiff's emergency counsel for MSEC) explains, "the administration of the dean's office changed the school's regulations specifically for Mr. Hajjar-Ncjad by changing grading policics" (Exhibit 17).
99.
100. More specifically, a glimpse of Exhibit 1 (Green Cover), the Appeal to the Vice President for Academic Affairs Dr. Donald R. Lehman, shows a detailed and extensive list of regulation violations by GW, a definition of the specific regulation athand, how GW violated that regulation, and actions not taken by GW as required by the regulations.
101. To illustrate, the Plaintiff will review a series of violations (adapted from Exhibit 1, pages 41-46) that reveal imposed duty on GW and breach of that duty. These were all brought to the attention of GW in a timely manncr:
i. The Scnior Associate Dean, Scott Schroth, emails the Course Director of Surgery and tells her not to give the Plaintiff a passing grade in the surgery rotation after she emails him that the Plaintiff will pass even with the higher grading requirements of the honors program. The Dean's interference in the grading process violated the Regulations for MD Candidates. This is directly against school regulations, one of which state "the faculty is responsible for evaluation of the performance of students in a meaningful, useful, and timely
manner" (Evaluation of Academic Performance, Scctions 1-2, 7, See Regulations for MD Candidates). The faculty is responsible for giving cvaluations, and authority for giving grades lies with the Department of Surgery, not Dean Schroth or the Dean's office. Article B, Section 7 of the Regulations for MD Candidates was violated because an appeal was sent to Dr. Lee (Clerkship Director of Surgery) on November 17, 2006 and no response was ever provided in line with regulation. The Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities also clearly provides "protection against improper academic cvaluation" under Articlc II, Section B: Protection against Improper Academic Evaluation. The evaluations in surgery were based on violation of a protected activity and therefore the DC OHR ruled for discriminatory retaliation. The MSEC was informed of Dean Schroth's violation and did nothing about it. Dr. Lee obstructed Plaintiff's right to appeal the surgery grade and he was not permitted to move through the process in accord with the regulations. The Deans committed an act of retaliation by giving Plaintiff a conditional grade in surgery as a direct result of the good-faith report made by him on September 22, 2006.
ii. A second example of black and white discrimination and concomitant violation of MD Candidate Regulations of the Defendants' institution is when the Dean emails the Clerkship Director of Medicine telling him that Plaintiff has leveled criticism at him and the level of the Department of Medicine, thus directly leading to a retaliatory and capricious evaluation, and violating
school confidentiality policies that exist to protect students (Exhibit $2^{9}$, pg. 15). Dean Schroth writes in an elcetronic message that Plaintiff was "fairly dismissive of his meetings with Robert [Clerkship Director of Medicine], implying that you were contradictory in your advice and poorly informed about his fund of knowledge and work habits." Dean Schroth revealed good faith reports made in confidence solely for the improvement of the University to the Department of Mcdicine, however, he did so in a way that distorted and misrepresented Plaintiff's report, and turned the Director against him. The Dircetor of the Medicine Clerkship gocs from sceing Plaintiff as "very conscientious, enthusiastic, and disciplined student" with valid concerns of "experiences not conducive to learning" to characterizing him as someone "defensive," "resistant," and "closed to constructive feedback" (See Exhibit 2, p. 17) after meddling by Dean Schroth. The medicine evaluation was appealed in line with the article above. The appeal process was blocked also against Article B Section 7. This all led to a retaliatory medicine evaluation. This shows clearly direct and proximate cause of damages as a result of the Defendant's violating regulations and guidelines.
iii. The Plaintiff's removal from the Honors Academic Program and the prohibition of his performing research also violated specific identified rules of the university. Specifically, GW had certain duties imposed on it by Article B: Evaluation of Academic Performance, Sections 5 and 6 (Regulations for MD Candidates) and Article II, Section B: Protection Against Improper

[^4]Academic Evaluation (Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities 20062007). They completely and obviously breached that duty. Dean Schroth first removed Plaintiff from Honors based on a pretext reason, and then he choreographed the forming of a subcommittee on professional comportment to further discriminate against Plaintiff and dismiss him from medical school. To illustrate, as his first action Dean Schroth writes on October 18, 2006 "so I assume this means he will receive at least a conditional (if not a fail) grade for the surgery clerkship? If so, I need to know ASAP because it will mean that we must pull him out of the Honors curriculum (!) (See Original Exhibit 1, page 97, email $1^{10}$ ) (Exhibit 11). In his second action, he writes, "will Reza's (the general surgery resident) evaluation be submitted as part of his formal surgery evaluation? I think it should be, and it may trigger a professional comportment committec review. I will go over it with the other deans (Sce also Original Exhibit 1, page 97). The dean's purpose was to "bring this case to his own committees to move for [Plaintiff's] dismissal" (Sec exhibit 1, p. 16, paragraph 2). (Exhibit 11)
a. These regulations and guidelines clearly spell out that "All departments should submit F and CN grades to the Office of the Dean as soon as possible after the student has completed a course or clerkship...a definition of work required to convert an F or CN shall be developed by the department, reviewed by the Medical Student Evaluation Committee, or MSEC, and approved by the dean... a grade of CN may be converted by

[^5]a program of more limited work, as developed by the responsible department and approved by the MSEC... The dean will inform the MSEC of the names of...students receiving grades F or CN and submit their records to the Committce for evaluation and recommendations."
i. GW's breach of duty was that Plaintiff was removed prematurely from his academic program before the appropriate review in accordance with regulations. He was accepted into Honors by three committees of three professors. Plaintiff should have been taken out by a committee process. While surgery ended in September, the grade was not submitted until November. No definition of how to convert the grade was given by the Surgery department. There was no recommendation (s) for remediation and no review by the MSEC. The Plaintiff was told by Dean Schroth he must be removed from Honors because he had to remediate the surgery clerkship in its entircty and that was not compatible with Honors. However, he did not follow the required process to arrive at that decision and it later became apparent that the Dean had actually interfered in the grading process. The dean failed to inform the MSEC of the CN grade in Surgery. Basically, the basis for removing Plaintiff from the Honors Academic Program was improper and against the Regulations for MD Candidates.
iv. The cight month hold placed on September 26, 2007 on the academic undergraduate and medical transcripts of the Plaintiff violated GW's own Functions Policy, the Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities, and the Regulations for MD Candidates) :
v. GW violated its Regulations for MD Candidates and Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities during the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment and Mcdical Student Evaluation Committee. GW had certain duties imposed on it and GW completely and obviously breached that duty. Specifically, Article E, Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Scction 1 of the Regulations for MD Candidates.
a. This regulation preciscly states "When a problem with professional comportment...rcgarding a student is perceived, the observer will communicate this concern to the dean. If the communication is verbal, it must be confirmed immediately by a signed written statement or else it will not be pursued further."
i. GW's breach of duty was that the resident of general surgery did not provide a written report falsely questioning Plaintiff's integrity until November 3, 2006. This is the day the surgery evaluation was given to Plaintiff by the Dean. The report was almost two
months after the surgery clerkship ended. Thercfore, it was not immediate. Second, it was not signed as the regulations require. Third, it was submitted as an effort to justify the CN grade ordered by the Dean. Fourth, the Dean in his email writes that the report should be included in a formal evaluation to trigger a comportment proceeding (Exhibit 11).
vi. GW violated its Disruption of University Functions Policy. GW had certain duties imposed on it and GW completely and obviously breached that duty. a. This policy clearly states "No member of the University shall: a) Engage in conduct that obstructs teaching, research or learning; or b) engage in conduct that obstructs free access to members of the University or to University buildings; or c) disobey general regulations of the University..."
i. GW's breach of duty was that Dean Schroth writes in his private memo that he told Plaintiff point blank to stop doing research. On October 23, 2006 Deans Dr. Scott Schroth and Jim Scott ordered Plaintiff to leave Honors or clse he would be forced to take a leave of absence and to stop doing research. The Dean also obstructed teaching and learning by emailing Plaintiff every time he had an exam. The first email was on October 18, 2006 by Dean Schroth about removing Plaintiff from honors. The Obstetrics Shelf exam was on October 20, 2006. This same pattern was repeated for Psychiatry and Pediatrics exactly the same week of Plaintiff's
exam. Plaintiff informed the Subcommittee Chairman during the hearing and no action was taken for redress.
vii. GW violated its Regulations for MD Candidates and Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities during the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment and Medical Student Evaluation Committee. GW had certain dutics imposed on it and GW completely and obviously breached that duty. Specifically, Article E: Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 6 of the Regulations for MD Candidates.
a. This regulation precisely states "A Subcommittee on Professional Comportment and its Chair will be named by the Chair of the MSEC. The Subcommittee will consist of two students....and two faculty...at least one of whom shall be a member of the MSEC."
i. GW's breach of duty was that Dean Goldberg writes in her email on February 20, 2007 that she appointed the Subcommittee (Exhibit 13). That is against the regulations clcarly. Plaintiff objected and informed her that she is not abiding by the regulations. She disregarded his objections entirely. Also in line with regulations she never identified who of the two faculty was a member of MSEC.
viii. GW violated its Regulations for MD Candidates and Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities during the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment and Medical Student Evaluation Committee. GW had certain duties imposed on it and GW completely and obviously breached that duty. Specifically,

Article E, Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 7 of the Regulations for MD Candidates.
a. This regulation statcs exactly "The student will be allowed ten calendar days from the mailing of ...notice to object to any person's appointment to the Subcommittee."
i. GW's breach of duty was that Plaintiff clearly made an objection to the dean as shown in the cmails (Exhibit 13). Plaintiff's objection was completely and totally ignored by Dean Goldberg. On March 8, 2007, Dean Goldberg, or GW, formed and confirmed its own committee members unfairly and unjustly against the regulations by stating "since you did not object in your email, I will assume that all are approved..." After proposing subcommittee members, the Dean changed them again without Plaintiff's confirmation as outlined as being required per the Regulations. Further, this was not addressed by the Subcommittee as Dean Goldberg said it would be in her emails (Exhibit 13). On March 30, 2007, Plaintiff responded to Dean Goldberg once more stating his reasons of objection clearly and concisely by resummarizing the March $2^{\text {nd }}$ email. She failed to respond within the ten (10) day time frame that she set herself for filing a response. She emailed Plaintiff again about seventeen (17) days later on April 17, 2007 stating she would be setting a date for the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment information
gathering session. Her lack of response until that date was an acceptance of Plaintiff's objections given the lack of filing within the necessary time limit set by the Dean.

This all happened during the same week of the Virginia Tech tragedy (April 16, 2007) that caused our nation grief and sadness. GW left the matter alone, and then after this tragic event, picked it back up again. On April 18, 2007, Plaintiff responded reciting his objections that were previously ignored. The objection was that a committee was not formed at the time Plaintiff was stepped down from the Honors Academic Program and that he was denied a fair and just response and the dean unilaterally proceeded to form and confirm its own chosen committee members without his input placing its own people in the committee. As a result, GW did not receive Plaintiff's objections and this led to the formation of a subcommittee without his input and notice of his objections. The Plaintiff clearly wrote in his April 18, 2007 email "the policy and rules of our University are a right to its students. In effect, this is our constitution that we respect. The right that our constitution at GW has given me I have not been allowed to use. The Dean's office unilateral decision making without following University procedures is unjust" (Exhibit 13).
ix. GW violated its Rcgulations for MD Candidates and Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities during the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment
and Medical Student Evaluation Committec. GW had certain duties imposed on it and GW completely and obviously breached that duty. Specifically, Article E, Evaluation of Professional Comportment, Section 10 of the Regulations for MD Candidates.
a. This regulation states exactly "...the student and/or his or her attorney or advisor may submit questions to be answered by persons interviewed by the Subcommittec...the student may speak on his/her behalf and may submit other material...the student may suggest that the Subcommittee intervicw such persons..."
i. GW's breach of duty was that during the subcommittee hearing his counsel (Mr. Zaidi, Esquire) and he asked a question of Dean Schroth. The question was presented to the Subcommittee chairman and never asked of Dean Schroth. Plaintiff was denied his right to ask questions (Exhibit 18). Also, 21 questions were presented to and for the subcommittee (Exhibit 14). However, none of the questions were answered. Plaintiff requested floor time to speak to the Subcommittee, but after the questioning was over the Subcommittee and Dean Goldberg did not allow him time to speak. Finally, Plaintiff was not allowed to speak freely and to present a list of people to interview. The subcommittee was concerned with covering its own agenda and gathering the information it required. As a result, it did not hear fully Plaintiff's side of the story and did not give him an opportunity to speak
openly and freely. The questions that he submitted by the 5:00 P.M. deadline on May 4, 2007 were not answered. This is a clear and distinct breach of duty that led to damages to the Plaintiff as a result.
102. These facts are poised to be heard at trial after a thorough deposition and discovery process. The Plaintiff is prepared to list with ample reasoning and supporting documentation in itemized format all remaining regulation violations by GW if the Honorable Court deems as necessary, however, Plaintiff has not done so here because of judicial cconomy and efficiency.
103. The Defendant was informed countless times of the gross and bold violations of its own regulations, and completely ignored those objections. GW's claims regarding "fair notice" are bogus in that at each step throughout this matter they have been repeatedly informed of the violations and wrongdoing that they have committed through these documents already provided to the Court and to GW multiple times:

- Exhibit 1 (Green), Appeal to the Vice President for Academic Affairs Dr. Donald R. Lehman.
- Exhibit 2 (White background with Bluc), Written statement to the Medical Student Evaluation Committee (MSEC), delivered to the office of the dean
(GW, defendant), fourtcen (14) pages body of the bricf, two-hundred cightyeight (288) pages in total including evidentiary documents, plus twenty-one (21) pages MSEC hearing transcript, submitted on July 6, 2007 to GW.
- Exhibit 3 (Blue Cover), to former President Trachtenberg, one-hundred sixteen (116) pages in total with evidentiary documents, submitted on March 5, 2007 to

GW. The first fifteen (15) pages are the body of the brief, which included table of citations, synopsis, statement of the case, statement of the facts, statement of the questions presented, argument and conclusion with exhibits.

- Exhibit 4 (Yellow cover), Brief of Case Findings, to Senior Associate Dean of Students of the University, Ms. Linda Donnels, sixteen (16) pages body of the brief, sixty-one (61) pages in total with evidentiary documents, submitted on April 23, 2007 to GW.
- Exhibit 5 (Tan cover), Academic Portfolio (old version), submitted to Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs (EVPAA) in Appeal on August 7, 2007 and to the current President, Dr. Steve Knapp on August 9, 2007. ${ }^{\text {" }}$
- DC Office of Human Rights (OHR) Complaint Form (brief) (light blue cover), on August 24, 2007 Plaintiff initiated and filed a complaint of discrimination with the D.C. Office of Human Rights (O.H.R.) against the Defendant.
- U.S. Department of Education (DOE) Complaint brief (white cover); on September 4, 2007 Plaintiff electronically filed a discrimination complaint with the U.S. Department of Education (DOE). The complaint form/brief is seventyeight (78) pages long, cites four (4) discriminatory actions and five (5) retaliatory actions, and has a list of witnesses.
- Complainant's Response to the Respondent's position statement, on January 3, 2008 Plaintiff filed Complainant's response to the Defendant's position statement with the DC Office of Human Rights. It is in a timeline format, sixty (60) pages long, and has thirty (30) attachments.

[^6]- Complainant's Response to Position Statement based on Amendment, on May 7, 2008 Plaintiff submitted to the D.C. O.H.R Complainant's Response to Position Statement based on Amendment. The response is thirty-one (31) pages long with thirty-onc (31) attachments.
- Academic Portfolio (updated version-dark grey cover)
- Master Case Binder, Sections 1-32
- Application for Reconsideration of Decision for Disparate Treatment and Hostile Environment Brief (Green Edge and White), filed with the DC OHR on July 20, 2009, a copy was sent to the Defendant by the DC OHR. Appendix contains DC OHR June 22, 2009 Decision
- Application for Reconsideration of Decision for Disparate Treatment and Hostile Environment Record Extract (Sun Yellow), filed with the DC OHR on July 20, 2009, a copy was sent to the Defendant by DC OHR. Contains all LCME materials in Supporting Document No. 13, including LCME Accreditation Standards at the very end referred to in the Initial Complaint.
- Hajjar-Nejad placed the LCME Accreditation Standards in his Initial Complaint bccause the violations of those standards were concomitant with violations of the Medical School's regulations and policies, and the Mcdical School was the only school in the United States to be placed on probation by the LCME for "reasons seriously compromising the quality of its medical education program."

104. The actions of Defendant George Washington University, through its senior officers, employees and agents, have caused the established contract between Plaintiff and Defendant to be breached, as Defendant unilaterally and without just reason
rescinded the contract to provide educational services to Plaintiff through its precipitous and unlawful dismissal of Plaintiff.

## Statute of Limitations

The contract between the parties was entered into effect on November 7, 2003, for a duration of four (4) years during the Plaintiff's medical education tenure at the Defendant's medical school. As the contract specifically states Plaintiff's admission was to begin with the commencement of the "Doctor of Medicine program for the academic year beginning with mandatory orientation on August 18,2004 ." As the MD program is a four year program, the contract was binding and into effect until approximately May 18, 2008 , the end of the four ycar doctor of medicine degree program and hence graduation. This was the duration of applicability of the terms of the contract. The Plaintiff was dismissed on July 26, 2007, during the contract period. As a result, the Defendant's claims as they pertain to timing are null and void.

As stated this contract, and the regulations which it is based on, is binding on both parties in the District of Columbia

## Numerous

additional violations exist that have been referred to within this, the Third Amended Complaint.
105. The breach of contract by Defendant caused the following damages and injuries to Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad:
a. The denial by Defendant of the rightful and timely graduation of Plaintiff from GW Medical School, scheduled for May 2008, has resulted in significant financial loss to Plaintiff resulting in the denial of income as a practicing medical resident and as a fully licensed medical doctor from the period May 2008 to the present, in the amount of not less than One Million Dollars ( $\$ 1,000,000.00$ ), plus interest.
b. The unlawful and premature dismissal of Plaintiff from the GW Medical School by Defendant resulted in the loss of all investment costs of such education, including education costs, living expenses and deferred or missed income from alternative cmployment during the period June 2004 through August 2007, in an amount not less than Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars $(\$ 800,000.00)$.
c. The denial by the Defendant of complying with its contract to graduate and present Plaintiff with a medical degree upon successful completion of medical school denied the Plaintiff of a material asset worth no less than Twenty Million Dollars (\$20,000,000).
106. As a result of Defendant's conduct in breaching its contract with Plaintiff, Plaintiff Hajjar-Nejad demands the relief set forth bclow:
a. Payment of an amount not less than $\$ 29,800,000$ for monetary compensation for loss of income and loss of future income, plus appropriate interest on past lost income;
b. Removal of all references to Plaintiff's dismissal from medical school from all records and documents maintained by the Defendant;
c. The provision of favorable recommendations and Dean's Letter by Defendant to locations at which Plaintiff can perform intern and residency requirements following medical school graduation;
d. Complete access to Plaintiff's undergraduate and medical school transcripts at all times;
e. The Dcfendant will not convey any disparaging information (ie, including any harmful acts, communications, reports, records, transcripts, statements, documents, recommendations or disclosures) regarding or against Plaintiff to any residency program, licensing authority, including state medical board, credentials verification service, hospital, etc.
f. Payment of all reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with this litigation and all administrative proceedings which occurred prior to the initiation of this litigation; and,
g. Such other relief as this Honorable Court may direct.

For the foregoing reasons, demand is made by Plaintiff for such damages and injurics suffered by Plaintiff as attributed to Defendant's discriminatory and retaliatory actions, civil rights violations, and breach of contract, and should include any furthcr relief as this Honorable Court may grant.

Respectfully submitted,

## MOHAMMAD JAVAD HAJJAR-NEJAD

Pro Se
9920 Shelburne Terrace, Apt. 308
Gaithersburg, M.D. 20878

Enclosures:
Exhibit 1: Right to Sue Notice
Exhibit 2: DC Commission on Human Rights Order Scheduling a Status Conference
Exhibit 3: Plaintiff's -8- page Reply Memorandum to the Chicf Administrative Law Judge of the DC HRC

Exhibit 4: Proposed Decision and Final Order of DC HRC
Exhibit 5: Notice of Final Decision and Order of DC HRC
Exhibit 6: Dean Schroth's email to give Plaintiff a Conditional or Failing Grade in the
Surgery Clerkship against MD Candidate Regulations
Exhibit 7: GWU School of Medicine and Health Sciences Student Mistreatment Policy and Procedures

Exhibit 8: GWU Non-Retaliation Policy
Exhibit 9: GW School of Medicine and Health Sciences Regulations for MD Candidates
Exhibit 10: GWU Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities
Exhibit 11: Email Communication by Dean to Trigger Professional Comportment
Review
Exhibit 12: GWU Disruption of University Functions Policy

Exhibit 13: Correspondence and E-Mail Communications re Professional Comportment Subcommittee Review

Exhibit 14: Twenty One (21) Questions Presented to Subcommittee on Professional Comportment and Never Answered Against MD Candidate Regulations)

Exhibit 15: Letter from University Registrar re Transcript-Letter of No Transcript
Exhibit 16: Letter from University Registrar re Transcript-Letter of Record Status)
Exhibit 17: Affidavit of Mr. Jad Sarsour, Plaintiff's Emergency Counsel for MSEC)
Exhibit 18: Mr. Syed H. Zaidi Affidavit, Plaintiff's Counsel for Subcommittee
Exhibit 19: Offer of Acceptance

## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that one copy of the foregoing "Plaintiff's Leave to file Third Amended Complaint" and the "Third Amended Complaint" has been sent by USPS, First Class, to the following named counsel for Defendant, this 7th day of September, 2011:

Henry Morris, Jr., Esq.
ARENT FOX KINTNER PLOTKIN \& KAHN, PLLC
1050 Connecticut Avenue, NW
Washington, D. C. 20036
E-Mail: "moorish@arentfox.com"

MOHAMMAD JAVAD HAJJAR-NEJAD
By: Pohumnal (a) Apar Mojoil
Pro Se
9920 Shelburne Terrace, Apt. 308
Gaithersburg, M.D. 20878

# MOHAMMAD JAVAD HAJJAR-NEJAD v THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:10-cv-0626 (CKKRECTVED <br> SEP-7 2011 

PLAINTIFF'S<br>THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

Clerk, US District \& Bankruptcy Courts for the District of Columbia

## EXHIBIT 1

(Right to Sue Notice)

To: Mohammad J. Hajjar-Nejad
950 25th Street, N.W., Apt. 605n
Washington, DC 20037

From: Washington Field Office
131 M Street, N.E.
Suite 4NW02F
Washington, DC 20507

## $\square$ On behalf of person(s) aggrieved whose identity is CONFIDENTIAL (29 CFR $\$ 1601.7(\mathrm{a})$ )

| EEOC Charge No | EEOC Representative | Telephone No |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | David Gonzalez, |  |
| $10 \mathrm{C}-\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 0 0 2 3}$ | State \& Local Coordinator | (202) $419-0714$ |

(See also the additional information enclosed with this form.)
Notice to the Person Aggrieved:
Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), or the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA): This is your Notice of Right to Sue, issued under Title VII, the ADA or GINA based on the above-numbered charge. It has been issued at your request. Your lawsuit under Title VII, the ADA or GINA must be filed in a federal or state court WITHIN 90 DAYS of your receipt of this notice; or your right to sue based on this charge will be lost. (The time limit for filing suit based on a claim under state law may be different )

X More than 180 days have passed since the filling of this charge.
Less than 180 days have passed since the filing of this charge, but I have determined that it is unlikely that the EEOC will be able to complete its adminıstrative processing within 180 days from the filing of this charge.

X The EEOC is terminating its processing of this charge.
The EEOC will continue to process this charge.
Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA): You may sue under the ADEA at any time from 60 days after the charge was filed untll 90 days after you receive notice that we have completed action on the charge. In this regard, the paragraph marked below applies to your case:
$\square$ The EEOC is closing your case. Therefore, your lawsuit under the ADEA must be filed in federal or state court WITHIN
90 DAYS of your receipt of this Notice. Otherwise, your right to sue based on the above-numbered charge will be lost
The EEOC is continuing its handling of your ADEA case. However, if 60 days have passed since the filing of the charge, you may file suit in federal or state court under the ADEA at this time.

Equal Pay Act (EPA): You already have the right to sue under the EPA (filing an EEOC charge is not required) EPA suits must be brought in federal or state court within 2 years ( 3 years for willful violations) of the alleged EPA underpayment. This means that backpay due for any violations that occurred more than 2 years ( 3 years) before you file suit may not be collectible.

If you file suit, based on this charge, please send a copy of your court complaint to this office.
Enclosures(s) $\frac{\text { September 29, } 2010}{\text { Mindy E. Weinstein, }}$ (Date Malled)
cc

# MOHAMMAD JAVAD HAJJAR-NEJAD v THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:10-cv-0626 (CKK) 

## PLAINTIFF'S

THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

## EXHIBIT 2

(DC Commission on Human Rights Order Scheduling a Status Conference)

## DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

In the Matter of:
Mohammed J. Hajijar-Nejad,
Complainant,
v.

Case No. 08-020-EI (DCS)
George Washington University,
Respondent.

## ORDER SCHEDULING STATUS CONFERENCE

On April 7, 2010, the Office of Human Rights for the District of Columbia made a finding of probable cause of discriminatory retaliation in the above-named matter and certified it to this Commission for a public hearing. On August 20, 2010, counsel for the Complainant entered an appearance and requested resumption of the procedural schedule in this matter. To this date, no further pleadings have been filed and no further action has been taken in this matter. In order to move this matter toward resolution.

## IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

1) The parties participate in a status conference via telephone on Thursday, June 16. 2011, at 11:00 am.
2) Counsel for Complainant is requested to be responsible for initiating this telephonic status conference call to this judicial officer and Counsel for Respondent.
3) In the event that a party cannot participate in this telephonic status conference call, the parties are directed to consult with one another to determine an alternative date and time. no later than June 24, 2011, during which they will both

# MOHAMMAD JAVAD HAJJAR-NEJAD v THE GEORGE WASHINGTON 

 UNIVERSITY, CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:10-cv-0626 (СКK)
## PLAINTIFF'S <br> THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

## EXHIBIT 3

(Plaintiff's -8- page Reply Memorandum to the Chief Administrative Law Judge of the DC HRC)

## DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

IN THE MATTER OF:
Mohammad J. Hajjar-Nejad,
Complainant,


Comes forth, the Complainant/Plaintiff Mohammad J. Hajjar-Nejad, and states the following based on fact and meritorious grounds:

## I. GENERAL STATEMENT

In this motion, Plaintiff aims to set the record straight as it pertains to him and make his position which has remained the same from the outset crystal clear.

## II. INTRODUCTION

First Plaintiff responds directly to the Honorable Chief Judge Simmon's Order Scheduling Status Conference in the section entitled Synopsis of Case Status. Basically, the case is in federal court before a federal judge on three counts of discrimination, retaliation, and breach of contract. Second, Plaintiff spells out in chronological format the events as they have transpired since the DC OHR rendered its final decision in the section Detailed Review of Case Status and provides a brief non-inclusive rationale for filing and staying his case with our strong federal court system. Third, Plaintiff touches on the details surrounding the attainment of the Right to Sue Notice.

## III. SYNOPSIS OF CASE STATUS

1. That this case presently resides in federal court, in the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia, with Civil Case No. 10-cv-626.
2. The DC OHR rendered its initial decision on June 22, 2009 and its final opinion on January 12, 2010 after an almost two (2) year investigation. The investigation process has been completed and an opinion/determination generated.
3. Currently, the case has pleadings awaiting decision before the Honorable Judge KollarKotelly.
4. A Right to Sue Notice was obtained from the EEOC, EEOC informed the DC OHR, and the case has been closed out thus extinguishing the EEO complaint process.
5. Mr. Michael Beasley filed a Motion to Withdraw from this case and is not the counsel of record before the DC OHR or federal court. He is not my authorized representative and cannot make any decisions on my behalf. However, out of courtesy he informed me that he had been in communication with the DC HRC and was informed of a Status Conference. I never initiated or requested that any proceedings be scheduled by the DC HRC as my case has been in federal court all along.
6. Clearly, there is no case before the DC HRC for there to be scheduled a status conference. While I am thankful for the DC OHR's investigative efforts, this case now resides in federal court before a federal Judge outside of the jurisdiction of the DC HRC.
7. The DC HRC has taken no action whatsoever on this matter for almost two years. It is questionable at best what the impetus is for trying to re-open a closed matter that was completed almost two years ago and who in this case would be trying to accomplish such a feat.

## IV. DETAILED REVIEW OF CASE STATUS

1. On June 22, 2009 the DC Office of Human Rights ("OHR") issued a Letter of Determination (LOD) in this matter (Case No. 08-020-EI) for five (5) counts of probable cause retaliation.
2. On January 12,2010 the DC OHR issued a final opinion which affirmed its "probable cause" finding as to plaintiff's claim of retaliation and affirmed its "no probable cause" findings regarding plaintiff's claims of disparate treatment and hostile education environment (See Memorandum, the Honorable Judge Blake, U.S. District Court for District of Maryland).
3. On April 9, 2010, Plaintiff, Mohammad J. Hajjar-Nejad filed a pro se complaint (Civil Action No. 10-cv-626) with the United States District Court for the District of Maryland (See Memorandum, the Honorable Judge Blake, U.S. District Court for District of Maryland).
4. Judge Blakes' Memorandum goes on to say that:
a. "Plaintiff, who primarily focuses on Title VI and VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, or 42 U.S.C. $\S \S 2000$ d and 2000 e , et seq. in support of his claims, states that he is a former medical student of the George Washington University ("GWU")."
b. "Plaintiff provides thousands of pages of documents comprising his complaint and complaint exhibits regarding his academic background and credentials and the grievance and complaint process he followed within GWU, the Liaison Committee on Medical Education ("LCME"), the Medical Student Evaluation Committee ("MSEC"), U.S. Department of Education, and the District of Columbia Office of Human Rights ("DCOHR") to raise his claims of retaliation and discrimination."
5. On April 9, 2010 Plaintiff notified via e-mail the Director of the DC OHR and the Manager of the Mediation Unit that a Complaint had been filed with the U.S. District Court.
6. On April 22, 2010 the above-entitled action was transferred from the U.S. District Court of Maryland to the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia and assigned to the Honorable Judge Kollar-Kotelly.
7. On September 29, 2010 the Plaintiff, received a Notice of Right to Sue from the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) based on Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. From the outset of filing a charge of discrimination I chose to cross file the case with the EEOC.
8. The Plaintiff reserves the right to keep his civil rights complaints before the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia for the reasons stated forth in his Memorandum in Support of Plaintiff's Notice of Right to Sue before the U.S. District Court filed on November 9, 2010.
9. The civil rights complaints and the breach of contract in this case are inextricably intertwined (See Memorandum).
10. The Plaintiff sincerely and wholeheartedly attempted to gain a Notice of Right to Sue from the DC OHR initially upon filing, but for reasons stated in the Memorandum, and outlined below, such as the DC OHR failing to cross file the case, Plaintiff was unable to do so.

11 In addition to Title VII, Plaintiff respectfully suggests that he has jurisdiction also under $\S 1981$ and Title VI which he filed with the US Department of Education under to have his case heard in U.S. District Court.
12. On November 12, 2010, Mr. Michael W. Beasley, Esquire filed a Motion to Withdraw before the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia.
13. Mr. Beasley's scope of representation was to provide legal services in federal court only and that was the basis of the agreement between Plaintiff and legal counsel.

14 It has been approximately two (2) years since the filing of the LOD by DCOHR and more than a year since the Plaintiff has filed his federal court case, therefore, it is unclear why
the DC HRC has chosen to schedule a status hearing regarding this matter now at this time.
15. Plaintiff greatly appreciates the time, hard work and investigation of the DCOHR to review his case for almost two years, however, the case is in federal court now before a federal judge.

## V. DETAILED CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING ATTAINING THE NOTICE OF <br> RIGHT TO SUE

1. Initially, during the filing of the Charge of Discrimination on August 24,2007 with the DC Office of Human Rights (EEO), the DC Office of Human Rights (OHR) failed to cross file the case with the EEOC as is required under the formal work sharing agreement and memorandum of understanding. The Plaintiff clearly initialed next to the statement on page 2 of the charge, emphasizing his position that "I want this charge filed with both the EEOC and the State or local Agency..." (Page 2, left box at bottom above signature line).
2. Subsequently, after the filing of an Amendment to the initial Charge, filed on April 17, 2008, the DC OHR again failed to cross file the matter with the EEOC as is distinctly reflected on the Charge Form. First, on the charge form, page 1, the box at the top right hand corner that conveys that the case was cross filed with the EEOC was not checked in either of the Charge documents. Second, at the end of the Charge, on the second page, is where it should state briefly that the case has been cross-filed with the EEOC.

## However, it explicitly does not do so on either document.

3. In fact, the April 17, 2008 charge, second page, last paragraph reads, "Therefore, I charge Respondent with an unlawful discriminatory act on the bases of my perceived national origin... and religion... in violation of the DC Human Rights Act of 1977, as amended [blank]..." and then states "I have not commenced any action, civil, criminal, or administrative, based on the above allegations, other than the following: [blank]". Upon
examining the original document it clearly and plainly shows that the following had been "whited-out" by the DC OHR. For the first blank it read "... and in violation of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended." (Page 2, last paragraph). For the second blank it read "CROSS-FILED WITH THE EEOC" (Page 2, last paragraph). This document should be in the possession of the DC OHR, however, Plaintiff would gladly provide it to the Honorable Chief Judge based on his direction.
4. On neither the initial charge of August 24, 2007 or the amendment of April 17, 2008 was the case number cross filed with the EEOC to permit Plaintiff to attain a Right-to-Sue Letter.
5. The Plaintiff requested on numerous occasions from the DC OHR to cross file the case with the EEOC so that he may attain a Right to Sue Letter. However, the DC OHR repeatedly denied him that right as evident by the records.
6. The Plaintiff requested countless times from the DC OHR Investigation Unit, Supervisory Staff and the head of the mediation unit Ms. Georgia Stewart to cross file the case with the EEOC. However, they did not do so.
7. The Plaintiff, while the case was under investigation by the DC OHR took the liberty of contacting the EEOC main office, and requested a notice of Right to Sue, however, because the DC OHR had failed to cross file, they were unable to provide a Right to Sue notice as they could not find the case number.
8. Finally, on September 29, 2010 I received the Notice that I had requested.

## VI. STANDARD OF REVIEW

9. The DC OHR , or EEO ${ }^{1}$, has a responsibility to cross file its cases with the EEOC under their work sharing agreement. "[U]nder a formal work-sharing agreement, filing a formal

[^7]charge with the EEOC satisfies any requirement to file a formal charge with the District's OHR, and vice-versa." Cruz-Packer, 539 F. Supp. 2d at 189.

## VII. CONCLUSION

Wherefore, Plaintiff has attempted to fully explain the current status of his case to the DC Human Rights Commission and the Honorable Chief Judge.

Respectfully submitted,


## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing correspondence has been sent via electronic mail, this $14^{\text {th }}$ day of June, 2011:

Since I was not directly sent your Scheduling Order, and there is no proceeding in this matter, I have only sent this document to you, the Chief Judge, to be fully informed of all of the facts.

David C. Simmons
Chief Administrative Law Judge
D.C. Commission on Human Rights

Respectfully submitted,


PLAINTIFF'S<br>THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

## EXHIBIT 4

(Proposed Decision and Final Order of DC HRC)

## DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

```
In the Matter of:
    Mohammed J. Hajjar-Nejad, :
    Complainant,
    v. : Case No.08-020-EI (DCS)
George Washington University,
    Respondent.
```


## PROPOSED DECISION AND FINAL ORDER

On June 8, 2010, the Commission entered an Order, served upon all counsel of record, setting a telephonic status conference for June 16,2011 at 11:00 a.m. As stated in that Order, Counsel for Complainant was tasked with the responsibility for coordinating this conference call and alerting the Commission if there were pre-existing scheduling conflicts that would prevent this conference call from occurring. On June 15,2011 , the Commission received, via e-mail. a Reply Memorandum ("Reply") directly from the Complainant, Mr. Mohammad J. Hajjar-Nejad. In this Reply, Mr. Hajjar-Nejad made the following representations:

- Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's controversy with the George Washington U'niversity is currently pending in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, Civil Case No. 10.CV-626.
- Mr. Hajjar-Nejad obtained a "Notice of Right to Sue" issued by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("EEOC"),
- Attorney Michael Beasley, who had filed a Notice of Appearance on behalf of Mr. Hajjar-Nejad and tiled a Request for Resumption of Procedural Schedule with the Commission, has filed a Motion to

Withdraw from the case pending in the District of Columbia federal court and is no longer Mr. Hajjar-Nejad‘s counsel in this controversy with George Washington University.

- Mr. Hajjar-Nejad "never initiated or requested any proceedings to be scheduled by the [Commission] as [his] case has been in federal court all along."

Based upon Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's Reply, the status conference scheduled for June 16, 2011 was cancelled, and this Proposed Order of Dismissal was drafted and forwarded to the Commission Hearing Tribunal for action pursuant to 4 DCMR § 426.1.

## Discussion

1. Mr. Hajar-Nejad's Reply clearly and unambiguously evidences his desire not to have this matter proceed before the Commission. See Reply at page 2, 15. Thus, his pleading is construed as a Motion to Withdraw his complaint pursuant to 4 DCMR $\S 416.1$. See also District of Columbia v. Beretta. U S.A., Corp. 872 A.2d 633, 655 (D.C. 2005) (recognizing that "all pleadings shall be so construed as to do substantial justice").
2. Pursuant to 4 DCMR $\S 416.1$, Mr. Hajjar-Nejad`s withdrawal request is timely, because no Final Decision and Order has been rendered by the Commission Hearing Tribunal. Id.
3. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's Reply states that he has received a "Notice of Right to Sue." See Reply at page 2, 4. However, he has not filed a copy of this Notice to the Commission.
4. Section 416.3 of the D.C. Municipal Regulations states: "If the complainant has been concurrently filed with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("EEOC"), and withdrawal is sought in order to proceed in civil court, the complainant shall furnish the Commission with a copy of the 'Notice of Right to Sue' issued by the EEOC."
5. Section 416.4 states: "Upon receipt of the documentation required by this section for a request to withdraw a complaint, the Commission may dismiss the matter in accordance with § $426 . "$
6. Section 426.1 states: "The Hearing Tribunal may order the dismissal of any certified complaint at any time after receipt by the Commission, upon motion of a party [or] upon the recommendation of the hearing examiner . . . . The order shall be considered a Final Decision and Order within the meaning of $\S 430$, shall be preceded by a Proposed Decision and Order if the hearing of the complaint was delegated to one or more hearing examiners . . and may be appealed in accordance with $\$ 431 . "$

Accordingly, the undersigned judicial officer gives notice to the parties of this proposed decision and final order. Upon receipt by this Commission of the "Notice of Right to Sue" issued by the EEOC, a Final Order of Dismissal will be submitted to the Commission Hearing Tribunal for approval.

ACCORDINGLY, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Mr Hajjar-Nejad shall file a copy of the "Notice of Right to Sue" issued by the EEOC within 15 days of receipt of this Proposed Decision and Order.

SO ORDERED this 'í th day of June 2011.

David C. Simmons
Chief Administrative Law Judge
D.C. Commission on Human Rights

SERVICE COPIES sent via both first-class mail and electronic mail to:

Mohammad J. Hajjar-Nejad<br>9920 Shelburne Terrace, Apt. \# 308<br>Gaithersburg, MD 20878<br><br>Complainant<br>Michael W. Beasley, Esq.<br>200 Park Avenue, Suite 106<br>Falls Church, VA 22046<br>(703) 533-5875<br><br>Counsel for Complainant (Former)<br>Henry Morris, Jr., Esq.<br>Arent Fox LL.P<br>1050 Connecticut Avenue, NW<br>Washington, D.C. 20036<br><br>Counsel for Respondent

## EXHIBIT 5

## GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS



## COMMISSIONERS

Anil Kakanı, Charperson
Nimesh M. Patel, Vice-Chairperson
Christopher Dyer, Secretary
Lamont Akins
Thomas Fulton
Nkechi Taifa
Michael E. Ward

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES
David C Simmons, Chief
El Bruch
Dianne S. Harrıs

June 24, 2011

| To: | Mohammad J. Hajjar-Nejad, Complainant <br> Michael W. Beasley, Esq., Counsel for Complainant (former) <br> Henry Morris, Jr., Esq., Counsel for Respondent |
| :--- | :--- |
| From: | Anil Kakani, Chairperson, D.C. Commission on Human Rights |
| Subject: | Notice of Final Decision and Order <br> Mohammad J. Hajjar-Nejad v. George Washington University, <br> Docket Number 08-020-EI (DCS) |

Attached is the Final Decision and Order entered in this matter. In accordance with 4 DCMR § 431, any party adversely affected by this Final Decision and Order may apply for reconsideration of this ruling within fifteen (15) calendar days of its receipt. A party applying for reconsideration shall submit his or her application to the Commission in the name of the Chairperson and provide service copies to the opposing party.

Failure to apply for reconsideration shall not be deemed a failure to exhaust the administrative remedies under the Human Rights Act of 1977. Any party adversely affected by this determination may file a petition for review in the District of Columbia Court of Appeals in accordance with the rules and time frames established by that Court.

## DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

In the Matter of:
Mohammed J. Hajjar-Nejad, Complainant,
v.

Case No. 08-020-EI (DCS)
George Washington University, Respondent.

## DECISION AND FINAL ORDER

On June 8, 2011, the D.C. Commission on Human Rights ("Commission") entered an Order, served upon all counsel of record, setting a telephonic status conference for June 16, 2011 at 11:00 a.m. As stated in that Order, Counsel for Complainant was tasked with the responsibility for coordinating this conference call and alerting the Commission if there were pre-existing scheduling conflicts that would prevent this conference call from occurring. On June 15, 2011 , the Commission received, via e-mail, a Reply Memorandum ("Reply") directly from the Complainant, Mr. Mohammad J. Hajjar-Nejad. ("Mr. Hajjar-Nejad"). In this Reply, Mr. Hajjar-Nejad made the following representations:

- Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's controversy with the George Washington University is currently pending in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, Civil Case No. 10-CV-626.
- Mr. Hajjar-Nejad obtained a "Notice of Right to Sue" issued by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC).
- Attorney Michael Beasley, who had filed a Notice of Appearance on behalf of Mr. Hajjar-Nejad and filed a Request for Resumption of

Procedural Schedule with the Commission, has filed a Motion to Withdraw from the case pending in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia and is no longer Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's counsel in this controversy with George Washington University.

- Mr. Hajjar-Nejad "never initiated or requested any proceedings to be scheduled by the [Commission] as [his] case has been in federal court all along."

Based upon Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's Reply, the status conference scheduled for June 16, 2011 was cancelled. On June 16, 2011, Chief Administrative Law Judge David Simmons served a Proposed Decision and Final Order on the parties. This Proposed Order stated that, upon the filing of a copy of the "Notice of Right to Sue" with the Commission, a final order of dismissal would be presented to the Commission's Hearing Tribunal for approval. Upon review of the record in this case, this Hearing Tribunal dismisses Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's complaint with prejudice, for the reasons set forth below.

## Discussion

1. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's Reply clearly and unambiguously evidences his desire not to have this matter proceed before the Commission. See Reply at page $2, \mathbb{9}$. Thus, his pleading is construed as a Motion to Withdraw his complaint pursuant to 4 DCMR § 416.1. See also District of Columbia v. Beretta, U.S.A., Corp., 872 A. $2 \mathrm{~d} 633,655$ (D.C. 2005) (recognizing that "all pleadings shall be so construed as to do substantial justice").
2. Pursuant to 4 DCMR § 416.1 , Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's withdrawal request is timely because a Final Decision and Order has not been rendered by the Hearing Tribunal. Id.
3. As Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's Reply states, he received a "Notice of Right to Sue." See Reply at page 2,14 .
4. Section 416.3 of the D.C. Municipal Regulations states: "If the complaint has been concurrently filed with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("EEOC"), and withdrawal is sought in order to proceed in civil court, the complainant shall furnish the Commission with a copy of the 'Notice of Right to Sue' issued by the EEOC."
5. Section 416.4 states: "Upon receipt of the documentation required by this section for a request to withdraw a complaint, the Commission may dismiss the matter in accordance with § 426."
6. On June 20, 2011, Mr. Hajjar-Nejad filed a copy of the "Notice of Right to Sue" issued to him from the EEOC.
7. Section 426.1 states, in part, "[t]he Hearing Tribunal may order the dismissal of any certified complaint at any time after receipt by the Commission, upon motion of a party [or] upon the recommendation of the hearing examiner. . . . The order shall be considered a Final Decision and Order within the meaning of $\S 430$, shall be preceded by a Proposed Decision and Order if the hearing of the complaint was delegated to one or more hearing examiners . . . and may be appealed in accordance with § 431."
8. The Proposed Decision and Final Order served by Chief Judge Simmons on June 16, 2011 constituted a recommendation to this Tribunal that this matter be dismissed.
9. Neither party has filed any objections to the recommendation that this matter be dismissed.

ACCORDINGLY, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that this matter is DISMISSED

## WITH PREJUDICE.

SO ORDERED, this $\underline{24}^{\text {tid }}$ day of June 2011.
$/ \mathrm{s} / \frac{\text { Christopher Dyer }}{\text { Commissioner }} \quad$ /s/ Nkechi Taifa $\frac{\text { Commissioner }}{\text { Con }}$
/s/ Michael E. Ward
Commissioner

SERVICE COPIES sent via both first-class mail and electronic mail to:
Mohammad J. Hajjar-Nejad
9920 Shelburne Terrace, Apt. \# 308
Gaithersburg, MD 20878
mihajaraverizon.net
Complainant
Michael W. Beasley, Esq.
200 Park Avenue, Suite 106
Falls Church, VA 22046
(703) 533-5875
mwbeasley@verizon.net
Counsel for Complainant (Former)
Henry Morris, Jr., Esq.
Arent Fox LLP
1050 Connecticut Avenue, NW
Washington, D.C. 20036
morris.henry@arentfox.com
Counsel for Respondent

## EXHIBIT 6

(Dean Schroth's email to give Plaintiff a Conditional or Failing Grade in the Surgery Clerkship against MD

Candidate Regulations)

## From: $\quad W$ Scott Schroth

To: Lee, Juliet
Date: Fri, Sep 22, 2006744 AM
Subject:
hi juliet,
this is $100 \%$ consistent with the information that we received from his first rotation, the medicine clerkship, who also gave him a low pass (and lots of feedback that he resists). I have met with mu repeatedly. he lacks insight into his deficiencies in afraid i would urge you and the residents to strongly consider whether his performance is indeed 'passing' or not. technically, a low pass is still a pass, and he will move on through the curriculum. If you really think that he has senous clinical performance deficiencies, a below passing grade (eg. conditional or fail) will bring this to a clear 'head' and allow us to work with him on remediation efforts. he is very bright, and very 'book' smart, but he has trouble functioning in the clinical environment, difficulty working as part of a team, and lacks insight into these problems i see that he is scheduled to meet with me again next week. probably about this issue i suspect
scott
W. Scott Schroth, MD, MPH

Senior Associate Dean for Academic Affairs
Associate Professor, Dept of Medicine
$\ggg$ Juliet Lee 9/21/2006 2:13 PM $\ggg$
Dear Scott
I have to let you know about one of the students in the new cumculum, MJ. He has really struggled throughout his six weeks and my major concern is that he lacks insight into his own deficiencies and has progressed minimally throughout the rotation in his clinical judgement and understanding. I have been following his progress over the last several weeks with the residents and they are at their wit's end with him. They really feel that he may have some kind of personality disorder or something that is preventing him from developing into a functioning physician They give him almost daily feedback about his performance and the Chief resident has been giving him weekly formal feedback. Despite all their efforts, he has not made any strides.

I recognized this fairly early on in the rotation and brought him into my office about 2 weeks into the rotation. You know that I am straight forward and I basically told him that he was lagging far behind the expectations for a third year. I gave him specific examples of situations where I thought he was behind, ie. proper documentation and note writing in the chart. I also gave him examples that the residents let me know about Over the last few weeks, the minimal improvement has been in saying the right things to satisfy the residents, but no true understanding about a patient's clinical situation or the important issues that direct patient care.

I observed him in his SP exercise. On the surface, it appears that he is asking the right questions and knows what he is talking about, but then he starts going off on wild tangents that have no relevance to the patient's complaints Some of the things he says are just plan wrong. This happens on almost a dally basis on ward rounds

He also has been noted to wander off from the rotation for a few hours at a time, saying he has medical appointments to one person and then giving another story to another member of the team. As far as I now, he was only excused by me for one medical appointment. He also mentioned that he had to go do some lab work. If he has some work that he is performing for his project and using surgery clerkship fume to do it, I am not going to tolerate it He also told the residents that he has a medical condition which

- Exhbut1, p95



# MOHAMMAD JAVAD HAJJAR-NEJAD v THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:10-cv-0626 (CKK) 

PLAINTIFF'S<br>THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

## EXHIBIT 7

(GWU School of Medicine and Health Sciences Student Mistreatment Policy and Procedures)


About The School
Admissions
Academic Programs
Departments
Faculty
Current Students
Prospective Students
Visiting Students
Alumni \& Friends
Contact Us
Website Map
SMHS Home
GWUMC
GWU

# Requlations 

## GWU School of Medicine and Health Sciences Student Mistreatment Policy and Procedures

Please note: The Mistreatment Officer is Dr. Jeffrey Akman.

## Policy's Principles

The George Washington University School of Medicine and Health Sciences (the "School") is committed to maintaining a positive environment for study and training, in which individuais are judged solely on relevant factors such as ability and performance, and can pursue their educational and professional activities in an atmosphere that is humane, respectful and safe. The School's mission statement provides that the Medical School "will achieve our mission through our commitment to the following principles: altruism, collaboration, compassion, innovation, integrity, respect and service excellence". Medical student mistreatment is destructive of these fundamental principles and will not be tolerated in the Medical School community.

## Policy's Objectives

This policy and related procedures are intended to inform members of the Medical School community what constitutes medical student mistreatment and what members can do should they encounter or observe it. In addition, the policy and related procedures are intended to: (i) prohibit medical student mistreatment by any employee of the University, Hospital or Medical Faculty Associates ("MFA") including faculty members (pre-clinical and clinical), clerkship directors, attending physicians, fellows, residents, nurses and other staff, and classmates in the Medical School community; (ii) encourage identification of medical student mistreatment before it becomes severe or pervasive; (iii) identify accessible persons to whom medical student mistreatment may be reported; (iv) require persons (whether faculty, staff or student) in supervisory or evaluative roles to report medical student mistreatment complaints to appropriate officials; (v) prohibit retaliation against persons who bring medical student mistreatment complaints; (vi) assure confidentiality to the full extent consistent with the need to resolve the matter appropriately, (vii) assure that allegations will be promptly, thoroughly, and impartially addressed; and (viii) provide for appropriate corrective action.

The ultimate goal is to prevent medical student mistreatment through education and the continuing development of a sense of community. But if medical student mistreatment occurs, the School will respond firmly and fairly. As befits an academic community, the School's approach is to consider problems within an informal framework when appropriate, but to make formal procedures available for use when necessary.

## What constitutes medical student mistreatment

The School has defined mistreatment as behavior that shows disrespect for medical students and unreasonably interferes with their respective learning process. Such behavior may be verbal (swearing, humiliation), emotional (neglect, a hostile environment), and physical (threats, physical harm). When assessing behavior that might represent mistreatment, students are expected to consider the conditions, circumstances, and environment surrounding such
behavior. Medical student training is a rigorous process where the welfare of the patient is the primary focus that, in turn, may appropriately impact behavior in the training setting.

## Examples of mistreatment include but are not limited to:

- harmful, injurious, or offensive conduct
- verbal attacks
- insults or unjustifiably harsh language in speaking to or about a person
- public belittling or humiliation
- physical attacks (e.g., hitting, slapping or kicking a person)
- requiring performance of personal services (e.g, shopping, baby sitting)
- intentional neglect or lack of communication (e.g., neglect, in a rotation, of students with interests in a different field of medicine)
- disregard for student safety
- denigrating comments about a student's field of cholce
- assigning tasks for punishment rather than for objective evaluation of performance (inappropriate scutwork)
- exclusion of a student from any usual and reasonable expected educational opportunity for any reason other than as a reasonable response to that student's performance or merit
- other behaviors which are contrary to the spirit of learning and/or violate the trust between the teacher and learner.

Violation of this policy may lead to disciplinary action, up to and including expulsion or termination.

It is expected that when there is a need to weigh the right of an individual's freedom of expression agamst another's rights, the balance will be struck after a careful review of all relevant information and will be consistent with the School's commitment to free inquiry and free expression.

Other mistreatment behaviors such as sexual harassment, discrimination based on race, religion, ethnicity, sex, age, disability, and sexual onentation will ordinarily not be covered under this policy and instead will be covered by already existing GW University policies and procedures However, the VPHA has the authority to determıne (on a case by case basis) whether or not an alleged form of mistreatment would be more appropriately covered under this policy. When a medical student is alleged to have engaged in medical student mistreatment, the Assistant Dean for Curricular and Student Affairs will determine whether such cases shall be handled under this policy or the medical school policy on professional comportment.

## Prevention; dissemination of information

The School is committed to preventing and remedying mistreatment of medical students To that end, this policy and related procedures will be disseminated among the School's community. In addition, the School will perrodically sponsor programs to inform medical students, residents, fellows, faculty, administrators, nursing and other staff about medical student mistreatment and its resulting problems; advise members of the School community of their rights and responsibilities under this policy and related procedures; and train personnel in the administration of the policy and procedures.
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Methods of communicating to specific groups include but are not limited to the following:

## To medical students

- inclusion of a section on medical student mistreatment in the Regulations for M.D. Candidates,
- inclusion as an agenda topic for MSI, MSII, and MSIII orientation,
- inclusion of a reference to the topic in the guidelines/description of each pre-clinical course and clinical rotation,
- education of the medical student body through class meetings with student members of the medical student mistreatment committee.


## To faculty, residents, fellows

- Annu 11 transmittal, by the Dean, of a copy of the policy and procedures to department chairs, course directors, clerkship and program directors on site and at affiliated institutions, with instructions to distribute and explain the policy and procedures to faculty participating in the teaching and training of medical students,
- inclusion as an agenda topic for chief resident/resident/ fellow orientations.


## To nurses and other clinical staff

- Annual transmittal, by the Dean, of a copy of the policy and procedures to nurse executives on site and at affiliated institutions with instructions to distribute and explain the policy and procedures to all staff involved in the training of or otherwise interacting with medical students.


## Consensual relationships

Relationships that are welcomed by both parties do not entail mistreatment, and are beyond the scope of this policy. Whether a relationship is in fact welcomed will be gauged according to the circumstances; special risks are involved when one party -- whether a faculty member, staff member or student -- is in a position to evaluate or exercise authority over the other. Members of the School community are cautioned that consensual relationships can in some circumstances entall abuse of authority, conflict of interest, or other adverse consequences that may be addressed in accordance with pertinent University policy and practice.

## What to do

Three procedural avenues of redress are available to medical students who believe that mistreatment has occurred -- consultation, informal resolution, and

1 formal complaint. Often, concerns can be resolved through consultation or informally resolved. If the matter is not satisfactorily resolved through the consultation or informal resolution procedure, then the person who made the allegation of mistreatment (whether a medical student or otherwise) or the person against whom the allegation was made may initiate a formal complaint

## Consultation

A medical student who believes she/he has been mistreated may discuss the matter with the person who has engaged in the behavior or with his/her department chair, the clerkship director, the residency director, the Assistant Dean for Curricular and Student Affairs, the relevant staff supervisor, or the Grievance Officer assigned to cases of medical student mistreatment who shall be consulted when appropriate by any of the foregoing persons. The Grievance Officer will provide a copy of the medical student mistreatment policy and procedures, respond to questions about them, assist in developing strategies to deal with the matter and work in accordance with the procedure set forth in Appendix A.

## Informal resolution procedure

An informal resolution procedure, which is initiated in the same manner as a consultation, entails an investigation by the Grievance Officer of the charges in accordance with Appendix B.

## Formal complaint procedure

The formal complaint procedure is available when the informal resolution procedure fails to resolve satisfactorily the allegation of mistreatment. The person who made the allegation of mistreatment (the "Complainant"), the person against whom the allegation was made (the "Respondent") or a responsible School official may initiate a formal complaint.

A formal complaint is initiated by submitting to the Grievance Officer a signed, written request to proceed with a formal complaint. The request is due within 15 business days after the person receives from the responsible School official a statement of the disposition of the informal resolution procedure. The Grievance Officer will inform the requesting party of the process that will be followed and provide a copy of the applicable procedure.

> <top>

## Outcomes

If the informal resolution procedure or formal complaint procedure results in a determination that mistreatment occurred, the findings and recommendations shall be referred to the appropriate University, Hospital or MFA official for imposition of corrective action, including sanctions that the official is authorized to impose. A range of relevant considerations may be taken into account in determining the extent of sanctions, such as the severity of the offense, the effect of the offense on the victim and on the University community, and the offender's record of service and past offenses. Sanctions may include, but are not limited to, oral or written warning, termination of privileges to train/interact with/evaluate medical students, probation, suspension, expulsion, or termination of employment; provided that a respondent may not be dismissed except in accordance with the procedural safeguards for faculty, residents, staff, and students set forth in the relevant documents. The appropriate University, Hospital or MFA official may impose interim corrective action at any time, if doing so reasonably appears required to protect a medical student.

## Redress of disciplinary action

Nothing in this policy or these procedures shall be deemed to revoke any right that any member of the University community may have to seek redress of a disciplinary action, such as a faculty member's right to maintain a grievance under the Faculty Code.

## Confidentiality

The Grievance Officer and other investigators and decision-makers will strive to maintain confidentiality to the full extent appropriate, consistent with the need to resolve the matter effectively and fairly. The parties, persons interviewed in the investigation, persons notified of the investigation, and persons involved in the proceedings will be advised of the need for discretion and confidentiality. Inappropriate breaches of confidentiality may result in disciplinary action.

## Retaliation

Retaliation against a person who reports, complains of, or provides information in a mistreatment investigation or proceeding is prohibited. Alleged retaliation will be subject to investigation and may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination or expulsion.

## False claims

A person who knowingly makes false allegations of mistreatment, or who knowingly provides false information in a mistreatment investigation or proceeding, will be subject to disciplinary action (and, in the case of students, consistent with the Honor Code).

The School aims to administer this policy and these procedures in an equitable and timely manner. Persons making allegations of mistreatment are encouraged to come forward without undue delay.

## Interpretation of policy

The Office of the Vice President and General Counsel is avallable to provide advice on questions regarding interpretation of this policy and these procedures.
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## Appendix A: Consultation Procedure

1. The consultation consists of one more meetings between the Grievance Officer or his or her designee ("the Officer") and the person who requests the consultation.
2. The Officer will provide a copy of the medical student mistreatment policy and procedures to the person requesting consultation and respond to questions about them. The Officer may discuss the situation with the person, assist in developing strategies to deal with the matter, determine (and notify such person) that no further action is necessary, or initiate the informal resolution procedure under Appendix $B$.
3. The Officer will prepare a record of the consultation, which will be maintained only in his or her office. Such record (I) will be maintained by the Officer for a ten year period (and thereafter may be discarded), and (ii) will not be made a part of an individual's personnel, departmental or other employment related records. If the person accused of mistreatment is identified by name or can be identified by the nature of the incident then that person alleged of mistreatment will be notified (by the Officer) of the allegation and the complainant's name(s) will also be disclosed. Such individual shall have an opportunity to review the record of the allegation, and submit a written response which will be maintained by the Officer. The record will be treated confidentially to the full extent possible consistent with fairness and the University's need to take preventive and corrective action.
4. When the Officer has reason to believe that criminal conduct may have occurred or that action is necessary to protect the health or safety of any individual, the University, Hospital, or MFA may take appropriate actions consistent with its policies to refer the matter to appropriate authorities. Under these circumstances, it may not be possible to maintain complete confidentiality with regard to the matter.
<top>

## Appendix B: Informal Resolution Procedure

1. A person who requests consultation (the "Person") may pursue an informal resolution.
2. The Officer will ask the Person to provide a factual account of the alleged mistreatment and to sign a statement to such effect. The Officer may assist the Person in preparing a signed statement.
3. The Officer will inform the person accused of mistreatment ("the Respondent") of the allegation in sufficient detail to enable the Respondent to make an informed response.
4. The Officer will (i) investigate the alleged mistreatment as promptly as circumstances permit, (ii) afford the Respondent a reasonable opportunity to respond to the allegation, (iii) advise the parties and persons interviewed or notified about the alleged mistreatment of the need for discretion and confidentiality.
5. Upon initiating an investigation, the Officer may inform University, Hospital or MFA officials who would be charged with recommending corrective and disciplinary action ("Responsible Officials") of the fact that an informal resolution procedure is under way.
6. Upon concluding the investigation, the Officer will report his or her findings on the matter to the Responsible Official, and may include a recommendation as to what action, if any, should be taken. Corrective or disciplinary action shall be mposed by the Responsible Official, in his or her discretion, consistent with his or her authority.
7. If the Officer is unable to resolve the matter informally, the Responsible Official shall determine, based on the report obtained from the Officer, whether or not to impose corrective or disciplinary action. Any corrective or disciplinary action imposed by the Responsible Official shall be in his or her discretion, consistent with his or her authority.
8. A Responsible Official will notify the parties of the disposition of the informal resolution procedure to the extent consistent with University policies, appropriate considerations of privacy and confidentiality, fairness, and applicable law.
9. If dissatisfied with the disposition of the informal resolution procedure, the Person who alleged the mistreatment, the Respondent, or a Responsible Official may initiate the formal complaint procedure.
top

## Appendix C: Formal Complaint Procedure -- Special Panels

## A. Initiation of special panel procedure

1. The party requesting to proceed with a formal complaint must file a written request to such effect with the Officer. The request must be filed within 15 business days after receipt of information from a Responsible Official of the disposition of the informal resolution procedure (See Appendix B). The written request for a formal hearing (the "Complaint") must state why the disposition of the matter should be modified or overturned, and may include a statement of the relief requested.
2. The Officer will send a copy of the Complaint to the responding party and the Vice President for Health Affairs (or designee).
3. An aim of the special panel process is to complete, if feasible, the formal complaint procedure within 45 business days of the Officer's receipt of the formal complaint request.

## B. Establishment of special panels

1. A Complaint filed under Appendix $C$ will be heard by a five-member panel selected by lot by the Vice President for Health Affairs, as described in Section C below. Panelists will be selected from a pool of 15 , six of whom are faculty members appointed by the Vice President for Health Affairs, six of whom are students appointed by the Assistant Dean for Student Affairs and three of whom are staff members appointed by the Associate Vice President for Human Resources.
2. Each appointee to the pool ordınarily will serve a two-year term. The appointing official should stagger the appointments so that, if feasible, the terms of not more than five of his or her appointees expire in any year.
3. An appointee to the pool may be removed and replaced at any time, at the discretion of the appointing official. The appointing official should promptly fill vacancies in the pool according to the procedure in Section B. 1 above.

## C. Selection of panel

1. Within five business days of receiving the Complaint, pursuant to Section A.2, above, the Vice President for Health Affairs (or designee) will select by lot the five-member panel from the pool. Two of the panel members will be drawn from the same status group as the Respondent,
two panel members will be drawn from the same status group as the Complainant and one panel member will be drawn from among the pool members in the remaining status group. No member of a faculty member's department may serve on the special panel. Within the fiveday period, the Vice President for Health Affairs (or designee) will notify the Officer of the names of the special panel members.
2. The Officer will notify the parties of the panelist names Within three business days of receipt of the notice, either party may submir "o the Vice President for Health Affairs a written objection to designation of any panel member. The objection must clearly state the reasons for the objection. The Vice President for Health Affairs may, at his or her discretion, replace a challenged panelist with another member of the pool from the same status group.
3. A designated panelist who at any time has or may reasonably be perceived as having a conflict of interest or is otherwise unable to serve on a special panel shall recuse him or herself, and notify the Vice President for Health Affairs of the recusal. For sound reasons, which shall be disclosed to the parties and panel members, the Vice President for Health Affairs in his or her discretion, may replace a panel member. The successor panel member shall be selected by lot by the Vice President for Health Affairs from among pool members of the replaced panel member's status group.
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## D. Scheduling the hearing

1. Within five business days after their appointment, special panel members will select a chairperson. The special panel will set a hearing date and time. The hearing will be held within a reasonable time, normally within 20 business days after the special panel is appointed. Panel members may not communicate with either party outside the presence of the other party.
2. The special panel chairperson will notify the partues of the hearing date, time, and location at least seven business days before the hearing. Within two business days after receiving notice of the hearing, a party with a scheduling conflict may submit to the charrperson a request for postponement. The chairperson, after consulting the special panel members, has discretion to reschedule the hearing. All parties will be notified as soon as feasible if the hearing is rescheduled.
3 If a party does not appear for the hearing within 30 mmutes after the scheduled time, the special panel will decide whether to reschedule the hearing or proceed.

## E. Conduct of hearing

1. The special panel chairperson will preside at the hearing and decide procedural issues. Only persons participating in the proceeding may be present during the hearing except as otherwise provided in these procedures. The hearing will be conducted in the following sequence-
(a) Preliminary matters. The chairperson will introduce the parties, their counsel or advisors, and the special panel members; review the order of proceedings; explain procedures that govern use of the tape recorder; and present a brief summary of the Complaint.
(b) Opening statements. The party who requested the hearing may make an opening statement. The responding party may then make an opening statement. Each opening statement shall not exceed 15 minutes.
(c) Presentation of Complaint. The party who requested the hearing may present to the panel testimony, witnesses, documents or other evidence. Following the testimony of the party who requested the hearing, and of each witness, the responding party may ask questions.
(d) Response to Complaint. The party who responded to the Complaint may present testimony, witnesses, documents or other evidence to the panel. Following the testimony of the responding party, and of each
witness, the party who requested the hearing may ask questions.
(e) Closing statements. The party who requested the hearing may make a closing statement. The responding party may then make a closing statement. Each closing statement shall not exceed 15 minutes.
2. Special panel members may ask questions of parties or witnesses at any time during the hearing.
3. The hearing will not be conducted according to strict rules of evidence. However, the special panel chairperson may limit or exclude irrelevant or repetitive testimony, and may otherwise rule on what evidence may be offered.
4. When the hearing cannot be completed in one session, the special panel chairperson may continue the hearing to a later date and time.
5. The hearing will be recorded on audiocassette. Either party rnay obtain a copy of the recording at reasonable cost, on written request.
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## F. Witnesses

1. Each party (and the panel) may ask witnesses to testify at the hearing, but no person may be compelled to testify. However, each party shall have a right to know prior to the hearing the contents of and the names of the authors of any written statements that may be introduced against him or her, and to rebut unfavorable inferences that might be drawn from such statements.
2. At least three business days before the hearing, each party must provide the chairperson and the other party a list of witnesses he or she intends to present at the hearing.
3. The special panel may request that additional witnesses appear. The Officer will, if feasible, arrange for the appearance of these witnesses.
4. Each party is responsible for notifying its witnesses of the hearing date, tıme, and location. A hearing will not necessarly be postponed because a witness fails to appear.
5. All witnesses will be excluded from the hearing before and after their testimony. A witness may be recalled at the discretion of the special panel chairperson.
6. A University, Hospital or MFA employee must obtain permission from his or her supervisor to be absent from work to appear at a hearing. Employees will be paid while appearing at a hearing during working hours, but not for other time spent on the Complaint during or outside working hours.
7. A student must obtain permission from his or her protessor to be absent from class to appear at a hearing.
8. Supervisors and professors should be aware of the importance of hearings and not unreasonably withhold permission to appear at a hearing. If an employee or student needs assistance in obtaining permission to appear at a hearing, he or she should contact the Officer.

## G. Advisors

1. Each party may be accompanied by not more than two advisors, who may be University, Hospital or MFA employees or other persons the party selects.
2. Except as contemplated by Section 3 below, no advisor may speak on behalf of the party, make an opening or closing statement, present testimony or examine witnesses. The advisor's role is limited to assisting the party to prepare for the hearing and providing the party private advice during the hearing.
3. Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, in the event that a faculty member shall be involved in a hearing and such person has active representation, the other party involved in the hearing will also be allowed active representation. In that event each party shall be permitted to select an advisor, who throughout the proceeding may (but shall not be required to) speak on behalf of the party, make opening and closing statements, and examine witnesses.
4. A Complainant or Respondent who plans to be accompanied by an
attorney or other advisor at the hearing must notify the chairperson and the other party at least five business days before the hearing.
5. The special panel may request or the University may provide an advisor to be present at any hearing to advise the special panel.
6. The University may have an observer present at any hearing

## H. Decision after hearing

1. After the hearing, the special panel will meet in closed session to review the hearing and make a decision on the Complaint, consistent with the substantial weight of the evidence. The decision must be approved by a majority of the special panel members.
2. The special panel report of its decision must be in writing and set forth findings of fact, conclusions, and, where appropriate, recommendations for corrective or disciplinary action.
3. The special panel will submit the report of its decision to the Vice President for Health Affairs within ten business days after the hearing ends.
4. If the special panel concludes that medical student mistreatment occurred, the Vice President for Health Affairs will forward a copy of the special panel report to an official responsible for implementing corrective or disciplinary action. After reviewing the spectal panel report, a Responsible Official will decide whether to impose corrective or disciplinary action, consistent with that official's authority. A Responsible Official will notify the parties of the disposition, to the extent consistent with University policies, appropriate considerations of privacy and confidentiality, and applicable law. A Responsible Official may, in his or her discretion, send a copy of the special panel report to the parties (at their home addresses of record, by courier, overnight mail or certified mail, return receipt requested). The report sent to the parties may omit portions, to mantain consistency with University policles regarding confidentiality.

## I. Review of special panel decision

1 A party dissatisfied with a special panel decision may submit a request for review to the Vice President for Health Affairs, who will transmit the request to the senior official responsible for oversight of the status groups to which the parties belong.
2. The request for review must be in writing and set forth reasons why the special panel decision should be modified or overturned. The review must be based on the hearing record and may not present new evidence or testimony.
3. The request for review must be submitted within 15 business days of the party's receipt of the special panel decision. If the request is not received by then, the special panel decision will be the final University decision on the Complaint.
4. The sentor official(s) will strive to issue a final decision on the review within 20 business days following submission of the request for review. The decision of the senior official(s) shall be the final decision on the Complaint within the University.
5. When the special panel decision is final, or when the final decision on a review is issued, the VPHA will provide a copy of it to the Responsible Official for implementing corrective or disciplinary action. Any corrective or disciplinary action taken by the Responsible Official shall be within discretion, and consistent with the authority of the Responsible Official. A range of relevant considerations should be taken into account in determining the extent of sanctions, such as the severity of the offense, the effect of the offense on the victim and on the University community, the consequences of the sanction to the Respondent, and the offender's record of service and past offenses. Respondent will be promptly notified of the outcome.
6. A Responsible Official may, in his or her discretion, send a copy of the final decision to the parties (at their home addresses of record, by
courier，overnight mail or certified mail，return receipt requested）．The copy sent to the parties may omit portions，to maintain consistency with

Approved by the Medical Center Faculty Senate February 6， 2002

# MOHAMMAD JAVAD HAJJAR-NEJAD v THE GEORGE WASHINGTON 

 UNIVERSITY, CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:10-cv-0626 (CKK)PLAINTIFF'S<br>THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

## EXHIBIT 8

(GWU Non-Retaliation Policy)


THEGEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY WASHINGTONDC

Responsible University Official: Assistant Vice President for University Compliance and Privacy Responsible Office: Compliance and Privacy Office
Origination Date: Not Available

## NON-RETALIATION POLICY

## Policy Statement

Retaliation against members of the University community who make good faith reports regarding potential University-related violations of laws, regulations or University policies is prohibited, and violators may be subject to disciplinary action.

## Reason for Policy/Purpose

To comply with applicable federal and local laws prohibiting retaliation, and to promote the fair treatment of members of the University community who make good faith reports of potential University-related violations of laws, regulations or University policies.

## Who Needs to Know This Policy

Faculty, staff and students
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## Policy/Procedures

The University is committed to conducting its affairs honestly, ethically and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Members of the University community are encouraged to report good faith concerns about University-related violations of laws, regulations or University policies. Attempts to resolve any such concerns should normally be made by contacting the appropriate supervisor or other contact person within the individual's unit. If the member is, for any reason, uncomfortable with doing so, reports may be made directly to the University officials responsible for the subject area in question, to the Compliance and Privacy Office, or confidentially through the University's toll free, 24 hour Regulatory Compliance Help and Referral Line at 1-888-508-5275. Reports may also be made to relevant external entities or governmental agencies responsible for the enforcement of laws containing non-retaliation provisions.

Retaliation against a member of the University community for making a good faith report of potential University-related legal or policy violations is prohibited and will not be tolerated. The University will review complaints of retaliation and any attempted or actual retaliatory action covered under this Policy may subject the violator to disciplinary action.

Reports that are knowingly false, made with malicious intent, or with reckless disregard for or willful ignorance of facts that would disprove the allegation made are not good faith reports, are prohibited by this Policy, and may subject the violator to disciplinary action.

Members of the University community who believe that thes have been retaliated against in violation of this Policy may submit a written or oral complaint to the Compliance and Privacy Office, who may refer the complaint to the appropriate University office(s) for review and disposition. Interim actions may be taken by the University prior to final disposition.

## Website Addresses for This Policy

Gill University Policies

## Contacts

| Subject <br> Retaliation | Contact <br> Compliance and <br> Privacy Office | Telephone <br> (202) 994-3386 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Regulatory Compliance <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  Help \& Referral Line |  |$\quad 1-888-508-5275$

## Definitions

Good Faith Report

Retaliation

A report made with the honest and reasonable belief that a University-related violation of law or policy or other instance of non-compliance or related misconduct may have occurred.

Materially adverse action against the individual because of the individual's good faith report.

## Related Information

University materials that address retaliation include, but are not limited to:
University Compliance and Privacy Office
Regulatory Compliance Help and Referral Line
The George Washington University Statement of Ethical Principles GW University Policies

## Who Approved This Policy

Dennis H. Blumer, Vice President and General Counsel
Louis H. Katz, Executive Vice President and Treasurer

## History/Revision Dates

Origination Date: Not Available

Last Amended Date: August 18, 2006
Next Review Date: September 1, 2007

# MOHAMMAD JAVAD HAJJAR-NEJAD v THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:10-cv-0626 (CKK) 

PLAINTIFF'S<br>THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

## EXHIBIT 9

(GW School of Medicine and Health Sciences Regulations for MD Candidates)

SEARCI

About The School Admissions

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## Regulations

## The GW School of Medicine and Health Sciences Regulations for MD Candidates

## Preamble

Students enrolled in the MD program are required to conform to, and are entitled to the benefits of, the Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities (heremafter "the Guide"), as well as other rules, regulations, and policies with University-wide applicability. However, because of the unique curriculum and degree requirements of the School of Medicine and Health Sciences, the University Board of Trustees has established the following Regulations for MD Candidates (hereinafter "Regulations"). Certain procedures in these Regulations are designed to supplement policies established by the Guide. For instance, the process set forth in Section 7 of Article B of these Regulations is designed to provide protection against improper academic evaluation as guaranteed by Article II, Section B of the Guide (Protection Against Improper Academic Evaluation). Other procedures in these Regulations are meant to replace procedures set forth in the Guide in most instances. For example, all cases involving alleged misconduct by MD candidates will be processed under these Regulations, unless the School of Medicne and Health Sciences dean or his/her designee (hereinafter "dean") decides in a particular case to have the case processed under the Guide's Code of Student Conduct. In the case of any inconsistency or ambiguity between these Regulations and University-wide rules, regulations, and policres. including the Guide, these Regulations shall govern.

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## A. General

1. The minmum requirement for the MD degree will be the completion of all courses designated by the School's Faculty Senate to be required, and a passing grade in all courses taken, whether required or not, other than electives in the first and second years. (Minımum requirements for MD candidates in the Doctor of Medicme Spectal Programs are different, and such students are referred to Article 1 of these Regulations for a statement regarding modified minumum requirements)
2. Using the guidelines below, the Education Council will periodically determine and report to the School's Faculty Senate on the appropnate number of credits for all courses.

First- and Second-Year Courses
a. One credit hour for each hour of lecture time per week per semester, adjusted as appropriate.
b. One credit hour for each two or three hours of laboratory and/or small group teaching time per week per semester, adjusted if appropriate.

Third- and Fourth-Year Courses:
c. Five credit hours for each four-week experience; three credit hours for each two-week experience.

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## B. Evaluation of Academic Performance

1. The faculty is responsible for evaluation of the performance of students in a
meaningful, useful, and timely manner. The authority for assignment of grades rests with academic departments or with faculty of interdisciplinary courses. Exceptions are the notations of Incomplete and Withdrawal (see below), which require the concurrence of the dean.
2. Departments are responsible for the assignment of grades on a basis that is rational, just, and unbiased.
3. The grading system for all non-required electives will be:
Pass (P) Fail (F)

For all required courses in the first and second years, the grading system will be:

| Honors (H) | In Progress (IPG) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Pass (P) | Incomplete (I) |
| Conditional (CN) | Withdrawal (W) |
| Fail (F) | Exempt (EX) |

For all courses in the third and fourth years, the grading system will be:

| Honors (H) | In Progress (IPG) |
| :--- | :---: |
| High Pass (HP) | Incomplete (I) |
| Pass (P) | Withdrawal (W) |
| Conditional (CN) | Exempt (EX) |
| Fail (F) |  |

4. The following definitions apply-

Honors (H) -- Those students whose performance in a subject is determined by the responsible department to be of superior quality may be assigned the grade of Honors ( H ).

Pass (P) -- All students, with the exception of those defined above, whose performance in a subject meets the requirements established by the responsible department shall be assigned a grade of Pass $(P)$.

Conditional (CN) -- Those students who do not meet the minimum requirements established by the responsible department, but who could reasonably be expected to do so through a limited program of remedial work, may be assigned the grade of Conditional (CN).

Fail (F) -- Those students whose performance in a subject clearly falls so far below departmental passing standards that limited remedial work would be inadequate to correct the deficiencies shall be given a grade of Fall (F).

In Progress (IPG) -- The notation of IP will be assigned to students in courses that require more than one semester for completion. A grade will be assigned upon completion of the entire course in a subsequent semester.

Incomplete (I) -- The notation of I will be assigned by the faculty member or department when a student fails to complete all the required work in a course. Assignment of an Incomplete requires the concurrence of the dean on a case-by-case basis. A student in the first or second year may not proceed in the work of the following year until a grade of I has been converted; a student in the third or fourth year must remove a grade of I prior to graduation. If not converted to a Pass, a grade of I will be changed automatically to a grade of $F$ after one year.

Withdrawal (W) -- The notation of W will be assigned only when a student is unable to continue the course for reasons acceptable to the dean Such reasons may not include poor scholarship.
5. All departments should submit $F$ and $C N$ grades to the Office of the Dean as soon as possible after the student has completed a course or clerkship.

A definition of work required to convert an $F$ or $C N$ shall be developed by the department, reviewed by the Committee on Medical Student Evaluation (otherwise known as the Medical Student Evaluation Committee, or MSEC), and approved by the dean Any $F$ or $C N$ grades must be converted at a minimum to a Pass grade. A grade of $F$ requires that the student repeat the course or complete an equivalent remedial experience. A grade of CN may be converted by a program of more limited work, as developed by the responsible department and approved by the MSEC.

No student may proceed from the first to the second year or from the second to the third year of the MD program without having first upgraded all grades of $F$ and CN . Students with failing or conditional performances in third-year clerkships may remedy those deficiencies during the fourth year with the approval of the dean. Conditional or failing grades in fourth-year courses shall be remedied in the fourth year pror to receiving the MD degree.

Performances upgraded from the conditional to the passing level will be graded as CN/P. A student may elect to repeat the course, provided it is being offered, rather than undertake a limited remedial program to convert a Conditional grade. In that case, the initial grade remains CN and the repeated course is listed and graded separately.

Failure to convert a CN within the period as proscribed by the dean shall result in automatic conversion of a CN to CN/F
6. The dean will inform the MSEC of the names of all students receiving grades $F$ or CN and submit their records to the Committee for evaluation and recommendations.
7. Any student who considers a grade or evaluation to be unjust or inaccurate may, within 14 calendar days of receiving the grade, appeal in writing to the signer of the evaluation with a copy to the dean. The student is deemed to have received the grade three days after malling of the official grade form if the issue is not resolved to the student's satisfaction within 14 calendar days of receipt of the appeal, the student may appeal it in writing to the Chair of the responsible department, setting forth the reasons for reconsidering the grade or evaluation. The student shall send a copy of this written statement to the dean.

The Chair shall conduct a review, consulting as appropriate with other faculty, staff, and the student, and convey a determination to the student in writing, with a copy to the dean. If the issue is not resolved to the student's satisfaction within 14 days of receipt of the appeal to the Chair, and s/he wishes to appeal it further, s/he shall do so in writing to the dean. In considering the student's appeal, the dean is limited to determining whether or not the evaluational or grading procedures used were essentially the same as those used of other students in that course; and, independent of that conclusion, whether or not there is sufficient evidence of unjust or erroneous evaluation. In carrying out this task, the dean may, at his/her sole discretion, seek advice from an ad hoc committee formed to review the complaint. There should be both student and faculty representation on such a committee, but no member may be from the department in question.

Should the dean find that the grade or evaluation is unjust or inaccurate, s/he will, in consultation with the Chair of the department, determine an appropriate reevaluation procedure and/or grade for the student. The decision of the dean is final.

Failure of the student to comply with these procedures, including the stated time limits, indicates acceptance of the grade.
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## C. Academic Dismissal

1. A student is at risk for academic dismissal under the following circumstances:
a. The student receives grades of CN and/or F in two or more requred courses in the first semester of Year 1;
b. The student recerves grades of $F$ in 2 or more required courses (or senior electives) of greater than three credits in any academic year;
c. The student receives grades of CN and/or F in three or more required courses (or senior electives) in any academic year;
d. The student receives a grade of $F$ in one or more requred courses (or senior electives) totaling 12 or more credit hours in any academic year; or totaling 20 or more credit hours in the MD program;
e. The student receives grades of CN and/or F in required courses (or senior electives) totaling 20 credit hours or more of work in any academic year; or totaling more than 30 credit hours in the MD program;
f. The student receives a grade of CN or F in a required course or senior elective, when that student has prevously been at risk for academic dismissal; or
g. The student receives a Fall grade on the USMLE Step I exam on three attempts;
h. The student falls to meet any special requirement(s) previously specified for that student by the dean as a condition for continuation in the MD program.
2. All conditional ( $C N$ ) and falling grades $(F)$ in required courses and senior electives contribute to risk for academic dismissal, including those that have been upgraded. $A C N$ downgraded to $C N / F$ shall count as an $F$ in determining whether a student is at risk for academic fallure A fallure in a course that was taken to remedy a grade of $F$ in a requred course will count as an additional $F$.
3. A student at risk for academic dismissal will receive notification from the dean that s/he is at risk. Notufication will be made upon report of the grade that puts the student at risk for academic dismissal.
4. The MSEC, in an advisory capacity to the dean, shall conduct a review of the student's academic record and any written statement the student may wish to submit to the dean in a timely fashion. The review shall include an opportunity for the Committee to meet with the student; since the meeting is not adversarial, neither the University nor the student shall have legal representation present. Thereafter, the MSEC will meet in executive session and develop a recommendation to the dean. The written recommendation will be submitted to the dean, along with the written documentation reviewed by the MSEC.
5. The dean will decide on a student's dismissal from, or continuation in, the MD program. The dean, at his/her sole discretion, may meet with the student prior to making a determination. The decision of the dean shall be in writing and will include the reasons for the decision.
6. The dean is not bound by the MSEC recommendation. In the case of a student who is allowed to continue in the MD program, the dean may modify the academic program and/or impose special conditions that may be continuing in nature. The decision of the dean is final.
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## D. Irregular Progress

1. Repetition of a Year

Upon advice of the MSEC, the dean may require that a student in academic difficulty repeat a year, or s/he may permit a student at risk for dismissal to repeat a year. Requiring repetition of a year would be an option if there was a pattern of academic problems that would be difficult or impossible to remedy before the beginning of the next academic year. Permitting repetition of a year would be an option if the student was subject to dismissal on academic grounds but showed promise of mastering academic material on an additional attempt and of proceeding without further major difficulty toward becoming a competent physician. A student eligible for promotion may be allowed to repeat a year at his/her own request.
2. Leave of Absence

Leave of absence, including the conditions and timing of the return, may be granted at the discretion of the dean.
3. Withdrawal from the MD Program

In the event that a student who withdraws from the MD program subsequently changes histher mind and wishes to re-enter the program, s/he must reapply through the admissions process, as would any other applicant for medical school.

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## E. Evaluation of Professional Comportment

Occasionally, a student's behavior, or pattern of behavior, may raise concerns as to the student's suitability to contınue in the study of medicine. The process described below is intended to deal with behavior that may be unacceptable to the School of Medicine and Health Sciences or raise questions about the student's fitness for the practice of medicine.

1. When a problem with professional comportment (other than academic dishonesty) regarding a student is perceived, the observer will communicate this concern to the dean. If the communication is verbal, it must be confirmed immediately by a signed written statement or else it will not be pursued further.
2. Upon receiving such a communtcation, the dean will create a confidentral file in which all documents pertaining to the matter will be placed. The contents of the file will be preserved for a perrod of time not less than five years from the date of separation or graduation from the School of Medicine and Health Sciences. Access to this file will be restricted to the student under consideration; the dean and his/her staff; the MSEC; the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment of the MSEC, if one is constituted; and attorneys for the University and student.
3. The dean will notify the student in writing that s/he has received a communication from someone who perceives that the student has a problem with professional comportment. The notice will include a copy of these Regulations.
4. The dean will meet informally with the student as soon as possible. At that meeting, or as soon thereafter as possible, the dean may do one or more of the following:
a. Advise the student.
b. Recommend that the student seek professional assistance, at the student's expense.
c. Develop additional information through contacts with the student, his/her peers, faculty, professional consultants, and/or any other source deemed to have relevant information. With the student's concurrence, s/he may be referred for a medical, psychiatric, and/or psychological evaluation. The cost of such an evaluation will be pard by the University, and the student will be asked to authorize the professional consultant to make a written report to the dean for inclusion in the student's confidential file. This authorization of the release of information regarding a psychiatric or psychological evaluation shall be made only after the student has had a chance to review the written report.
d. Refer the case to a Subcommittee on Professional Comportment.
e. Suspend the student pending investigation and recommendation of the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment and/or the MSEC.
5. The involvement of, and actions taken by, the dean may be continuing in nature.

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Paragraphs 6 through 19 apply if the student is referred to a Subcommittee on Professional Comportment.
6. A Subcommittee on Professional Comportment and its Chair will be named by the Chair of the MSEC. The Subcommittee will consist of two students from the third and/or fourth year of the MD Program and two faculty, at least one of whom shall be a member of the MSEC.
7. The dean will notify the student in writing of the composition of the Subcommittee The student will be allowed ten calendar days from the maling of this notice to object to any person's appointment to the Subcommittee. Such objection must be sent to the dean in writing. The dean will, at his/her sole discretion, determine whether an objection warrants the appointment of one or more different persons to the Subcommittee, who shall be selected as set forth in paragraph 6.

8 The Subcommittee will investigate the allegation. The Subcommittee will review the student's confidential file and interview him or her. The Subcommittee also may gather and review other material and interview any other person who the Subcommittee, at its sole discretion, has reason to believe may have relevant information to contribute. The Subcommittee, when it deems appropriate, may ask the dean to refer the student for a medical, psychiatric, or psychological evaluation so that the Subcommittee may consider information such an evaluation would reveal

9 If the Subcommittee requests such an evaluation, the dean will make such a referral. No student may be compelled to be evaluated; the cost will be borne by the University, and the student will be asked to authorize the professional consultant to make a written report to be included in the student's confidential file. This authorization of the release of information derived from the evaluation shall be made only after the student has had a chance to review the written report.
10. The student under review and/or the student's attorney or advisor may attend the information-gathering sessions. These sessions are not in the nature of an adversarial proceeding; the student and/or his or her attorney or advisor may submit questions to be answered by persons interviewed by the Subcommittee, but the procedure regarding their questioning is left to the sole discretion of the Subcommittee. The student may speak on his/her behalf and may submit other material. The legal rules of evidence, including, but not limited to, those rules regarding relevancy and hearsay, are not applicable. The student may suggest that the Subcommittee interview such persons, but the decision to interview such persons is left to the sole discretion of the Subcommittee. The student and the student's attorney or advisor cannot be present when the Subcommittee meets in executive
11. Meetings of the Subcommittee are confidential. Minutes of the Subcommittee will be placed in the student's confidential file upon the completion of the Subcommittee's review
12. The Chair and all members shall be required to be present for all meetings of the Subcommittee.
13. The Subcommittee will make its final recommendation(s) to the dean. Such recommendation(s) will be in writing and shall include findings of fact and the reasons for the recommendation(s). The recommendation(s) could include, but is (are) not limited to, one or more of the following:
a. Advising the student.
b. Recommending that the student seek professional assistance, at the student's expense.
c. Recommending conditions with which the student must comply in order to continue in the MD program.
d. Recommending temporary suspension from the MD program.
e. Recommending dismissal from the MD program.

The Subcommittee shall make an additional recommendation regarding whether or not the confidential file will be made a part of the student's permanent academic file.
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14. If the Subcommittee recommends suspension or dismissal from the MD program, or any modifications of the academic program, the matter will be referred to the MSEC. The MSEC will review the confidential file and the report of the Subcommittee. The Chair of the Subcommittee will present the Subcommittee report to the MSEC and will respond to inquiries from the MSEC members The student and/or his or her attorney or advisor may be present during the presentation of the Subcommittee Chair and may submit a written statement to the MSEC. The student and/or his or her attorney or advisor will not be able to question the Subcommittee Chair or the MSEC members, or present additional witnesses, and cannot be present when the MSEC meets in executive session. The student may be intervewed by the MSEC if the student attends the meeting; however, this meeting shall not be a de novo hearing of the matter. The MSEC will either remand the matter back to the Subcommittee if additional information is required, or it shall submit its written recommendations, along with those of the Subcommittee, to the dean.
15. The dean will review the student's confidentral file, the report of the Subcommittee, and the report of the MSEC, if one has been produced. The dean, at his/her sole discretion, may meet with the student prior to making his/her determination.

16 The dean will take whatever action s/he deems appropriate, including dismissal of the student from the MD program. The dean will inform the student in writing of his/her decision.

17 The student shall have 15 calendar days in which to appeal the decision of the dean. Such appeal shall be in writing sent to the vice president for academic affairs The scope of this appeal is for the vice president for academic affairs or his/her designee to determine whether the procedures set forth in these Regulations have been complied with. Failure to appeal the decision shall be deemed a waiver of any and all rights to challenge the dean's decision and shall be deemed an acceptance of the same.
18. The vice president for academic affairs or his/her designee will make his/her decision on the written record of the proceedings. His/her decision shall be final.
19. At any time during the process, if the student in question is accompanied by an attorney, the University will have its attomey present. The student, therefore, is required to inform the Office of the Dean two days in advance of the hearing is

## F. The Honor Code

## 1. Purpose

The objective of the Honor Code is to foster a sense of trust, responsibility, and professionalism among students and between students and faculty. Its fundamental goals are to promote ethical behavior, to ensure the integrity of the academic enterprise, and to develop in students a sense of responsibility to maintain the honor of the medical profession. This code of behavior is designed to assist in the personal and intellectual development of the medical student on the journey to becoming a physician and member of the medical community. All members of the medical community must be accountable to themselves and others.

## 2 Student Responsibilities

a. Students will not:
(1) Give or receive aid during an examination
(2) Give or receive unpermitted aid in assignments.
(3) Plagiarize any source in the preparation of academic papers or clinical presentations.
(4) Falsify any clinical report or experimental results.
(5) Infringe upon the rights of any other students to fair and equal access to educational materials.
(6) Violate any other commonly understood principles of academic honesty.
b. No code can explicitly enumerate all conceivable instances of prohbited conduct. In situations where the boundaries of proper conduct are unclear, the student has the responsibility to seek clarification from the appropriate Honor Code Council member(s), faculty member(s), or dean(s).
c Each student has the responsiblity to participate in the enforcement of this Code. Failure to take appropriate action is in itself a violation of the Code.
d. The student must agree to participate in the enforcement of this Honor Code, and prior to matriculation, must sign a statement agreeing to uphold its principles while enrolled at the George Washington University School of Medicine and Health Sciences.

## 3. Faculty Responsibilities

Each faculty member has the responsibility to participate in the enforcement, promotion, and clarification of the Honor Code. The faculty plays an integral role in the maintenance of the Honor Code. To this end, faculty will endeavor to:
a. Define the types of ald or collaboration permissible in course work.
$b$. Avoid procedures or ambiguities that may create undue temptation to violate the Honor Code.
c. Reinforce the tenets of the Honor Code.
4. The Honor Code Council

The Honor Code Council (heremafter the "Council") shall consist of six faculty members and twelve students. Each year's class shall be represented by three students. These students shall be nominated by the Medical Center Student Council in consultation with the Council and approved by the dean. The faculty shall be selected by the Chair of the Educational Evaluation Committee and approved by the dean. The Chair of the Council, who shall be a member of the faculty, shall be appointed by the dean. To ensure continuity, faculty and Chair terms of appointment will be three years and staggered, with the possibility of two contiguous terms of

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appointment. Students will be encouraged to renominate their representative members.

Members of the Council shall serve as reference persons for students and faculty. Furthermore, the Council as a whole shall be charged with the continued monitoring of the Honor Code system. It shall review all cases of alleged Honor Code violations that have been submitted to a Subcommittee on Professional Comportment in order to educate the academic community following the resolution of eech case. It shall meet periodically during the academic year and report its findings to the MSEC, including suggested amendments to the Honor Code. Members of the Council shall serve on a Subcommittee on Professional Comportment convened as an Honor Code Committee either to review an alleged violation of the Honor Code or to recommend sanctions in established cases of Honor Code violation.

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## G. Academic Dishonesty and Violations of the Honor Code

1. When a student, member of the faculty, or Medical Center staff member observes something that appears to be a violation of the Honor Code, that person shall do one or more of the following:
a. confront the individual(s) to receive an explanation and to gain satisfaction that there was no intention of breaching the Code. It is hoped that most events will be dealt with in this manner. If satisfaction is not ganned the witness will take further action. (See $b$ and $c$ below);
b. consult with a member of the Council regarding the witnesses' observation in order to determine whether a written report should be made; and/or
c. submit a signed written report of the alleged infraction to the dean.
2. When the dean receives such a report, she will create a confidentral file in which all documents pertaining to the matter will be placed The contents of the file will be preserved for a period of time not less than five years from the date of separation or graduation from the school of Medicine and Health Sciences. Access to this file will be restricted to the student under consideration; the dean and his/her staff; the MSEC; the Council; the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment, if one is constituted; and attorneys for the University and student.
3. The dean will nctify the student in writing that s/he has recerved a written report alleging a violation of the Honor Code. The notice will include a copy of the report and these Regulations for MD Candidates.
4. The dean will meet with the student as soon as possible. At that meeting, or as soon thereafter as possible, the dean may do one or more of the following:
a. If the witness filing the report, the student concerned, and the dean agree on the accuracy of the charges, the fact of this agreement shall be noted in writing by all three parties, and the case will be referred to a Subcommittee on Professional Comportment sitting as an Honor Code Sanctions Committee The recommended sanctions will then be referred to the MSEC for its consideration and action and for modification of the student's academic program if necessary (see Section 11 of this Article G);
b. If upon reviewing the charge and any supporting evidence, the dean believes that there is insufficient evidence of academic dishonesty to warrant further review, s/he may dismiss the charge without further investigation or review;
c. If the student denies the accuracy of the charge and the charge is not withdrawn or dismissed, the case will be referred for review by a

Paragraphs 5 through 15 apply if the student is referred to a Subcommittee on Professional Comportment. Paragraph 12 does not apply if the Professional Comportment Subcommittee is sitting as an Honor Code Sanctions Committee
5. The Subcommittee on Professional Comportment and its Chair will be named by the dean in consultation with the Chair of the Honor Code Council. The Subcommittee will consist of at least two student members of the Honor Code Council and at least two faculty members of the Honor Code Council.
6. The dean will notify the student in writing of the composition of the Subcommittee. The student will be allowed five calendar days from the mailing of this notice to object to any person's appointment to the Subcommittee. Such objection must be sent to the dean in writing. The dean will, at his/her sole discretion, determine whether an objection warrants the appointment of one or more different persons to the Subcommittee, who shall be selected as set forth in paragraph 5 .
7. The Subcommittee will investigate the alleged Honor Code violation. The Subcommittee will review the student's confidential file and provide the student with the opportunity to be interviewed. The Subcommittee also may gather and review other material and interview any other person who the Subcommittee, in its sole discretion, believes may have relevant information to contribute.
8. The student under review and/or the student's attorney or advisor may attend the information-gathering sessions. These sessions are not in the nature of an adversarial proceeding; the student and/or his or her attorney or advisor may submit questions to be answered by persons interviewed by the Subcommittee, but the procedure regarding questioning is left to the sole discretion of the Subcommittee. The student may speak on his/her behalf and may submit other materials. The legal rules of evidence, including, but not limited to, those rules regarding relevancy and hearsay, are not applicable. The student may suggest that the Subcommittee interview additional persons, but the decision to interview such persons is left to the sole discretion of the Subcommittee. The student and the student's attorney or advisor cannot be present when the Subcommittee meets in executive session

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9. Meetings of the Subcommittee are confidential. Minutes of the Subcommittee will be placed in the student's confidential file upon the completion of the Subcommittee's review.
10. The Chair and all members shall be required to be present for all meetings of the Subcommittee.
11. The Subcommittee will make its final recommendation(s) to the dean. Such recommendation(s) will be in writing and shall include findings of fact and the reasons for the recommendation(s). The recommendation(s) could include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following:
a. Advising the student.
b. Recommending that the student seek professional assistance, at the student's expense.
c. Recommending conditions with which the student must comply in order to continue in the MD program.
d. Recommending that the work product be discarded, which might result in an Incomplete, with the requirement that the student satisfactorily complete compensatory work, or be re-evaluated on relevant material.
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e. Recommending that a grade of $F$ be awarded, with the remedy for the $F$ being the repetition of the entire course (i.e., not the summer remedial) with a notation of "Failed the course for academic dishonesty [or violation of the Honor Code]" appearing on the transcript, and with the notation to be expunged at the option of the MSEC at a later date or upon graduation.
f. Recommending that a grade of $F$ be awarded, with the remedy for the $F$ being the repetition of the entire course (i.e., not th= summer remedial) with a notation of "Failed the course for academic dishonesty [or violation of the Honor Code]" placed permanently on the transcript.
g. Recommending temporary suspension from the MD program, with the notation of "Suspended for academic dishonesty [or violation of the Honor Code]" placed permanently on the transcript.
h. Recommending permanent dismissal from the MD program, with the notation of "Dismissed for academic dishonesty [or violation of the Honor Code]" placed permanently on the transcript.

The Subcommittee shall make an additional recommendation regarding whether or not the confidential file will be made a part of the student's permanent academic record.
12. Should the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment decide that no infraction of the Honor Code has occurred, there will be no further review.
13. If the Subcommittee recommends suspension or dismissal from the MD program, or any modifications of the academic program, the matter will be referred to the MSEC. The MSEC will review the confidential file and the report of the Subcommittee. The Chair of the Subcommittee will present the Subcommittee report to the MSEC and will respond to inquiries from the MSEC members. The student and/or his or her attorney or advisor may be present during the presentation of the Subcommittee Chair and may submit a written statement to the MSEC. The student and/or his or her attorney or advisor will not be able to question the Subcommittee Chair or the MSEC members, or present additional witnesses, and cannot be present when the MSEC meets in executive session. The student may be interviewed by the MSEC if the student attends the meeting; however, this meeting shall not be a de novo hearing of the matter. The MSEC will either remand the matter back to the Subcommittee if additional information is required, or it shall submit its written recommendations, along with those of the Subcommittee, to the dean.
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14. The dean will review the student's confidential file, the report of the Subcommittee, and the report of the MSEC, if any. The dean at his/her sole discretion, may meet with the student prior to making his/her determination.
15. Should the dean concur with the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment's conclusion that a violation of the Honor Code has occurred, one or more sanctions must be invoked by the dean. This may range from discarding the work product to dismissal of the student from the MD program, with an appropriate notation placed on the transcript.
16. The dean will take whatever action s/he deems appropriate, including dismissal of the student from the MD program. The dean will inform the student in writing of his/her decision.
17. The student shall have 15 calendar days in which to appeal the decision of the dean. Such appeal shall be sent in writing to the vice president for academic affars. The scope of this appeal is for the vice president for academic affairs or his/her designee to determine whether the procedures set forth in these Regulations have been followed. Failure to appeal the decison shall be deemed a waiver of any and all rights to challenge the dean's decision and shall be deemed an acceptance of the
same

## H. Policy on Promotions and Graduation -- Academic Requirements

1. In general, promotion from one year to the next for regular MD candidates -- and recommendation to the School's Faculty Senate for award of the MD degree -- will be automatic upon completion of academic requirements. As indicated in Section 1 of Article $A$ of these Regulations, the minımum requirement for the MD degree will be the completion of all courses designated by the School's Faculty Senate to be required, and a passing grade in all courses taken, whether required or not, other than electives in the first and second years. When evaluation of professional comportment and/or academic dishonesty is pending or completed under procedures described in Articles E and G of these Regulations, promotion and graduation may be postponed, denied, or subject to additional requirements set for individual students by the dean. Additional requirements may be set for all students by the faculty and/or dean.

## 2. Specific Requirements

a. Year I to Year II: Successful completion of all required work of the first year, with performance at least at the passing level. The student may not begin the work of second year until all deficıencies of the first year have been satisfactorily remedied.
b. Year II to Year III: Successful completion of all required work of the second year, with performance at least at the passing level; and successful completion of the requirements set by the School's Faculty Senate as a prerequisite to entering the third year. At present these include receipt in the Office of the Dean of a passing score on Step I of the United States Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE) and certification of computer literacy by the Department of Computer Medicine. Additional requirements may be established and implemented by the MSEC and the School's Faculty Senate action alone. The student may not proceed with the work of third year until all deficiencies in work of the second year have been satısfactorily remedied.
c. Year III to Year IV: Successful completion of all required clerkships of the third year with performance at least at the passing level. A student may be permitted to matriculate in the fourth year despite unremedied deficiencies in the third year performance; however, those deficiencies must be remedied prior to graduation during time that would otherwise be available to the student as elective time or vacation.
d. Beginning with the class of 2003, all students are required to report a passing grade on the USMLE Step 11 prior to graduation.

## 3. Eligibility for Graduation

a. Students will be recommended to the School's Faculty Senate to be awarded the MD degree upon completion of the minimum academic requirements described in Section 1 of Article $A$ of these Regulations and fulfillment of any additional conditions relating to professional comportment and/or academic dishonesty imposed by the dean pursuant to Articles $E$ and $G$ of these Regulations.
b. A candidate is required to be present at the commencement ceremony unless a written request for graduation in absentia is approved by tive dean.

## 4. USMLE Policy

As of 1994, the United States Medıcal Licensıng Examınation (USMLE), comprısing three "step" examinations, has become the sole examination pathway to licensure for physicians. The National Board of Medical Examiners (NBME) Part Examinatıons and the Federation Licensing Examinatıons (FLEX) have been phased out. This major change in medical licensure procedures, plus the recognition that the majonty of medical schools required passing the USMLE Step I exam as a separate requirement for promotion to clinical clerkships or for graduation, has led to a reconsideration of the role of the USMLE at The George Washington University School of Medicine and Health Sclences. Passing the USMLE Step I exam is essential to obtaining a license to practice medicine in the US; and, while our graduates may not choose to practice, we believe passing these exams should ultimately be among criteria for graduation.

As of 1998, USMLE exams are to be administered by computer, and are scheduled directly by students on a first-come, first-served basis. In the following policy, the dates will be strictly enforced. It is the student's responsibility to establish and complete the exam prior to the dates noted. Excuses based on inability to schedule the exam will not be accepted.

USMLE Step
All students are required to take USMLE Step I by June 30 of Year II. All students will be allowed to begin the Year III program, but a Pass grade is required as a prerequisite to being allowed to continue beyond the first clerkship of Year III. (Students who receive a CN and/or F grades in one or more required courses of three or more credits in Year II may petition the Dean to extend the deadline to September 30 of that year.)
Students who receive a Fall grade on Step I (in the exam[s] taken prior to June 30 of Year II) are to complete the first clerkship of Year III (in July and August) and then have the following two options:

Option A: To take a leave of absence from school for the month of September and retake the exam by September 30 The student will resume Year III in October and while awaiting the score to be recorded. It this is the student's second attempt at Step 1 and s/he does not achieve a Pass grade, then the student is placed on leave of absence until recording a passing score. A passing score must be recorded by June 30th the following year

Option B: To take a leave of absence from school untal a passing grade is recorded. The score must be recorded by June 30th the following year.

Students who fall Step I three times or who do not meet these testing deadlines are at risk for academic dismissal. Section C of the Regulations for MD Candidates will apply in this situation.

## USMLE Step II

Students matriculating in the fall 1999 semester and thereafter are required to record a passing grade on Step II prior to graduation. Students are encouraged to submit applications for USMLE Step II by July 1 of the year prior to graduation. Students are encouraged to submit applications for USMLE Step II by July 1 of the year prior to graduation and to schedule the exam no later than December 31 of their fourth year (The exam is not offered during the first two weeks of January.) This scheduling will allow adequate time for processing of the application and for results to be reported well in advance of graduation. In the event of a failing grade, it will allow time to repeat the exam. Students who fail Step II three times will be at risk for academic
dismissal; Section C of the Regulations for M.D. Candidates will apply in these situations. No student will be allowed to receive the Doctor of Medicine degree without a passing grade of Step II. If a student chooses to take Step II after January 1 of the fourth year and fails the exam, NBME restrictions on processing time, rescheduling of the exam, and reporting of scores will not allow sufficient time to permit the student to graduate on time. It is unlikely that a student with a delayed graduation will be allowed to start the scheduled residency.

## I. Doctor of Medicine Special Policy

Within the School of Medicine and Health Sciences, a division exists to accommodate certain MD candidates in special situations. These include students who are not carrying a full academic load, but who are repeating courses during the academic year. Also included are students in a decelerated program that allows them to complete the work of the first two semesters across the span of two academic years. Other special programs may be developed for inclusion in this division. The Regulatıons for MD Candidates apply to all students in the Doctor of Medicine Special Programs, with the following exception for students in the decelerated program.

For all required courses of the first two years in the decelerated program -- normally taken during the first two semesters of the regular four-year program -- students are required to achieve better than a minimally passing performance as evidence of the likelihood of success when later carrying a full academic load. To be allowed to continue from one semester to the next, the student must achieve a grade in each course of three or more credit hours that is passing by departmental standards and that, in addition, is not more than one standard deviation below the mean for the whole class (being all those students in both the regular and decelerated program taking that course). Any student who fails to meet this standard may be dismissed summarily by action of the dean without review by the MSEC.

Upon successful completion of the entire (traditional) first-year curriculum, students will be transferred into the regular MD program and will be graded as all other medical students. At that point, the exception regarding dismissal without review by the MSEC no longer applies.

Adopted September 1, 1982, by the Medical Center Faculty Senate
As amended by the Medical Center Faculty Senate November 3, 1982; May 6, 1992; June 16, 1995;
by the Faculty Senate Executive Committee June 17, 1997; October 21, 1997; June 30 ,
1998,
by the Faculty Senate February 3, 1999; November 16, 1999; September 6, 2002; February 7, 2007.

The George Washington University is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer Oisabled individuals who need spectal information should call the Office of Disability Support Services (202) 994-8250 (TrD/voice)

## PLAINTIFF'S <br> THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

## EXHIBIT 10

(GWU Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities)

## GUIDE TO STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES 2006-2007

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## Statement of Student Rights and Responsibilities

## Preamble

Academic institutions exist for the transmission of knowledge, the pursuit of truth, the development of students, and the general wellbeing of society Free inquiry and free expression are indispensable to the attanment of these goals. As members of the academic communnty, students should be encouraged to develop the capacity for cntical judgment and to engage in a sustamed and independent search for truth.

Freedom to teach and freedom to learn are inseparable faces of academic freedom The freedon to leam depends upon appropnate opportumities and conditions in the classroom, on campus, and in the larger communty Students should exercise their freedom with responsibility.

The responsibility to secure and to respect general conditions conducive to the freedom to learn is shared by all members of the academic communty The Universty has a duty to develop policies and procedures that provide and safeguard this freedom

The George Washington Unversity believes that the procedures, nghts, and safeguards outhned below are indispensable to achieving the goals desired -- freedom to teach, to learn, and to search for truth

## I. Basic Assumptions

## A. Freedom of Expression

Sudent organizations and indrvidual students shall be free to examme and to discuss all questions of interest to them and to express opmions publicly and privately They shall be free to support causes by orderly means that do not disrupt the regular and essential operation of the institution At the same time, it shall be made clear to the academic and the largercommunty that in therr public expressions or demoustrations the students or student organizations speak only for themselves

The students have the nghts and responsibilities of a free academic communty They shall respect not only then fellow students' rights but also the rights of other members of the academic community to free expression of views based on thew own pursuit of the truth and therr night to function as citzens independent of the Unversity

B Freedon from Dratummation
The University will not permit discrimination on grounds of sex, race, color, religion, national orgin, disability, sexual orientation or identity, or any other illegal basts m any Unwersity-recognized area of student life Additionally, all areas of student life are subject to the provisions of the Distnct of Columbia Human Rights Law However. those campus organizations that are essentally and avowedly social fraternal groups may lumt membership on the basis of sex; those campus organizations that are essentually and avowedly sectanan may limit membership on the basis of religion.

C Student Rights in the Governung of the University The Unversity is a community of scholars engaged in the search for knowledge Students. faculty, and admumsirators partucipate in this search In hight of this, the student body shall have clearly defined means, including membership on appropriate committees and admunistrative bodies, to participate in the formulation and application of the institutional policy affecting student affars The concem of students, however, legitimately extends beyond what has normally been considered student affars Therr interest in academic
pohcies, for example, is a development to be encouraged beanng in mind the teaching -- leaming context of the University community.

## D Professtonal Rights of the Faculty

In order to safeguard the professional nghts of the faculty, no provision for the nghts of students can be considered valid if it suspends professional rights or in any measure invades them

## II. Students in the Classroom

The professor in the classroom and in conference should encourage free discussion, inquiry, and expression Student performance should be evaluated solely on an academic basis, not on opmons or conduct in matters unrelated to academic standards

## 4. Protection of Freedom of Expression

Students should be free to take reasoned exception to the data or views offered in any course of study and to reserve judgment about matters of opinion, but they are responsible for learning the content of any course of study for which they are enrolled

## B. Protection Against Improper Academic Evaluation

 Students should have protection through orderly procedures against prejudiced or capricious academic evaluation At the same time, they are responsible for mamtainng standards of academic performance established for each course in which they are enrolled. Except in instances that involve a student gnevance based on allegation of illegal discrimation for which other remedy is provided under"Student Gnevance Procedures," a student who alleges an instance of arbitrary or capricious academic evaluation shall be heard and the allegation reviewed through faculty peer revew procedures established by the dean and faculty of the school in which the contested academic evaluation took place. Should the peer review processes find in favor of and uphold the complant of the student, yet the faculty member were to persist in refusing to alter the academic evaluation at rsue, the Dean's Council and the dean shall afford the student an appropnate remedy after consultation with the peer review body

## C. Protection Against Disclosure

Information about student wews, beliefs, and political associations, which professors, acqure in the course of their work as instructors, advisers, and counselors, should be considered confidential Protection agamst disclosure is a senous professional obhgation Judgments of abilty and character may be provided under appropriate circumstances, normally with the knowiedge or consent of the student

## III. Student Participation in Academic PolicyMaking

In light of the basic assumption of student anvolvement in academac affars, each department or academic unit admmsterng a degree program should encourage formation of an organzation of its majors to reflect student views on matters of academic policy, and each deparment or other academic unt admumstenng a degree program shall establish an advisory council representing faculty, students, and others as deemed advisable so as to provide a meaning ful exchange of views on departmental policies among the parties so represented. pronded, however, that the application to specific individuals of department policies on salary, promotions, and tenure is a matter of faculty responsibility.

In addtion, clearly defined means for student participation in acadamic policy-making at the college or school level of the respective schools and college, where college- or school-wide advisory councils have not been established in accordance with the provistons above, shall be developed by faculty-student committees

## IV. The Student as a Campus Citizen

## A. Student Government

The University recognizes the nght of the students to form and democratically elect their goverming bodies as a means to participate in discussion of issues and problems facing the academic communty The governing bodies stall function as representatives of the student to the administration and faculty of the University, as well as to the entire community

The electorate of a University-wide student government shall consist of the entire student body. Any elected members of a governing body representing less than the enture student body shall be elected in such manner as to create or preserve essential representational equality

## B. Student Organizations

## 1. Freedom of Student Association

The students of The George Washington University are free to orgaruze and join organzations to promote them common and law ful interests, subject to University regulations. All members of a student organization must be currently registered students of the University The fact of affilhation with any extramural association or national organization or political party, so long as it is an openly declared affiliation, should not of itself bar a student organization from registration or recogntion. However, action may be taken to insure that the University does not, through the activitues of campus student organzations, stand in violation of laws that place hmits on campus political actuvitues. The admunistration and faculty shall not discrimunate against a student because of membership in any student organization meeting the conditions of this section

## 2. Registration, Recognition, and Disclosures

All student organizations shall be registered and recognized in accordance with the University regulations. Registration or recognition may be withheld or withdrawn from organizations that volate Universty regulations. Registration and recogntion procedures shall require identification of responsible officers On a case by case basis, upon request of the Student Activities Center. organizations may be asked to pronde a list of all members of then group

Once recogntion of a student group or like organization has been withdrawn, no actions may be taken at or within the University in the name of that group or organzation Students who do so may be subject to disciphnary action

## 3. Use of Campus Facilities

Meeting rooms and other canipus facilities and funding should be made avalable, on an equitable basts, only to all registered student organizations, as far as the pnmary use of these facilities and fundmg for other University purposes permits and in keeping with the best interests of the Unatersity

Under the Bylaws of the Unuersity, only designated officers of the University may sign contracts binding on the University Students may not sign contracts or agreements in the name of the Unuversity or a student organization or otherwise commit Unversity or organzation funds. Students who do so shall be held personally and financially liable for all costs and commitments made Students should refer to the Student Orgamzation Manual or Student Activities Center website for information on contracting procedures

## C. Student-Sponsored Forums

Students shall have the nght to assemble, to select speakers, and to discuss issues of their choice, provided that the assembly is lawful in nature, does not interfere with the processes of the University, and does not infringe upon the nghts of others; the University reserves
the nght to prohibit assemblies having in its judgment the clear likelihood of falling to meet one or more of these conditions Students shall be allowed to mnite and hear any person of therr own choosing, subject to the conditions listed here. Those routine procedures required by the University before a guest speaker is invited to appear on campus shall be designed only to ensure that there is orderly scheduling of faculties and adequate preparation for the event and that the occasion is conducted in a manner appropriate to an academuc communty The control of campus facilities shall not be used as a device to restrict a guest speaker's expression solely on the basis of disapproval or apprehension of his ideas or motives However, it shall be made clear to the academic and larger community by sponsoning organzations that sponsorship of guest speakers does not necessanly mply University approval or endorsement of views expressed.

Students must recognize then responsibility to uphold the night of free speech and to permit invited speakers to appear and speak Without mappropnate interruption or demonstration. The members of the University community are urged to hear all sides of controversial issues represented

## D. Pamphlets, Petitions, and Demonstrations

The George Washington University is committed to the protection of free speech, the freedom of assembly, and the safeguarding of the right of lawful protest on campus Therefore, student organzations and individual students shall have the nght to distribute pamphlets, collect names for petitions, and conduct orderly demonstrations provided these actions are not disruptive of nomal University functions and do not encompass the physical takeover or occupation of buildings, offices, classrooms, hallways, or other parts of buldings without authonzation of the Unversity, whether or not University functions are performed in them at that tume

While all students have the nght to dissent and to protest, the limitation exists that these nghts shall not be exercised in such a manner as to infnnge on the nights of other students, or of faculty members, to conduct class, hold their own meetings or hear another speaker, or in such a manner as to be disruptive of normal Unversity functions No one group or organzation holds a monopoly on dissent or on freedom to hear all sides Further, the fact that students may pursue then unterests through speech and assembly on campus does not abrogate their accountability as citizens to the laws of the larger society, and the Unuversity is entitied to reflect these constraints in its own regulations

## E. Student Publications and Media

The student press and media shall be free of censorshop and advance approval of copy, while berng governed by the canons of responsible journahism.

Editors and managers of student publications or broadeast stations shall be free from arbitrary suspension and removal because of student, faculty, admmistrative, or pubhe disapproval of editonal policy or content Only for proper and stated causes shall editors and managers be subject to removal and then by orderly and prescnbed procedures. Such removal shall be deemed a form of disciplinary action and therefore subject to prescnbed due process in disciplinary cases. The agency responsible for the appointment of editors and managers shall be the agency responsible for their removal.

Even though certan publications may be financially dependent on the University, in the delegation of editonal responsibility to students, the University shall provide sufficient editonal freedom and financial autonomy for the student publications to mantan their integnty of purpose as vehicles for free nquury and free expression un an academuc community

All student publications that are published and financed by the University shall explicitly state on the editonal page that the opinions expressed are those of the publication and are not necessanly those of the University or the student body
Any committees for the supervision of such publications or media shall have student members.

## V. Regulations Concerning Student Life on Campus

## A. The Enactment of Regulations

University-wide regulations intended to formalize general standards of student conduct may be recommended to the Board of Trustees by appropriate committees composed entirely of students or jointly of students, faculty, and administrative representatives Universty-wide regulations do not contemplate specialized regulations or rules governing academic, business, administrative, or contractual matters, nor rules or regulations published by administrators, students, or faculty for the control of facilities or programs, such as those not normally submitted to the Board of Trustees for approval. Generally understood standards of conduct, such as respect for the persons or property of others, continue to apply and may form the basis of disciplinary action though nowhere specified in particular detail

It is the intent of this section to bring students into active participation in the formulation of University-wide regulations not excepted above, and to encourage the inclusion of students as active participants in the formulation of those regulations excepted above to the extent that such involvement can be accomplished reasonably and practicably

## B. Standards of Fairness and Student Rights in Disciplinary Cases

The George Washington University respects and is determined to protect the individual dignity; integrity, and reputations of its students At the same time it requires that students comply w th those conventions and regulations of University life that are necessary to maintain order, to protect individuals and property, and to fulfill its purposes and responsibilities as a University To this end, the University realizes that the prevailing rule in matters of student discipline must continue to be that of common sense, and an excessive legalism can only disserve the University and its community of students, faculty, and staff. The model for disciplinary procedures that the University adopts is that of the administrative process, not that of the enmmal or civil courts

Certain procedural nights shall be guaranteed to a student in any University disciphnary proceeding in which he or she stands to bear significant injury, such as expulsion, suspension, permanent reprimand, or other stigmatizing action A student subject to such disciplinary action is in danger of maury to his or her reputation, opportunity to lear, and earning power He or she therefore should enjoy full protection of hus or her rights.

1. The night to notice of charges whenever formal action upon such charges is intrated, such notice to be given within a reasonably prompt period and with sufficient particulanty as to the facts that the student may reasonably investigate the charge and prepare his or her defense, with reasonable and appropnate recesses and continuances beng provided to all parties.
2. The night to confront and cross-examme any witnesses appearing against him or her, to produce witnesses on his or her own behalf, to present evidence, to know prior to the hang the contents of and the names of the authors of any written statements that may be introduced against him or her, and to rebut unfavorable inferences that might be drawn from such statements The nght not to be compelled to be a witness against himself or herself or to have his or her silence taken as an indication of guilt.
3. The night to a decision based upon evidence of a kind upon which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in serous affairs However, rules of evidence un courts of law shall not, as such, be apphed the reliance upon evidence shall be determined by fundamental principles of fair play.
4. The night not to be sanctioned unless the decision maker is persuaded by a preponderance of the evidence that the student is guilty
5. The right to be accompanied in all proceedings by an adviser (student, faculty, or other) of his or her own choosing and at his or her own expense.
6. The right to have the option of a public hang in the discretion of the pressing officer, upon the student respondent's request
7. The night to appeal decisions to a higher authonty or heanng body within the administrative processes provided.
8. The night to have his or her case processed without prejudicial delay
Heanngs shall be tape recorded or transcnbed.
Following an alleged act of student misconduct, and until final disposition of the charges, the status of a student shall not be altered or his or her night to be present on campus and to attend classes suspended, except for reasons relating to his or her physical or emotional safety and well-bemg or for reasons relating to the safety and well -beng of other students. faculty, or University property, or for reasons relating to the protection of the normal functions of the University

Changes in the status of a student that are not disciplinary in character intended nether as punishment nor as censure, but required by administrative, academic, or secunty interests of the University and its community are not governed by these disciplinary procedures.

The University disciphnary hearing system should not become excessively legalistic or adversarial. The hearing bodies may find it necessary frequently and firmly to remus parties, counsel, or advisers that the proceedings are not cnmmal or civil trials, that cuman or civil standards of due process and rules of evidence are not controlling, and that the heanng bodies shall enjoy considerable discretion to interpret, vary, and waive procedural requirements to the end that a just and fair decision may be obtained

## VI. Students as Off-Campus Citizens

In their off-campus lives, in matters not related to University functions, students shall not be considered under the control of the University, nor shall the University or its student governments be held responsible for the off- campus activities or personal conduct of its individual students

## A. Off-Campus Political Activities of Students

No disciphnary action shall be taken by the University against a student for engaging in such off-campus activities as political campaigning, picketing, or participating in public demonstrations, subject to the provisions of paragraph B

## B. Other Off-Campus Activities of Students

Students who violate a local ordinance or any law risk the legal penalties prescribed by civil authorities An educational institution need not concern itself with every violation Nevertheless, the University may take disciplinary action against those students whose
behavior off Unuversity premises indicates that they pose a senous and substantral danger to self or others

## C. Student Records

Policies concerming the retention, release, and confidentuahty of student records shall be recommended by the registrar, the schools, departments, and other record-keeping agercues, with appropnate student representation in the formulating of these policies, and shall be published upon adoption by the Board of Trustees

## VII. Amendment, Interim and Emergency Powers, and Implementation

## A. Amendment, Interim and Emergency Powers

In conformity with the University Charter, the By-Laws of the Board of Trustees, this statement may be amended by the Board of Trustees, the faculty retains interim power to disciphine students prior to action of the Board of Trustees under regulations adopted by the Board of Trustees
Nothing in this statement can infringe or intends to infringe upon the authority of the Trustees to amend the statement Further, this statement shall not prevent the Administration of the University from taking such action as it deems necessary to the functioning or welfare of the University in any matter pror to action of the Board of Trustees.

## B. Implementation

After adoption by the Boand of Trustees, the provisions of this statement shall be put into effect in a manier that provides for boch speedy implementation and orderly transition Adopted by the Executive Cormmittee of the Board of Trustees, August 7, 1970

## University Policy on Equal Opportunity

The George Washongton Umversry does not unlawfully discrimmate agamst any person on the basis of race, color. religion, sex, national ongin, age, disability, veteran status, or sexual onentation This policy covers all programs, services, policies, and procedures of the University, including admission to education programs and employment The Unverstry is subject to the District of Columbra Human Rughts Act

Inquines concerning the application of this policy and federal livs and regulations concerning discnmation in education or employment programs and activittes may be addressed to Susan B Kaplan, Semor Counsel. The George Washngton Unversity, Washington, DC 20052, (202) 994-4433, to the Assistant Secretary for Cusl Rights of the US Department of Education. or to the Director of the US Equai Employment Opporamty Commission Washington Ficld Office

To request disability accommodations, students should contact the Office of Disability Support Services, (202) 994-8250 (TDD/voice), and employees should contact the Office of Equal Employment Opportunity, (202) 994-9656 (voice) or (202) 994-9650 (TDD)

May, 1991

## Policy on Sexual Harassment

The George Washington Unversity is committed to mantainng a postive climate for study and work, in which mdividuals are judged solely on relevant factors, such as ability and performance, and can pursue therr activities in an atmosphere that is free from coercion and intimidation. Sexual harassment is inmical to such an atmosphere and will not be tolerated

The University's Sexual Harassment Policy and Procedures is located at http iwwu gwu edu'-vpe harass homl and at


The Unversity has adopted the followng definition of sexual harassment, substantially derived from Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and Department of Education statements:

Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when
(1) submission to such conduct is explicitly or implicitly made a term or condition of academic participation or activity, educational advancement, or employment,
(2) submission to or rejection of such conduct by ant individual is used as the basis for employment or academe decisions that affect the individual,
(3) such conduct has the purpose of effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's academic or work performance or limiting participation in Unversity programs, or
(4) the untent or effect of such conduct is to create an intimudating, hostule, or offensive academic or work environment

This policy acknowledges that conduct that has the effect of sexual harassment may occur without regard to the gender of etther party

Nothung in this policy himits academic freedom. guaranteed by the Faculty Code, which is a pre-emment value of the University This pohcy shall not be interpreted to abndge academic freedom Accordingly, in an academic setting expression that is reasonably designed or reasonably intended to contribute to academic inquiry, education or debate on assues of puble concem shall not be construed as sexual hamassment

A person who commits sexual harassment in volation of the policy will be subject to disciphary action, up to and including expulsion or termination

If you beheve you are beng or have been sexually harassed, if someone has accused you of sexual harasment or mappropnate behavior of a sexual nature, or if you recenve a report of sexual harassment, please contact the Sexual Harassment Response Coordnator, located in the Office of the Vice President and General Counsel, as soon as possible Staff in this office will respond to questons, address your concerns, and, if warranted, coordnate an investigation.

Other resources are also avallable-Ms Anme Wooldndge, Assistant Vice President for Faculty Recrutment and Personnel Relatons, is avallable to faculty to discuss complaints of sexual harassment Ms

Linda Donnels, Associate Vice President and Dean of Students, or her designee, is avalable to students to discuss complaints of sexual harassment Ms. Cyntha Richardson-Crooks, Director of the Office of Equal Employment Opportumity, and her staff, will discuss complaints with admimistrative staff and employees

## Student Grievance Procedures

## I. General

These gnevance procedures are promulgated to provide a channel for resolution of the gnevances of students who feel they have been discnmmated against on the basis of sex, race, color, religion, age. national ongin, disability or sexual orientation in any of the policies, procedures, programs, or activities of or by any individual employed by or actung in an official capacity for The George Washington University.

The procedures are intended to encourage resolution of the student's gnevance informally and at the earlest possible stage At the same time, where such resolution is not possible, these procedures provide for a more formal review of the situation by individuals not party to the case, and a final decision based upon that review by the appropriate dean or vice president $\ln$ providing these procedures, it is the intention of the University to carry them out in an equitable and timely manner However, mextenuating circumstances, it may not be possible to adhere to established time frames, and extension of time shall not be construed as fallure to follow established procedures It shall be a violation withon the meanng of these regulations to discrimmate agamst any student because he or she has opposed any discnminatory practice prosonbed by these procedures, or because he or she has filed a gnevance, testified, assisted, or participated many manner in the procedures prowided for herem

## A. Eligibility

Any full-time or part-time student who belneves that he or she has been discrmmated against on any of the bases cited above may mutuate these procedures Employees, both full-tme and part-time, who are also students may use these procedures for matters relating to their student status only (For gnevance procedures to resolve charges of discnmination in employment. employees should consult the Faculty Code and Ordinances or the Employee Handbook, as appropnate.) These gnevance procedures are not avallable to applicants to any of the Lniversity's academic unts, including applicants who are or have been regstered students in another of the University's academic units

## B. Coverage

A student may charge discrmmation on the basis of sex, race, color religion, age. national ongin, disability, or sexual onentation in the polictes, procelures, programs, or actuvities of or by any individual employed by and acting m an offictal capacity for The George Washington University However, in accordance with the statement on academic freedom as outlined in the Faculty Code and Ordinances, course content or emphasis and/or textbooks and other assigned matenals are specifically exempt from coverage

Individuals and/or registered student organmations who feel they have been discnmunated aganst by chartered student organizations as they act to carry out responsibihties specifically delegated to them by the Board of Trustees or the President may charge the organuation under these procedures Individuals who feel they have been discnminated against by having been dewed the rights and pnvileges of membership or paracipation in registered student organizations may also charge the registered student organzation under these
procedures University policy permits campus organizations that are social fratemal groups to limit membership on the basis of sex and sectanan groups to limit membership on the basis of religion

A faculty member or administrator having administrative responsibility relating to the group bang charged shall be appointed by the Semor Associate Dean of Students or designee, to carry out the function assgned to the department chair outhned in II $C$.
Gnevance Review Commuttees for student organizational matters shall consist of two faculty members, one administrator, and two students

## II. Grievance Procedures

A. Students who believe they have been mulured in some fashon by discnmination must first seek to clanfy or resolve the question through direct contact with the individuals whose action gave nse to the matter
B. If the student is unable to clanfy or resolve the matter, the student must confer with and submit a signed wnitten statement of the charge to the Sentor Assoctate Dean of Students or designee The written statement must include the following the name of the faculty member, admmistrator, or student organization whose action gave nise to the matter, the type of discnmmation alleged, a statement of the ujury alleged and the resolutton sought, and a summary, to molude time, place, and realts. of the discussion that took place as required in II.A above
C. The Semor Associate Dean of Students or designee shall refer the charge to the appropriate academic or adminnstrative department char The department char shall seek to mediate the charge and thereby effect an informa? resolution of the matter, fallung in formal resolution, after consultation with both parties, the department chair shall make a decision conceming the charge that shall be conveyed in wniting to both parties by registered or certified mall and to the Senior Associate Dean of Students or designee This mediation phase of the procedures should be completed within 15 class days

If the individual whose action gave nse to the matter is an academuc department chatr, dean, or admunstrator, or a faculty member reporting directly to a dean or vice president, the Semor Associate Dean of Students or designee shall refer the matter directly to a dean or bice president, or if the academic or admmstrative department chan wishes to disquahify himself or herself because of pnor knowledge of the matter, the Senior Assocmate Dean of Students or designee shall refer the matter durectly to the appropnate dean or vice president, who shall designate another academic department charr. dean, administrator, or faculty member under his or her supervision to perform the function required by this subsection The person selected by the dean or vice president must be at least equal in position and rank to the person aganst whom the gnevance has been filed

If, hecause of pror knowledge of the matter, the dean or vice president wishes to disqualify humself or herself from performing any of the functions outined in these gnevance procedures, the matter will be refened to the President who shall designate another dean or wice president to perform one or more of the functions outlmed in these procedures
D. Either party to the case may request a review of the decision rendered under Subsection C. by writing the Semor Associate Dean of Students or designee withn five class days of receipt of the department char's decision
F. The Semor Assoclate Dean of Students or designee shall send a copy of the request for review to the appropriate dean or vice president, and shall, within ten class days, appoint a Gnevance Review Committee, which shall advise the dean or vice president

1. The Gnevance Review Committee for academuc matters will consist of two faculty members and two students.
2. The Gnevance Review Committee for admmistrative matters will consist of one faculty member, one administrator, and one student.
3. Committee members will be selected from among a panel of ten faculty members selected by the Faculty Senate, ten students selected by The George Washengton University Stusent Association, and five administrators selected by the Associate Vice President for Human Resources At least five students named to the panel shall be enrolled in programs at the graduate level Appointments to the panel shall be made for one year from July 1 to June 30 Appointments are renewable The Senior Associate Dean of Students or designee will select the committee members for each review and will appoint one of the members to serve as chair In the event panel members are not available to serve, the Semor Associate Dean of Students or designee shall have the authonty to appont committee members from the appropnate constituency from outside the panels to hear a particular grevance Upon the request of the charr, the Senior Associate Dean of Students or designee shall serve as advisor to the Review Committee
4. Within thrty class days of appointment, the Grievance Review Committee shall hear the gnevance together with such witnesses as it deems germane to the gnevance or as may be called by etther party. Each party shall be entitled to question all witnesses appeanng at the heang and to present witten statements or other evidence Either party may be accompanued at the hearing by one person whom he or she has selected

The proceedings shall in all respects be under the control of the char and shall not be subject to formal rules of evidence or procedure. At the discretion of the Committee, the proceedings may be closed or may be open to members of the University communty The proceedings shall be recorded and the recording preserved for three years along with any written statements of evidence presented $A$ copy of the recording will be made avallable to the gnevant upon request Costs incurred in producing the copy shall be the responsibility of the gnevant.

The Grevance Revew Commuttee shall convey its advice on the solution of the gnevance to the appropriate dean or vice president and to the Senior Assoctate Dean of Students or designee withn five class days of the conclusion of the hearng The Semor Associate Dean of Students or designee shall distribute copies of the Committee's findings to both parties
5. The dean or vice president shall make a decision within five class days after recerving the advice of the Gnevance Review Committee. The decision of the dean or vice president shall be in writing and shall be conveyed to both parties by registered or certified mail, the decision made by the dean or vice president shall be final However, to the extent that the decision involves the changing of an academic evaluation, the decision cannot be implemented without the consent of the cognizant faculty member(s) unless approved by the Dean's Councal
F. The Faculty Senate, the Joint Commttee of Faculty and Students, and the Student Senate shall be consulted before any revisions are made to these procedures

February, 1988

## Authority for Student Discipline

1. Ultimate authonty for student discipline is vested in the Board of Trustees by the University Charter. Disciplinary authority may be delegated to University admumstrators, faculty members, student committees, and organizations, as set forth in the "Code of Student Conduct" ("Code"), or in other appropnate policies, rules, or regulations adopted by the Board Students are asked to assume positions of responsibility in the Unversity judicial system so that they may contnbute therr skills and insights to the resolution of disciplinary cases

## Rationale

2. The primary purpose for the mantenance of discipline in the University setting is to protect the campus commurnty and to establish clear standards for civil interaction among community members The Universty's goal, through maintenance of standards set forth in the "Code", is to help students expenience democratic citizenship, and its attendant obligations and responsibilities.

The purpose of a disciplnary proceeding is to establish the factual record of an alleged volation of the "Code" The procedures outhned do not attempt to recreate or approximate a court of law Procedures shall reflect standards of fundamental farmess; however, munor deviation from procedural guidelines for heanngs suggested in this "Code" shall not invahdate a decision or proceeding resulting from a conference or hearing unless sigmificant prejudice to the accused or the Unversity may result, as judged by the Senor Associate Dean of Students or designee

## Definitions

3. When used in this "Code",
a. "Distribution" means any forn of sale, exchange, or transfer
b. "Group" means a number of persons who are associated with each other, but who have not complied with University requirements for registration as a student orgamzaton
c. "Institution" and "Unversity" mean The George

Washington Universty and all of its undergraducte, graduate, and professional schools. divisions, and programs
d. "Organization" means any number of persons who have complied with University requirements for registration with the Student Activities Center as a student organazation
e. 'Student' means any currently enrolled person, full-time or part-time, or on continuous enrollment, pursung undergraduate, graduate, or professional studics, whether or not in pursuit of a degree or of any form of certificate of completion.
f. "University premises" means buldings or grounds owned or leased by the Universty, including but not hmited to buldings or grounds in which suidents reside and Universty food service facilities are located, Marvin Center facilttes; Columbia Plaza; and facilities operated in the name of any officially registered student orgamzation This definition is not limited to buildings or grounds owned or leased by the University at the Foggy Bottom Campus
g. "University-sponsored activities" means events and activities intiated by a student, student organization, or University department, faculty member, or employee that
(1) Are expressly authonzed, anded, conducted or supervised by the University, or
(2) Are funded in whole or in part by the University, or
(3) Are intiated by an officially registered student organization and conducted or promoted in the name of that student organization and/or the Unversity, or
(4) Take place on University premises

## Interpretation of Regulations

4. The purpose of publishing disciplinary regulations is to inform students of prohibited behavior. This "Code" is not wntten with the specificity of a cnminal statute, and any similarity to the language of any crminal statute does not mean that such language or statute or case(s) applies to the University's judicial system or is relevant to the interpretation or application of the "Code".

## Inherent Authority

5. The Universty reserves the nght to take necessary and appropnate action to protect the safety and well-beng of the campus communty Such action may include taking disciplinary action agamst those students whose behavior off Unversity premises constitutes a violation of this "Code".
6. Students may be accountable both to civil authontes and to the University for acts that construte violations of law and of this
"Code" Disciplinary action at the University will not be subject to challenge on the grounds that crimunal charges involving the same incident have been dismissed or reduced or that no comminal charges have been brought.

## Interim Suspension

7. The Dean of Students or a designee, following consultation with the Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs and the General Counsel or their designees, may evict a student from University housing or suspend a student from the Unversity for an interm period not to exceed 21 days, pending disciphnary proceedings or medical evaluation. The intenm eviction'suspension shall become immediately effective wathout puor notice whener there is evidence that the contanued presence of the student on the campus poses a substantial and immediate threat to humself or herself or to others or to the stability and continuance of nomal University functions Intenm suspension shall be considered an excused absence
8. A student suspended or evicted on an interm basis will be granted a discipluary hearing or conference as soon as is practical

## Standards of Classroom Behavior

9. The pnmary responsbility for managing the classroom enyironment rests with the faculty. Students who engage in any prohbited or unlawful acts that result in disruption of a class may be directed by the instructor to leave the class for the remainder of the class penod. Longer suspensions from a class or dismissal on disciplinary grounds must be preceded by a disciplenary conference or heanng, as set forth in Articles 25 and 26 of this "Code", or in accordance with Articles 7 and 8 above

The term "prohibited acts" includes behavior prohibited by the instructor (including but not limited to smoking in the classoom, persistently speaking without beng recognized or called on, refusing to be seated, disrupting the class by leaving and entering the room without authorization) It must be emphasized that this provision is not destgned to be used as a means to pumsh classroom dissent. The expression of disagreement with the mstructor or classmates is not in itself disruptuve behavior

## Office of Student Judicial Services

10. The Office of Student Judicial Services within the Dean of Students Office directs the efforts of students and staff members in matters involving student discipline. The responsiblities of the Office melude
a Determining the discoplinary charges to be filed according to this "Code";
b Interviewing, advising, and assisting parties involved in discrplinary proceedings and arranging for a balanced presentation before the various judicial boards on a tumely basıs;
c Training and advising the campus judiciary,
d Maintaning all student non-academic disciphnary records;
e Developing procedures for conflict resolution;
i Conducting disciplinary conferences,
g Collecting and dssemunating research and analyss concerning student conduct.
in Resolving cases of student misconduct, moludng the imposition of sanctions lesser than suspension or expulsion

## Prohibited Conduct

## 11. Violence of any kind will not be tolerated on or off

 University premises or at University-sponsored activities. Any student, group, or organization found to have committed misconduct is subject to disciphnary action and to the sanctions outlined in this "Code" Attempts to commit any of these acts of misconduct are included in the scope of these defintions The following are examples of misconduct subject to disciphinary action (subject to the provisions of Article 5)a Sexual Assault - Inflictung any sexual invasion (including but not limited to sexual intercourse) upon any person without that person's consent "Consent" requires actual words or conduct indicating a frecly-given agreement to have sexual mtercourse, or to participate in sexual activitues The University communty should be aware that, depending on the particular circumstances, previous sexual relationships, or cument relationship between the persons mvolved, or silence or lack of protest do not necessanly consttute consent Further, the degree of imparment of a person's ability to give or withhold consent (including but not limited to incapacity or helplessness caused by alcohol or other drugs) may be introduced as pertinent information at any University disciphnary heanng
b Physical Abuse - Commtung physical abuse and/or batery of any person
c Assault - Placing a person in fear of imminent physical danger or injury through the use of verbal or physical threats
d Sexual Harassment - Committing sexuai harassment aganst another person. "Sexual harassment" means sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when
(1) Submission to such conduct is made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of academic performance, advancement or employment, or
(2) Submission to or rejection of such conduct by a person is used as a basis for a decision relating to the academuc perfomance, advancement or employment of the person, or
(3) A person knows or should have known that such conduct is unwelcome and that the conduct has the purpose or effect of
(a) Substantally interfering with a person's academic or work performance, or
(b) Limiting participation m Universty programs or Unversity-sponsored actuvties; OI
(c) Creating an intmidating, hostile, or offensive acaderme, work, social or living environment
e Drug / Alcohol Violation - Possession or use of alcohol by persons under 21, intoxication on University premises possession of illegal drugs or controlled substances; possession of paraphemala contaning drug residue, manufacture or distribution of illegal drugs or controlled substances
f Weapon Violation - Use, possession, or storage of any firearms, ammuntion, knives or other weapons, or objects that could be construed as weapons. Items that pose a potential hazard to the safety or health of others are also prohbited
g False Alarm/Report - Knowngly or negligently causing or attempting to cause a fire in a Unversty buldng; mitiating or causing to be imtated any false alam/report, warming, or threat of fire. exploston, or other emergency
h Interferng With University Events - Interferng with any normal University or University-sponsored events, including but not limited to studying, teaching, research. and University admustration, fire, pohce or emergency services

1 Sanction Violation - Violating the terms of any disciplinary sanction imposed in accordance with this "Code"

J Dishonesty - Non-academic dishonesty including but not limited to,
(1) Fumishing false information to the University or University personnel, including the University Police
(2) Furnishing false information at University disciplinary proceedings
(3) Forgery, unauthorzed alteration or unauthonzed use of any Universty documents, records, or identification cards, including computer records, misuse of computer fachithes and electronic maing systems. Academic dishonesty volations will be handled according to the Code of Academic Integnty
$k$ Misuse of Fire Safety Equipment - Misuse or damage to fire safety equipment, such as fire extingurshers or exit signs

1 Theft - Theft of property or of services or knowing possession of stolen property
m Destruction of Property - Destroying or damaging Universty property, such as hbrary holdings, or the property of others
$n$ Non-complance - Fanlure to comply with reasonable directions of University officials, including University Police officers and representatives of the Office of Student Judicial Services acting in performance of their duties. Directives to cooperate in the admanistration of this "Code" moluding those to appear and give testimony at a University disciphnary proceeding as well as directuves to produce identification are included in the scope of this provision.

- Regulation Violation - Any violation of other published University regulations including but not limited to The Alcoholic Beverage Consumption and Distrbution Policy, regulations goveming student organzations, the CLLC Residential Community Conduct Guidelnes and Adminstratuve Policies (whether the student lives in residence or not) and other lease agreements with the University, the Code of Computer Usage, and the Gelman Library Rules and Regulations.

P Fireworks Violation - Use or possession of fireworks
q Violaton of Law - Violation of federal and/or local law, including, but not limited to, possession of any falsfied identification, manufacture, sale or distrbution of local, state or federal identification
r Unauthorized Use of the University's Name - Any unauthorized commercial use of the University's name, logo, or other representation.
s Disorderly Conduct - Acting in a manner to annoy, disturb, interfere with, obstruct, or be offensive to others, shouting or making excessive noise either inside or outside a buidding to the annoyance or disturbance of others, verbally ahusing Unversity officuals actung in performance of their duties, ur acting in a lewd or indecent manner

1 Hazing - Any act of hazing Hazing is defined as any action taken or situation created, intentionally, with or without consent, whether on or off campus, to produce mental or physical discomfort, embarrassment, harassment or ndicule Such activities and situations melude but are not limited to paddling in any form, creation of excessive fatigue, physical and psychological shocks; quests, treasure hunts, scavenger hunts, road trnps, or any other such activites carned on outside the confines of the house or organzation; weanng, publicly, apparel that is conspicuous and not normally in good taste; engaging in public stunts and buffoonery, morally degrading or humiliating games
and activities, and any other activities which are not consistent with the academic mission of the University Groups will be held responsible for the actions of thenr members including pledges. associates, and any other premitiates

Persons will be charged, in addition to the group itself, under this, as well as any other apphcable violations. See Articles 28 and 29 for further information on this prohbition

4 Discrimmation - Commutting any of the above acts because of a person's race, color, religion, sex, national ongin, age, disability, veteran status, or sexual onentation

## Sanctions

Articles 12 and 13 represent an attempi to give needed assistance to those who are assessing sanctions The gudance is directed toward imposing more severe disciphnary sanctions in senous cases.
However, the language concerming "mitigating factors" is broad enough to give considerable discretion to do justice, depending upon the facts in each case. The burden of establishing mitigating factors pror to imposition of sanctions is on the student accused
12. This "Code" seeks to preserve flexibiluty in the imposibon of sanctions so that each student or group offender is afforded the greatest possibility for appropnate and just treatment

Signuficant mitigating or aggravating factors shall be considered, which may include the current demeanor and the presence or lack of a disciplinary or commal record of the offender, as well as the nature of the offense and the extent of any damage, mury or harm resulting from it
a Censure - An official wniten reprimand for volation of specified regulations, including a warmng that contmuation or repetition of prohbited conduct will be cause for udditional disciplinary action
b Disciplinary Probation - Exchision from participation un privileged or extracurncular institutional activities for a specified period of time, including athletic and any other team activity or sport Additional restncuons or conditions may also be mposed Volatons of the tems of disciplinary probation, or any other violation of this "Code" dunng the penod of probation, wall normally result in suspenston or expulson from the University.
c Restitution - Repayment to the University or to an affected party for damages, loss, or muly resulting from a volation of thas "Code"
d Suspension - Fxclusbon from classes and other pavileges or activities, including access to Unversity premises or University-sponsored activities off campus, as set forth in the notice of suspension, for a specified penod of time Any student who is suspended shall not be entitled to any tution or fee refund and is baned from Unversity premises
e Expulsion - Termination of student status and exclusion from University prileges and actrities, including access to Unversity premises or University-sponsored activities off campus, in perpetuity Any student who is expelled shall not be entitled to any tuition or fee refund and is barred from Unversty premuses
f Eviction from Residence - Termination of residence contract and exclusion from visiting within certain or all residence facilities as set forth. Any student who is evicted shall not be entatled to a refund of room fees Evicted students may not reside in other Universityowned/controlled housing unless a waver is granted by the Office of Student Judicid Services
$g$ Other sanctions - Other sanctions may be imposed mstead of or in addition to those specified above for example, students may be subject to restnctions upon or denials of University parking privileges for violations involving the use or registration of motor vehicles on campus Service projects may also be assigned Students may be drected to have "no contact" with other students and/or may be forbidden to access specified areas of campus ("persona non grata')
13. The following are recommended minimum sanctions
a Sexual Assault One year suspension and eviction from the residence halls or University-owned housing.
b Physical Abuse One semester suspension and eviction from the residence halls and Unversity-owned housmg.
c Assault. Disciphnary probation
d Sexual Harassment Disciplnary probation
e Drug Violation.
(1) Possession andior use
lst offense $\$ 50$ fine, required participation rn a drug abuse education program and eviction from residence halis;

2nd offense $\$ 100$ fine and required evaluation by a certfied serv ice at the student's expense,

3 rd offense. Conference with the Dean of Students or a designee to determune the vability of the student's remarning at the University
(2) Manufacture, distribution, possession with intent to distribute drugs One year suspension
(3) Violation of the Alcohol Policy
ist offense. $\$ 50$ fine and required participation in an alcohol education program,

2nd offense $\$ 100$ fine and required assessment by a certified service at the student's expense,
ird offense. Conference with the Dean of Students or a designee to detemme the viability of the student's remaining at the University
f Possession or Storage of a Weapon or Object That Could Be Construed as a Weapon Disciplinary probation and eviction from the residence halls and University-owned housing
(1) Use of weapons, ammumtion or objects that could be construed as weapons One semester suspension.
(2) Use of fireams One year suspension
g False Alarm/Report. $\$ 300$ resetting fee Suspension from the University and/or evaction from the residence halls and University-owned housing
h Interfenng with University Events Censure
1 Sanction Violation Disciplinary probation
1 Dishonesty Disciplinary probation.
$k$ Misuse of FreiSafety Equipment Restitution
1 Theft Restatution
m Destruction of Property: Restitution for the cost of replacement or repars; loss of payileges in hbrantes or computer or other laboratones
$n$ Non-compliance Disciplunary probation

- Regulation Violations Disciplinary probation, eviction from residence halls and Unversity-owned housing; dental of computer pnvileges/access, loss of library privileges in egregious cases, such as tampening with University computer records, the student may be suspended for no less than one semester
p Freworks Violation Fviction from residence and University-owned housing, restitution for the cost of repars
q Violation of Lav Disciplinary probation for acts meluding but not limited to possession of any falsified means of identification. one semester suspenision or, in egregious cases, expulsion for acts including, but not hmited to, manufacture, sale, or distrbution of local, state or federal means of identification
r Unduthonzed (ise of the Unisersity's Name Discipluary probation
s Disorderly Conduct Disciplinary probation and/or evaction from resudence halls and [uiversity-owned housing
$t$ Hazing For groups, loss of University registration and all attendant privileges, for individuals, disciphnary probation or any other sanction applicahle for additional charges
u Discnmanaton Will not have a separate, mummun sanction since it only will be charged in conjunction whth charges or other prohibited conduct as an aggravating circumstance to be considered in imposing sanctions for another volation

14. Repeated or aggravated volations of any part of this "Code" may also result in expulsion or suspenston or any other sanction that may be appropnate
15. Attempts to commit acts prohbited by this "Code" or encouraging others to commit acts prohbited by this "Code" shall be punshed to the same extent as completed volations
16. Students subject to eviction from University housing or suspension or expulsion from the Unversity will be entitled to a Judicial Board heanng. Students subject to any other sanction will be entitled to an informal disciplmary conference (See Sections 25 and 26.)

## Case Referrals

17. Any person may refer students or student groups or organizations suspected of volating any part of this "Code" to the Office of Student Judicial Services and the University Police Department. Any person who watnesses a violation in progress should repon it immediately to the L'niversity Police Department
18. The Senior Associate Dean of Students or a designee will review the reported allegation to determine whether a sanction of suspension, eviction from housing, or expulston is warmanted from that determination, a Judicial Board hearing or disciplinary conference will be scheduled based on the terms in Artucles 25 and 26 Any student, however, may elect to have a disciplinary conference If a student entitled to a judicial board hearing elects a disciphonary conference, the full range of sanctions may be imposed, including, eviction, suspension, and expulsion
19. The Seruor Associate Dean of Students or a designee may defer disciphnary proceedings (Judicial Board heanng or disciplinary' conference) for alleged volations of this "Code" for a penod not to exceed one semester Pending charges may be withdrawn thereafter, depending on the conduct of the accused student, or be added to any subsequent charges win the perod of deferment.

## Judicial Boards

20. Judicial Bodies.
a The Unversity Hearmg Board hears cases to be resolved in accordance with this "Code" The Board is composed of five full-time students to he selected from the pool The pool shall constst of at ledst 10 full-tme students selected according to Article 22 of tus "Code" If the alleged musconduct may result in suspension or expulsion from the University, whenever possible, a faculty member or adminustrator will be included, however, the absence of a faculty member or admumstrator will not prevent the University Heanng Board from heanng a case Quonm will consist of at least three students
b The Student Parking Violation, Board cowiders appeals of offenses for whin a ticket was bsued by the Parkny
Services, as well as other parking matters referred by the Office of Parking Seruces It may both impose and reduce prescrbed fines or suspensions of parking proveges The Board is composed of three full-time students Board decisions are subject to admmistrative revew at the discretion of the Semior Associate Dean of Students or designee, but are otherwise considered final and conclusive Requests for appeal of parking tackets must be submitted in writing to the Office of Parking Services within thity busmess days from the date the tucket was issued Fanlure to appeal within this allotted tume will render the onginal decision final and conclusive
c Ad hoc Boards may be appointed by the Senior Associate Dean of Students or designee of after reasonable effort a board is not able to be constituted, is unable to obtain a quorum, or is otherwise unable to hear a case Ad hoc Boards may be composed of admunstrators, faculty members, students, or any combination the ceof

Reasonable efforts should be made to arrange for student membership on any ad hoc Board
d The Commuttee on the Judicial System, apponted by the President for a term of two years, will be composed of the following members: two faculty members to be nominated by the Faculy Senate, two admmistrators to be nommated by the Dean of Students; and two full-time undergraduate students and one graduate student to be nommated by the President of the Student Association Quorum will consist of three members with each constutuency - administrators, faculty and students - represented The chair should be a member of the Faculty Senate In addition to reviewing appeals, other tasks or assignments may be referred to the Committee at the discretion of the Dean of Students. The Committee on the Judicial System's decisions on appeals are final and conclusive
21. With the exception of the Student Parking Violations Board, the finding of fact as determined by each Judicial Board will be forwarded to the Sentor Associate Dean of Students or a designee for determmation and imposition of sanction, if apphicable. In case of suspension or expulsion, the Dean of Students or a designee, in concurrence with the Executve Vice President for Academic Affars or a designee, will impose sanctions

## Selection and Removal of Judicial Board Members

22. Student members of each Judtctal Board and the presidng officer are selected in accordance with procedures developed by the Senor Assochate Dean of Students or a designee Student members of each Judicial Board are appointed by the Dean of Students or a designee to serve for a term of one year Faculty and administrative members of each Judicial Board are nominated by the Faculty Senate and the Dean of Students, respectively, and are apponted by the President for terms established by the Faculty Senate
23. Members of any Judicial pool who are charged with any molation of this "Code" or with a crimnal offense will be suspended from therr judical positons by the Semor Associate Dean of Students or a designee durng the pendency of the charges aganst them Members found gulty of any such volation or cnminal offense will be disqualified from any further participation in the University judicial system Additional grounds and procedures for removal may be estabhshed by the Semor Associate Dean of Students or designee.
24. Students, faculty and staff apponted as members of any Judicial Board must adhere to absolute confidentiality relative to the matters and names of all persons who participate in the judicial process Any student who volates this provision will be charged and, if found in violation, will be sanctioned

## Procedural Guidelines - Disciplinary Conferences

25. When deemed appropnate by violation, when requested by students in place of a Judicial Board heanng, or when used to adjudicate minor volations of residence hall regulations, the following procedural guidehnes for a disciphnary conference will be used

A discipinary conference will normally consist of an informal, nonadversanal meeting between the accused student and a University adminstrator or an expenenced member of the University Heanng Board as designated by the Semor Associate Dean of Students, designee, or the Office of Student Judicial Services. Respondents may request the Office of Student Judicial Services to call appropnate and relevant witnesses on therr behalf Accused students who fall to appear after wniten notuce will be deemed not to have
contested the allegations agaunst thern; however, a student may elect not to speak on his or her own behalf.

The following procedural guidelines are apphicable to respondents in disciphary conferences
a Written notice of the specific charges and date of the scheduled conference at least three days pnor to the conference.
b Reasonable access to the case file at least three days pror to and durng the conference A case file is part of the student's education record under the Family Educational Rights and Pnvacy Act of 1974 The personal notes of University staff members are not included in the case file The case file will be retaned in the Office of Student Judicral Services
c The opportunty to respond to the evidence and to call appropnate and relevant student witnesses It is expected that all witnesses will provide mformation that is true and correct. Any student who knowingly provides filse information dunng a disciplinary conference will be charged under Article 11, section J of this "Code".
d The nght to an advisor in accordarce with the gudelmes in Article 27
e If a student entitled to a Judicial Board heanng elects a disciphnary conference, the full range of sanctions may be imposed, including eviction. suspension, and expulsion
f Notanzed affidavits may be accepted or othe: accommodations made at the discretion of the presiding officer in heu of live testmony if a witness is out of state or otherwise determmed to be unavalable.

## Procedural Guidelines - Disciplinary Hearings

26. The following procedural gudelmes shall be apphcable in all disciplinary hearngs
a Students accused of vohtions will be given wniten notice of the heanng date and the specific charges against them wuthen a reasonable amount of time and be given reasonable access to the case file, which will be retained in the Office of Student Judictal Services
b The Office of Student Judictal Sernices wall take steps to compel the attendance of student witnesses $u$ hose testimony may help the Unversity Hearng Board establish the factual record Falure to appear when called will result in charges under this "Code" but will not invalidate the proceedings Character witnesses will not be heard it is expected that all whinesses will provide information that is true and correct Any student who knowingly provides false information dunng a disciphnary hearng will be charged under Article 11 , section $j$ of this "Code"
c Accused students who fall to appear after witten notice will be deemed not to have contested the allegations aganst them, however, a student may elect not to speak on his or her own behalf In such cases, the University Heanng Board's decision will be based solely on witness testimony and other information presented dunng the proeeding
d Heanngs will be closed to the public
e The presiding officer will exercise control over the proceedings to maintain proper decorum, to avoid needless consumption of ame and to achieve an ordeny completion of the hearng Anyone disnupting the heanng may be removed or excluded from the hearing by the presiding officer, the Semor Associate Dean of Students, or designee. Such disruption is a violation of this "Code", and a person may be charged following his or her disruption and removal
f Heanngs will be tape recorded or transcrbed The method used is at the discretion of the Semor Associate Dean of Students or designee
g Any party may challenge a Board member on the grounds of personal bias The decision to disqualify a Board member will be made by the Semor Associate Dean of Students or designee This decision is final.
h Witnesses will be truthful in giving testimony before the Board Fumishing false information in such a context is a violation of this "Code" and appropnate sanctions will be apphed

1 Only the immediate parties (and the respondent's advisor if applicable) to the alleged volation may be present throughout the heanng All partues will be excluded during Board deliberations

J The Board will question all parties in an effort to establish the factual record. On disputed points a preponderance of the evidence avalable, fanly considered, will decide the facts. A "preponderance of the evidence" means that it is "more likely than not" that a fact is true or an event occurred
$k$ Formal rules of evidence will not be applicable in disciplinary proceedings described in this "Code" Confidentality will be observed

1 All parties may question witnesses who testify for any of the parties at the heanng
m Prior to the hearmg, the Senor Assoctate Dean of Students or designee may appont a special presiding officer in complex cases.
n Reports of the Budud shall melude a findmg of fact and a determination of whether or not the respendent is in violation of the alleged misconduct. If the Board determines the respondent to be in violation, the report will also include a recommendation of sanction. The Board may consider mitigatmg or aggravating circumstances when making a sanction recommendation The report will be forwarded to the Sentor Associate Dean of Students or designee for revew If $1 n$ the judgment of the Sennor Assoctate Dean of Students or designee the sanction recommended by the Board is significantly at variance with sanctuons imposed in closely sumblar cases, the Senor Associate Dean of Students or designee may then revise the sanction

- In cases of suspension or expulsion, the Dean of Students or a designee, in concurence with the Executive Vice President for Academic Affars or a designee, will impose sanctions. The past discipluary record of the accused student and apphcable mitigating and aggravating
cacumstances will be taken into account in determining the sanctiont(s).
p The accused student will receive, in winting within a reasonable amount of time, the decision of the Board and the sanction(s) determuned
q Accused students have the nght to an advisor in accordance with the gudelines in Article 27.

I Notanzed affidavits may be accepted of other accommodations made at the discretion of the presiding officer in heu of hive testmony if a withess is out of state or otherwise determined to be unavalable

## Representatives and Advisors

27. Representation s not permitted un University disciphnary heanings or conferences Accused students may be accompanied by an advisor or friendly observer The role of advisors shall be himited to consultation with respondents, advisors may not address the Board or question hearmg participants. Violations of this himitation will result in the advisors being ejected from the hearing at the discretion of the presiding officer The advisor may be, but may not act as, legal counsel. Accused students must notify the Office of Student ludicial Services if they will have legal counsel at the heanng or conference al least three business days pror to the hearing or conference

## Student Groups and Orgamzations

28. Student groups and organizations may be charged with volations of this Code"
29. A sudent group or orgamzation may be held collectively responsible and its officers may be held individually responsible when wolations of the "Code" by those associated wath the group or orgamzation have occurred

A posumon of leadership wa student group, organzation, or athletic team entaib responsibility. Student officers cannot permit, condone, or acquiesce m any wolation of this "Code" by the group or organzation

This section of the "Code" is also destgned to hold a group, including athletic teams, student organuzations, and their officers, accountable for any act of hazing for example, requinng, expecting, or encouraging members to consume any drugs, meluding alcohol, as a condition or prelude to membership or further participation in the organzation would consutute a violation of Article 11 , sections $a, b$, $e, h$, and t This is because such an activity may be physically abusive, constrtutes an interference with normal University activities and volates drug or alcohol regulations The express or implied "consent' of the victim or participant is not a defense Participants in these activattes will be charged, the Unversity communty is considered to be the victum
30. The officers or leaders or any identifiable spokesperson for a student group or organization may be directed by the Senior Associate Dean of Students or a designee to take appropriate action designed to prevent or end violations of this "Code" by the group or organization. Failure to make reasonable efforts to comply with the Sentor Associate Dean of Students or designee's directive shall be considered a violation of this "Code" by the officers, leaders, or spokesperson for the group or organization and by the group or organization itself
31. Sanctions for group or organization msconduct may include revocation or demal of registration, as well as other appropnate sanctions

## Appeals

32. Appeals must be based on new information that is relevant to the case, that was not previously presented at the heanng or conference, and that sigmficantly alters the finding of fact.
33. Appeals must be submitted in wnting to the Office of Student Judicial Servees within five business days from the date of the written sanction notice These appeals will be reviewed by the Semor Assocrate Dean of Students or designee to determine therr vability based on new information significantly altenng the finding of fact Only when deemed viable will the appeal be forwarded to the Committee on the Judicial System for its review. Fanlure to appeal within the allotted time will render the original decision final and conclusive Decisions to grant or deny the appeal will be based on information supplied in the written appeal and, when necessary, on the record of the ongmal proceedings. Findings and sanctions ansing from new heanngs or conferences ordered by the Committee on the judicial System are final and conclusive.
34. The Committee on the Judicial System may
a Affirm the finding of the ongmal board or conference,
b Remand the case to the onginal board or conference officer for a new hearing;
c Request that a new board or conference officer hear the case
35. The imposition of sanctions will be deferred during the pendency of appellate proceedings unless, in the judgment of the Dean of Students or a designee, the continued presence of the student on campus poses a substantial threat to others, to hunself or herself, or to the stability and continuance of normal Unversity functons

## Transcript Notations

36. An encumbrance may be placed on a student's University records by the Senior Associate Dean of Students or a designee while disciplinary proceedings are pending or sanctions are incomplete
37. Notation of disciplinary action will be made on the transcript wheneser a student is expelled or suspended. Students may petition for removal of the notation of suspension when the suspension penod has expired or after three years, whachever comes first. Such petitions may be granted at the discretion of the Senor Associate Dean of Students or a designee Factors to be considered in reviewing petitions for notation removal melude the curront demeanor of the student, the student's conduct subsequent to the violation, and the nature of the violation, meluding the damage. moury, or harm.

## Disciplinary Files and Records

38. Case referrals may result in the development of a disciplinary fie in the name of the student, the file shall be voided if the charge is not substannated. Volded files will be so marked, shall not be kept with active disciplinary records, and shall not leave any student with a disciplinary record.
39. The files of students found in volation of any prohibited conduct will be retaned as a disciphnary record until then graduation This provision shall not, however, prohibit any program,
department, college or school of the University from retaning records of violations and reporting violations as required by ther professional standards, the University may retan, for appropnate administrative purposes, records of all proceedings regarding violations of the "Code of Student Conduct". Disciplinary records may be reported to third parmes in accordance with University regulations and law
40. Disciplinary records may be removed from the student discipinary files of the Office of the Dean of Students by the Senior hssociate Dean of Students or designee, upon wniten request of the student, no sooner than one year after the finding of fact for the case In decidng whether to grant the request, the Sentor Associate Dean of Students or designee will consider such factors as the current demeanor of the student, the student's conduct subsequent to the bolation, and the nature of the volation, moluding the seventy of any other student's damage, injury or harm
41. Scudents assigned to complete any sanction as a result of volating any section of this "Code" will have their records encumbered by the Office of Student Judicial Services The encumbrance will be removed upon completion of all sanctions required by the University

## Conflicts

42. In event of conflict between the terms of this "Code of Student Conduct" and any other provision of the Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilites, the terms of this "Code" shall govern
tpproved-October. 1996

## Additional Conduct Regulations

In addition to the Statement of Student Rights and Responsibilities and the "Code of Student Conduct", the following are the principal regulations governing student conduct. They are quoted from official University documents (cited in parenthesis following the title), which are available in the Dean of Students Office.

## A. Violations of Law, Including Laws Proscribing Certain Drugs

(Board of Trustees Resolution - October 19, 1968)
The University canot condone volations of law, including volation of those laws that proscrbe possession, use, sale, or distrbution of certan drugs. Members of the academic communty should know that administratave action, which may include dismissal from the restifence halls. revocation of other privileges, or suspension or dismissal from the University, may be taken in order to protect the merests of the University and the nughts of others

## B. Possession of Firearms

(Fachities Use Pohcy)
It is prohibited to possess firearms, explosives, or other weapons on the premises of the University without the explicit duthonzation of the Unsersity, whether or not a federal or state hcense to possess the same has bem issued to the possessor

## C. Unauthorized Entry/Tresspass

(Facihties Use Policy)
It is prohbited to enter, whthout express of imphed permission, onto the premises or into a fachlty or office, to refuse to vacate any Jmversity facility, to refuse to cease any unauthonzed
activity; to refuse to produce identification after being requested to do so by an Administrative Officer of the University, or by the Unversity Pohce Department, or to remain without authonzation in any faciltty after closing hours

## D. Misuse of University Identification

(Regulations Goveming Student Identification Cards) 1. The student identification card (with picture) is not transferable The owner of the card will be called upon to account for any fraudulent use of his or her identification card and will be subject to disciphne by the University authonties if he or she has anded such fraudulent use The card will be forfeited if the student to whom it was issued allows any other person to use the identification card.

2 At the end of each semester, or upon the owner's withdrawal from the University, all nghts and privileges related to the identification card automatically cease, and in the event of withdrawal, the identification card must be surtendered to the office of the dean of the school in which the student is enrolled or to the office of the Dean of Students.
3. Identification cards must be presented upon request of any University official or agent in the normal conduct of University business or service.

## E. Animals in University Buildings <br> (Facılities Use Policy)

No animals (including, but not limited to, dogs, cats, of birds) are allowed in any University bullding, with the exception of service anmals (i e, gude dogs)

## F. Demonstration

(Board of Trustees Resolution - October 19, 1968) In the event a demonstration at this Unversity exceeds the bounds of free assembly and law ful advocacy, and demonstrators are engaging in unlawful acts that cause or immmently threaten ingury to persons or property, or that obstruct or interfere with normal and necessary University actuvities, the Board of Trustees affirms the authonty of the President, or other Unversity officials designated to act m his absence, to take such reasonable steps, if possible after consultation with the Charman of the Executive Committee of the Faculty Senate and the President of the Student Body, as are required to restore and preserve order; nncluding, if deemed necessary and appropnate, suspension of students or faculty engaging in such acts, and use of such law enforcement personnel as are needed to effect the removal, arrest, and prosecution of law violators Any such suspension shall be reviewed by an appropnate tribunal as soon after order is restored as is practicably possible

## G. Disruption of University Functions

(Board of Trustees Resolution -- January 16, 1969) Any member of the Unversity (moluding as members of the Unversity all persons having a formal connection with the Unversity) who

1 Engages in conduct that unreasonably obstructs teaching. research, and leaming, or

2 Unreasonably obstructs free access to members of the University or to University buildings, or
3. Disobeys general regulations of the University, or

4 Damages University property or mures members or guests of the University may be pumshed for conduct by dismissal from
the University, or by some lesser disciphnary acton, through procedures established within the Umversity for the government of its members

## H. Political Activities

(Resolution approved by the President - October 1970) 1 Neither the name nor seal of the Universty or any of its schools or mstitutions should be used on letters or other wntten material intended for political purposes, or activities

2 No Unversity office and no faculty or staff member's office should be used as a retum mailing address for the solicitation of funds for political purposes, or the solicitation of endorsement of candidates for public office, or support for proposed legislation.

3 In political correspondence, the Unversity tutle of a faculty or staff member should be used only for identification and only when accompanied by a statement that the individual is speaking for humself and not as a representative of the University.

4 Whenever University duphcating machnes, computers, or other equipment or supplies are used for political or other nonUnnersity purposes, their use must be fully compensated from private funds.
5. No office employee nor other employees of the Unversity should be asked to perform tasks in any way related to political activites while on regular duty.

6 In no case should any action be taken that might implicate the University m any political activities

7 In furtherance of the phulosophy expressed in thas resolution, the University has granted permission for recognized student organzations to use assigned Unversity facilities for political activitues in support of candidates for public office when such activitues are directed within and for the Unversity community

## I. Right to Change Rules

(University Bulletm)
The University and its vanous academic units reserve the nght to modify or change requirements, rules and fees. Such regulations shall go into force whenever the proper authonties may determune

## J. Right to Dismiss Students

(Unmersity Bulletin)
The nght is reserved by the University to dismuss or exclude any student from the Unversity, or from any class or classes, whenever, in the interest of the student or the University, the I nuersity Admmistration deems it advisable

It should be further noted that 1) students hiving in Unversty residence halls are responsble for the Residential Communty Conduct Guidelines and Administrative Policies that are attached to and a part of therr leases, and 2) officers and members of student organizations are responsible for the Regulations Governing Student Organizations that are received upon registration of their organization at the Student Activittes Center.

## Non-Punitive Administrative Actions

In the course of Unmersity admmmstration, faculty and administrators may take actions that have some colonng of pumtive action but that, in fact, are not taken with intent to punsh the student Actions of this kind are necessary to the reasonable operation of the Unversity, but
care must be exercised that they do not become devices for avording the safeguards established to avord unfair, arbitrary, or capncious invasions of student nghts. An example is the refusal to re-enroll a student with unpand indebtedness to the Unversity Another example would be the refusal to re-enroll a student with incapacitating psychological disturbances. Another example would be the requirement that a student pay for damage to Unversity property caused by his or her negligence These examples are nllustrative, not a comprehensive descnption of these mherent admmistrative powers These actions are not govemed by the disciphnary procedures of the Statement of Student Rights and Responsibilities or by the "Code of Student Conduct".

## Code of Academic Integrity

## Preamble

We, the Students, Faculty, Libranans and Admmintration of The George Washngton University, beheving academic honesty to be central to the mission of the University, commit ourselves to its high standards and to the promotion of academic integnty. Commitment to academic honesty upholds the mutual respect and moral integnty that our communty values and nurtures To this end, we have established The George Washington University Code of Academic Integnty

## Article I: The Authority of the Code of Academic Integrity

Section 1: Jurisdiction of the Code of Academic Integrity
The Code of Academic Integnty shall havejunsdiction over the following schools within the Umiersity

1) the Columbian College of Arts and Sciences
2) the Elhott School of Intematonal Affars.
3) the Graduate School of Education and Human Development.
4) the College of Professional Studies,
5) the School of Busmess,
6) the School of Engineering and Applied Sclence,
7) the School of Public Health and Health Services,
8) all programs in the School of Medicine and Heath Sciences, except the Doctor of Medicine program

Section 2: Repeal of Prior University Policies on Academac Dishonesty
Academic dishonesty policies of The George Washington Unuersity applicable to the aforementoned schools previous to the tume of the passage of this Code of Academc Integnty are hereby repealed and are for all mients and purposes null and vord The George Washington Universty Law School mantains its own code of academic integnty and is excluded from this Code

## Section 3: Interpretation

Conflucts or questions about the Code of Academic Integnty (including its interaction with other policies of the University) should be forwarded to the Office of the Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs The Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs or a designee shall be the funal interpreter of the Code of Academic Integnty

## Article II: Basic Considerations

## Section 1: Definition of Academic Dishonesty

(a) Academic dishonesty is defined as cheating of any kind, moluding mistepresenting one's own work, taking credit for the work of others without creditng them and without appropriate authorization, and the fabucation of information
(b) Common examples of academually dishonest behavior include. but are not limited to, the following

1) Cheating - intentionally using or attempting to use unauthorzed matenals, information, or study aids in any academic exercise, copying from another student's exammation, submitting work for an in-class exammation that has been prepared in advance; representing matenal prepared by another as one's own work, submitting the same work in more than one course without pror permission of both instructors; volating rules goveming administration of examinations; violating any mules relating to academic conduct of a course or program
2) Fabrication - intentional and unauthonzed falsification or invention of any data, information, or citation in an academic exercise.
3) Plagurwm - intentionally representing the words, ideas, or sequence of ideas of another as one's own in any academic exercise, failure to attnbute any of the followng. quotations, paraphrases, or borrowed unformation.
4) Falsificaton and forgery of Unversity academic documents - knowingly making a false statement, concealing material information, or forging a University official's signature on any University academic document or record Such academic documents or records may include transcripts, add-drop forms, requests for advanced standing, requests to register for graduate-level courses, etc (Falsification or forgery of non-academic Umversity documents, such as financial atd forms. shall be considered a volation of the non-academic student disciplnary code )
5) Facilitating academic dishonesty - intentionally or knowingly helping or attempting to help another to commit an act of academe dishonesty

## Section 2: Reportage

(a) It is the moral responsibility but not the sanctioned obigation (unless otherwise provided herem) of each member of the George Washington Universty community to respond to suspected acts of academic dishonesty by.

1) consulting the individual(s) thought to be involved and encouraging them to report it themselves, and/or
2) reporing it to the instructor mbolved, and/or
3) reportang it to the Academic Integrity Councal
(b) Reportung oneself after commating academic dishonesty is strongly encouraged and may be considered in determining sanctions

## Section 3: Assignments and Examinations

(a) Instructors are solely responsible for establishing academic assignments and methods of exammation.
(b) Instructors are encouraged to provide to students clear explanations of their expectations regarding the completion of assignments and examınations, including permissible collaboration
(c) Instructors are encouraged to choose assignments and methods of examination believed to promote academm honesty Examples of these include careful proctonng of examinations and the constant creation of fresh exams Collaborative projects and unproctored examinations do not violate the promotion of academic integnty When assignung collaborative projects or using unproctored examinations, the instructor should explicitly state the expectations of performance for all participants
(d) Instructors are encouraged to provide oppontunties for students io affirm their commitment to academic integrity in vanous settings includng examinations and other assugnments The following statement may be used for this purpose "I, (student's name), affirm that I have completed the assignment examnation in accordance with the Code of Academic Integnty "

## Article III: The Academic Integrity Council

## Section 1: Mission of the Academic Integrity Council

(a) The Academic Integnty Council wall be responsible for promoting academic integnty and for admimstenng all procedures in this Code.
(b) Admmistrative and logistical support for the Academic Integnty Council shall be provided by the Office of the Associate Vice President for Academic Planning and Special Projects The office shall be the repository for records pertaining to the Code of Academic Integrity and Academe Integnty Councl

Section 2: Composition of the Academic Integrity Council and the Hearing Panels
(a) The Academic Integnty Counchl shall have members from each of the participating schoots There will be six students and four faculty members from the Columbian Sctool of Atts and Scrences There will be four students and two faculty members from each of the following schools: the Elion School of International Affars, the Graduate School of Education and Human Development, the Coilege of Professional Studies, the School of Busmess, the School of Engineering and Applied Sctence, the School of Public Health and Health Services, and the programs of the School of Medicine and Health Sciences (except the Doctor of Medicine program) The terms of all members shall be one academic year Members may reapply for additional terms. The process for identifying and selecting candudates to serve on the Academic Integnty Counctl shall be determmed by the Implementation Team, as described in Article V, Section 2
(b) At the beginning of each acaderme year, five presiding officers will be elected by the full membership of the Councal. from among the student members, at a meeting convened by the Associate \ice President for Academic Planning and Special Projects or a desıgnee Insofar as possible, these Officers shall rotate responsibility for presiding over cases. The presiding officer will have no vote in the deliberations on establishing guit or recommending a sancton at the hearing
(c) Heanng Panels selected from members of the Acaderme Integrity. Council shall adjudicate all cases ansing under this Code The Associate Vice President for Academic Planning and Special Projects or a desgnee will select and convene heanng panels as needed A Heanng Panel shall be compnsed of a presiding officer, two student merubers and two faculty members Two of the members shall be from the home school of the respondent(s) One of the members shall be from the home school of the course Should Academic Integnty Councll members from the home schools of the respondent and course be unavalable to adjudicate a case, the Associate Vice President for Academic Plannung and Special Projects or a designee may appoint other Acaderme Integnty Council members as substitutes.
(d) Cases ansing in the summer may be adjudicated in the summer, providing that members of the Academic Integnty Council are available. Otherwise they will be adjudicated during the following academic year
(e) All members of the Academic Integnty Council shall participate in training organized by the Associate Vice Prestident for Academic Planning and Special Projects or a designee

Section 3: Selection and Removal of Academic Integrity Council Members
(a) Dunng each spning semester, a Selection Commottee will handle the nommation, application and selection processes of the Academic Integnity Council members who will serve in the next academic year This committee shall be convened by the Associate Vice President for Academic Planning and Special Projects or a designee, and will be comprised of the following members.

1) the Faculty Co-Chair of the Jomn Committee of Faculty and Students,
2) the Student Co-Chair of the Joint Committee of Faculty and Students;
3) the Chair of the Faculty Senate Commuttee on Educational Pohcy;
4) the Charr of the Student Association Senate Academic Affars Committee;
5) the Chatr of the Faculty Senate Executive Committee or a designee;
6) the President of the Student Association or a designee
b) The following critena shall be used in the selection of the student members
7) must be students registered for at least three credtt hours in a degree-granting program of the School which they are representing,
8) must have made satisfactory acadenuc progress and be in good academic standing,
9) may not have any disciplunary record or probation of any sort,
10) may not hold any positon, either elected or appointed. in the Student Assoclation
(c) The followng critera shall be used in the selection of the Faculty members
11) must be full-time faculty members in the School that the; are representing;
12) may not be elected members of the Faculty Senate
(d) Members of the Academic Integnty Council who are charged with any violation of this Code or the "Code of Student Conduct" shall be suspended from participation durng the pendency of the charges against them Members found gulity of any volation of this Code or the "Code of Student Conduct" shall be disqualified from any further participation in the Academic Integnty Counch Faculty members involved in a pending case shall not paracipate on a Heanng Panel dunng the pendency of the charge
(e) The Academic Integnty Council, by a two thirds vote of the membership, may remove a member for non-participation. Each Academic Integrity Council shall, at the beginning of its term, define an expectation of participation for its members
(f) Vacancles, as they occur, shall be filled by the Selection Committee

## Section 4: Case Procedures

(a) Charges involving violations of the Code of Academic Integnty may be initiated by enther faculty, students, libranans or admumstrators Any charges should be made as expeditiously as is reasonably possible (normaily within twelve working days except in the summer or during acadermic breaks and holldays) from the discovery of the infraction Charges may be mitated as follows

1) A student may intiate a charge of academic dishonesty aganst another student, by refernng the case to the faculty member involved and/or to the Academic Integnty Counchl If the case is brought directly to the Acadernic Integnty Council, for actoon by a Hearing Panel, then the Assoclate Vice President for Academic Planning and Special Projects or a designee shall promptly notufy the instructor of the mvolved course
2) When a faculty member intiates a charge or is made avare of a violation which the faculty member determines to be substantive, the faculty member shall contact the Academic Integnty Office in order to discover whether the student has ever been found gulty of a charge of academic dishonesty
3) In first offerise cases, the instructor shall either act directly. in consultation with the Department Charr or refer the case to the Academac Integnty Counchl for action by a Heanng Panel An mstructor who act directly must present the student with specific charges and a proposed sanction Sanctions will be determmed in accordance with Article III, Section 5 and Article II. Section 2 of this Code
4) If the faculty member acts directly then the accused student shall have the nght to appeal directly to the Academic Integnty Council, for action by a Heanng Panel, should he or she disagree with the validity of the charge or the approprateness of the sanction
iil) Second offenses shall go directly to the Academic Integnty Council, for action by a Heanng Panel
iv) If a faculty member is made aware of a volation which the faculty member determines not to be substantuve, the faculty member shall noufy the complaning student prompthy
5) All charges intiated by nemhers of the admumstration or libranans shall go directly to the Academe Integnty Counctl, for action by a Hearing Panel
(c) All actions, on any level, shall be recorded with the Office of the Assocrate Vice President for Academic Planming and Special Projects This includes cases handled directly by instructors.
(c) Deliberation of the hearing shall occur in two stages the establishment of guilt and the recommendation of sanction. To find a respondent gulty, three-quatters of the voung panel members must agree. If the panel finds a respondent guilty, they shall also make a recommendation of sanction. A sanction other than expulsion can be recommended by three-quarters of the votung panel members. A
sanction of expulsion can only be recommended by a unanmous vote of the voting panel members.
(d) Reports of the Hearng Panel shall molude a finding of fact and a determination of the guilt or innocence of the respondent If the respondent is found guitty, then the report will also include a recommendation of sanction Sanctions will be determined in accordance with Article III, Section 5 and Article II, Section 2 of this Code This report shall be forwarded to the Executive Vice Presdent for Academic Affarrs, who will review the report of the Heanng Panel. If in the judgment of the Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs the sanction recommended by the Pane! is significantly at vanance with sanctions mimosed in closely similar cases, the Executive Vice Prestdent for Academic Affars may revise the sancton before notifying the respondent of the Hearing Panel's decision of gult or innocence and the decision as to sanction The complainant, appropriate Department Chair and Dean shall recewe a copy of the Hearng Panel's report and the Executive Vice President's decision as to sanction
(e) These proceedings should be concluded as expeditiously as possible The Heanng Panels should stnve to have proceedings concluded within seven weeks of the report of the violation However, fallure to do so shall not constutute improper procedure under the Code

## Section 5: Sanctions

(a) The recommended mimmum sanction in first offense cases shall be fatlure of the assignment in question The recommended minimum sanction in repeat volation cases shall be falure of the course For more senous offenses sanction may be suspension from the Unversty for a spectied, minmum ame or expulston from the Unisersity. Other sanctions may be appropnate for partcular cases
(b) Sanctions of suspension or expulsion, as a result of academm dishonesty, may only be determined by a Heanng Panel
(c) Attempts to commit acts prohbited by this Code may be punshed to the same extent as completed violations
(d) Respondents found in violation of this Code may also be removed from certain Universty programs, in accordance with the regulations and bylaws of that program
(e) All sanctions except fallure of the assignment in question shall be marked on the respondent's permanent record (1.e, transcript) with the phrase "Academic Dishonesty" In the case of fallure of the course, the notaton shall reman on the transenpt of the respondent for a minmum of two years In the case of suspension or expulsion, the notation shall remain on the transcnpt of the respondent for a minmum of three years After the minumum tme has elapsed, the respondent may petition to the Executive Vice President for Academe Affars for the removal of the sanction notation from the transcupt This provision shall not, however, prohibit any program. department, college or school of the University from retamng records of violations and reporting violations as required by their professional standards, the University may retan, for appropnate admmistrative purposes, records of all proceedings regarding violations of the Code of Acadermic Integnty.

## Section 6: Hearing Panel Procedural Guidelines

(a) All attendant procedures and records of the Academic Integnt; Councll and its Hearing Panels, from the mutal charge to the final resolution, shall be stnctly confidenta!
(b) Respondents and complamants shall be given notuce of the hearing date and the specific charges against them at least five calendar days in advance and shall be accorded reasonable access to
the case file, which will be retaned in the Academuc Integnty Office The instructor of the involved course, appropnate academic Dean, Department Charr and the Dean of Students shall also recerve notification of the pending charges within five calendar days of the hearing
(c) The presiding officer may request the attendance of witnesses upon motion of any panel member, or of either party. Only witnesses who can provide drect knowledge about the given case shall be called. Requests must be approved by the Associate Vice President for Academic Planming and Special Projects or a designee, and shall be personally delivered or sent by certified mail, return recept requested. University students and employees are expected to comply with such requests Complamants and respondents shall be accorded an opportunty to question those witnesses who testify for either party at the heanng. Fallure of witnesses to appear will not invalidate the proceedings
(d) Hearngs whll occur in the absence of respondents who fall to appear after proper notice In this instance, complamants will still be requred to present a case.
(e) Hearings will be closed to the public, without exception. Prospective witnesses, other than the complamant and respondent, shall be excluded from the heanng dunng the testimony of other witnesses All parties and witnesses shall be excluded from Panel deliberations. Both the complanant and the respondent may be accompanied by an advisor. The role of these advisors shall be hmuted to consultation Under no circumstances are advisors permitted to address the Panel or question witnesses At the discretion of the presiding officer, volatons of this limitation will result in the advisor beng ejected from the heanng The University retams the nght to have legal counsel present at any heanng
(f) Heanngs shall be conducted in accordance with the investigatory model of admmstrative heanngs, in which the Heanng Panel assumes responsibility for the questroning of witnesses and the ehcitmg of relevant evidence The purpose of the heanng is to cstablish the facts The burden of proof shall be upon the complanant, who must establish the guil of the respondent by a preponderance of the evidence. "Preponderance of the evidence" is that evidence, which when farly considered, produces the stronger impression, has the greater weight, and is more convincing as to its truth when weighed aganst the evidence offered in opposition
(g) Formal rules of evidence shall not be apphcable in proceedings conducted pursuant to this Code The presiding officer shall have the discreton to admit all matters into evidence that reasonable persons would accept as having probative value. Panel members may take into consideration matters that would be within the general expenence of University students and faculty members
(h) The presiding officer shall exercise control over the proceedings to achese orderly and timely completion of the hearng Any person, including the complanant and respondent, who disrupts a heaning may be excluded by the presiding officer. The presiding officer shall direct the hearing through the following statements from both the complamant and respondent, questoning and cross-examination of witnesses by both the complanant and respondent, the questioning of the complanant, respondent and any witnesses by panel members, and concluding statements by the complainant and respondent.
(1) Hearings shall be tape-recorded These tapes will be retamed for a pernod of three years
(1) Any party may challenge a panel member on the grounds of personal bias. In such cases, panel members may be disquahfied from the heanng by the Associdte Vice President for Academic Planning
and Special Projects or a designee, or upon majonty vote of the remaining members of the Panel, conducted by secret ballot
(k) Witnesses shall be asked to affirm that their testimony is truthful. False testumony will be subject to charges of intentionally provading false information to the Unversty, pursuant to Part 11 (f) of the "Code of Student Conduct"
(1) Affidavits shall only be admitted into evidence if signed by the affiant and witnessed by the Associate Vice President for Academic Planning and Spectal Projects or a designee An affiant who is unable to appear may submit an affidayn which has been witnessed by a notary

## Section 7: Appeals

Appeals of the decision of the Heanng Panel or of the sanction umposed by the Executive Vice President for Acadenuc Affars shall only be based on new evidence or evidence of bas After a decision has been confirmed by the Executive Vice Presdent for Academic Affars, ether party may file, within three working days, an intention to appeal with the Academic Integnty Office A petiton of appeal must be flled within five working days of the declaration of intention Appeals will be reviewed by the President of the University or a designee. The President or a destgnee will then make a dectiston on the appeal, based on the petition and the reports of the Hearing Panel and the Executave Vice President for Academte Affars

## Article IV: Amendments to the Code of Academic Integrity

Section 1: Amendments
(a) Amendments to the Code of Academt Integnty shall be referred to or mutated by enther the Faculty Senate or the Student Association In order for an amendment to pass, both must approve the measure with a simple majonty vote
(b) Amendments will then be forwarded to the Presdent of the Unversity for confirmation and subuussion to the Board of Trustees with the President's recommendation for action

## Section 2: Reports and Reviews

(a) The Office of the Associate Vice President for Academic Planning and Special Projects shall make an annual report to the Academic Affairs Committee of the Board of Trustees, Joint Committee of Faculty and Students, the Faculty Senate Educational Policy Committee, the Student Association Senate Academic Affairs Commttee, and the Counch of Deans on the work of the Academic Integnty Council
(b) The Academac Integnty Councl may, from time to tme, make reports and recommendations to the Faculty Senate, the Student Association Senate or the Jomt Commitee of Faculty and Students about the state of the Code of Academic Integnty
(c) The Office of the Associate Vice President for Academic Planning and Spectal Projects shall coordinate with the Joint Committee of Faculty and Students to conduct a review of the Code of Academic Integrity after its first year of operation. and then at least once every five years after that

## Article V: Implementation

## Section 1: Mission of the Implementation Team

(a) The mission of the Implementation Team will be to plan for effective implementation of the Honor Code and to ensure that appropnate, adequate, and umely preparation is completed pror to the date of implementation
(b) The types of preparation essentual to effective implementation include, but are not limited to the following

1) publication and distribution of the Code itself,
2) preparation of documents that relate the Code to practical student and faculty expenence and that provide both groups with strategres for avolding academic dishonesty.
3) Inclusion of the Honor Code in the recruitment of prospective students and faculty,
4) planning for student, faculty, and graduate teachng assistant onientation, gudance and traming;
5) working out practical detals of implementation not explicitly covered in the Code, such as the orgamzation of the Honor Council, the process for identifying candidates for the Honor Council, and the development of an application for Honor Council members;
6) prepare a fuller listing of potentral sanctions and gudelines about the offenses for which they might be appropnate,
7) planning ways to mantan a high evel of visibility for the Code,
8) developing ways to educate faculty and students about the importance of academic integnty and its impact on the Unisersity

Section 2: Composition of the Implementation Team
(a) The Implementation Team will be convened by the Associate Vice President for Academuc Affarrs, upon adoption of the Honor Code
(b) The Implementation Team will be compnsed of the following members

1) the Faculty Co-Chair of the Jont Committee of Faculty and Students.
2) the Student Co-Chair of the Joint Committee of Faculty and Students,
3) The Chair of the Faculty Senate Commuttee on Educational Poltcy;
4) The Char of the Sudent Association Senate Academic Affars Committee,
5) the Charr of the Faculty Senate Executive Committee or a designate,
6) the Presudent of the Student Assochation or a designate;
7) the Universtry's General Counsel or a designate,
8) the Dean of the Columbian School of Arts and Sciences or a designate,
9) the Dean of the Elliott School of Intemational Affars or a designate,
10) the Dean of the Graduate School of Education and Human Development or a designate;
11) the Dean of the School of Business or a designate,
12) the Dean of the School of Engmeenng and Applted Science or a designate,
13) the Associate Dean of the Health Sciences Program on the School of Medicine and Health Sciences or a designate,
14) the Dean of Students or a designate,
15) any other members of the University the Associate Vice President for Academic Affars or a designate may deem necessary

Approved by the Board of Trustees- May 12, 1995

## Privacy of Student Records

The following statement of pohcy and procedures has been adopted in complance with the provisions of the Famly Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) of 1974, as amended.

Students of record in attendance at the University wall recelve notice of their rights under FERPA by publication in the Universty
Bulletm. Student nghts under FERPA are also published in the Office of the Registrar web site at
http.//wwo gwu edu/~regweb/web-content polcies.html, which is reviewed annually and updated as necessary

## I. Right to Inspect and Review Student Education Records

Any student, once emrolled at The George Washangton University as a student of record, slall have the nght to unspect and review the student's Education Records, as defined in FERPA, wathn 45 days of the day the University recenves a request for access Students should submit to the Universicy Registrar, dean, head of the academic department, or other approprate official, wntten requesis that identify the record(s) they wish to mspect The University official will make arrangements for access and notify the student of the tume and place where the records may be inspected. If the records are not maintained by the Universiry official to whom the request was submited, that official shall adrise the student of the correct offictal to whom the request should be addressed

FERPA also excludes certam records from inspection and these records will not be made a a allable The following records are specifically excluded from mspection

1 Financial records of parents
2 Confidental leters and statement of recommendation entered on the education record after January I, 1975, to which the sudent has walved nght of access

3 Personal notes of mstitutional, supervisory and educational personnel

4 Campus law enforcement records, except reports of myestigations and inculents that have been forwarded for action or information to other University officials

5 Employee files, if the student is employed by the University
6 Medical, psychological-counseling and psychiatric records, or case notes maintamed by appropriate professional personnel.
(Such records may however, be reviewed personally with an appropnate professional of the student's choice.)

7 Admissions record on file m other component units (of the Unversity) in which the student has not yet been enolled

## II. Right to Request Amendment of Records

Any student shall have the nght to request the amendment of the student's education records that are believed to be maccurate or misleading They should.

I Whte the Unversity official responsible for the record.
2 Clearly identify the part of the record they want to be changed, and
3 Specify why it is inaccurate or misleading
If the Unversity decides not to amend the record as requested by the student, the University will notify the student of the decision and advise the student of hus or her nght to a heanng regarding the request for amendment Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the student when notified of the nght to a hearing

## III. Right to Consent to Disclosure of Personally Identifiable Information from Student Records

Any student has the nght to consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contaned in the student's education records, except to the extent that FERPA authonzes disclosure without consent

One exception which permits disclosure without consent is disclosure to school officials with legitimate educational interests A school official is a person employed by the Umversity in an administrative, supervisory, academic, research or support staff position (including law enforcement unt personnel and health staff), a person or company with whom the University has contracted (such as an attorney, auditor or collection agent); a person serving on the Board of Trustees; or a student serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibulity

Upon request, the Unversity discloses education records without consent to officials of another school in which a student seeks or intends to enroll

The University may release the following directory information upon request name, local address (mcluding email), telephone numbers, likeness used in University pubhcations, photographs, name and address of emergency contact, dates of attendance, school or division of enrollment, enrollment status, field of study, credit hours earned, degrees eamed, honors received, participation in University recognized organizations and actunties (including intercollegrate athletics) and height, weight and age of members of athletic teams.

Any student who does not wsh directory information released must file wntten notice to this effect in the Office of the Registrar.

Absent a coumt order to the contrary, the University is required to make a reasonable effort to notify the student in the event of a subpoena of his or her educational record or a judicial order requiring the release of such data.

## IV. Right to File a Complaint

Each student has the nght to file a complamt with the Department of Education concerming alleged failure by the Unversity to comply with the requirements of FERPA. Complaints should be filed in wating to the following address-

Family Policy \& Compliance Office<br>United States Department of Education<br>400 Maryland Avenue, SW<br>Washington, D C 20202-0498

## University Policies Available On-Line

Please visit the following websites for additional information.

Collection of University Policies On Line
http://www.policy.gwu.edu

The Office of the Vice President and General Counsel http://www.gwu.edu/~vpgc/

The Unversity Police Department
http://gwired.gwu.edu/upd

The GWired Network
http://gwired.gwa.edu

## A Final Word About Security

The University is located in one of the safest areas of the city, but no campus is free of cnme, whether it is urban, suburban, or rural. All members of the University communty should therefore take reasonable precautions to protect themselves and their property

The Unversity Police Department provides 24 -hour police service to the campus community and they enforce federal and local statutes as well as GW regulations

Community members, students. faculty, staff, and guests are encouraged to report all cnmmal and public safety related incidents to the University Police Department in a timely manner This can be accomplished by calling 994-6110 for non-emergences or 994-6111 in an emergency The Universig Polnce Department publishes a brochure titled "Pnde in Protection and Service" and sends a notice of avalabihty of the brochure to all registered students and all employ ces on an annual basis There are also other brochures avalable at UPD that provide securnty and safety related information to increase your awareness

## Summary of Programs and Services offered by UPD

- Emergency Phones located in vanous areas throughout the campus
- Escort vans and shuttle buses are avalable to provide safe escorts for students from 7 pm . to 6 a m Students may be escorted to and from campus within the three-block boundanes of the escort seruice For an escort or more information call 994-RIDE
- Crme prevention programs are avalable to groups upon request Topics range from general crime prevention practices to sexual assault prevention.
- Community Service Aides are on duty in several buldings on campus to monitor access and provide additional "eyes and ears" for the University Police Department.
- Sexual Assault Cnsis Consultation Team: members are tramed and prepared io assist the survivor of sexual assault or rape 24 hours a day
- Self-Defense classes are avalable to students and employees Call 994-6994 for dates and tmes

GW is committed to assisting all members of the GW community in providing for their own safety and security. Information regarding campus security and personal safety meluding topics such as, crime prevention, university police law enforcement authonty, cnme reporting policles, cnme statstics for the most recent three year period, and disciplinary procedures is available by accessing our web site at http//gwired gwu.edu/upd or from the UPD at 2033 G Street, NW, Woodhull House, Washington, DC, 10052 (202) 994-6948.

# MOHAMMAD JAVAD HAJJAR-NEJAD v THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:10-cv-0626 (CKK) 

## PLAINTIFF'S

THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

## EXHIBIT 11

(Email Communication by Dean to Trigger Professional Comportment Review)

| From: | W. Scott Schroth |
| :--- | :--- |
| To: | Lee, Juliet |
| Date: | 10/18/2006 10:21:30 AM |
| Subject: | Re: Fwd: MJ |

ok, juliet, thanks. this is very concerning. so i assume this means he will receive at least a conditional (if not a fail) grade for the surgery clerkship? if so, i need to know ASAP because it will mean that we must pull him out of the honors curriculum (!) and integrate him back into the standard curriculum. will reza's evaluation be submitted as part of his formal surgery evaluation? i think it should be, and it may trigger a professional comportment committee review. i will go over it with the other deans.

## scott

W. Scott Schroth, MD, MPH

Senior Associate Dean for Academic Affairs
Associate Professor, Dept. of Medicine
>>> Juliet Lee 10/18/2006 9:40 AM >>>

## Hi Scott

Here is the write up from the Chief Resident on the Surgery service for MJ Hajjar-Nejad.
As we discussed before, he had much difficulty on the surgical rotation on a number of issues. I think the residents and attendings tried very hard to work with him. I also confronted him early on about his shortcomings. I am also quite troubled by the professionalism and integrity issues as outlined in the attachment as well as verbal communications I reeived from the residents. I know Reza Askari very well as do you; he is a residents and physician of high integrity who gave him the benefit of the doubt. I also witnessed Reza giving him essentially dally feedback.

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## PLAINTIFF'S <br> THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

EXHIBIT 12
(GWU Disruption of University Functions Policy)


THEGEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

WASHINGTONDC

Responsible University Official: Chief, University Police Responsible Office: Board of Trustees Origination Date: January 16, 1969

## DISRUPTION OF UNIVERSITY FUNCTIONS

## Policy Statement

No member of the University shall: a) Engage in conduct that obstructs teaching, research or learning; or b) engage in conduct that obstructs free access to members of the University or to University buildings; or c) disobey general regulations of the University: or d) damage University property or injure members or guests of the University.

## Reason for Policy/Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to promote an environment conducive to education and research activities.

## Who Needs to Know This Policy

Faculty, Staff and Students

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## Policy/Procedures

Examples of disruptive conduct include, but are not limited to: Engaging in riots or demonstrations that exceed the bounds of free assembly or lawful advocacy; engaging in conduct that causes or threatens injury to persons or property; acting without authority to prevent another's access to University buildings, facilities or events; interfering with or obstructing fire, police or emergency officials acting in performance of their duties; destroying or damaging University property or the property of others; or causing false fire alarms, or making false reports of emergencies or dangerous conditions.

## Violations

Members of the University may be disciplined for conduct in violation of this policy by dismissal from the University, or by some lesser disciplinary action through procedures established within the University for the governance of its members. Violators may also face criminal prosecution.

## Website Addresses for This Policy

GWIniversity Policies

## Definitions

Member of the University

## University Police Officials

A person, group or organization, including visitors. having a connection with the University, whether the connection is formal or informal, recognized or unrecognized.
UPD employees have the authority to enforce this policy.

## Related Information

Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities, Code of Student Conduct<br>Residential Community Conduct Cuidelines and Administrative Policies<br>Employee Handbook<br>Facults Code<br>Board of Trustees Resolution, January 16, 1969

## Who Approved This Policy

Board of Trustees Resolution, January 16, 1969

Dennis H. Blumer, Vice President and General Counsel

## History/Revision Dates

Origination Date: January 16, 1969

Last Amended Date: April 10, 2006
Next Review Date: April 1,2007

PLAINTIFF'S<br>THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

## EXHIBIT 13

(Correspondence and E-Mail Communications re

> Professional Comportment Subcommittee Review)

# TO：Members of the Professional Comportment Subcommittee <br> Bud Wiederman，M．D．Chairman <br> Carolyn Rabinowitz，M．D． <br> Michael Fishman MSIV <br> Rachel Conn MSIV 

FROM：Rhonda M．Goldberg $)$ ，hic
Associate Dean for Student Affairs
DATE：April 17， 2007
RE：Review of Mohammad Javad Hajjar－Nejad
Thank you for agreeing to serve on the Professional Comportment Subcommittee reviewing Mr Hajjar－Nejad．The Subcommittee will be meeting on Wednesday，April 25， 2007 in 713 Conference Room for approximately two hours．

Enclosed please find the following documents．
1）Regulations for $M D$ Candidates（please refer Section $E$ ）
2）Lener from Dean．Schroth to Mr．Hajjar－Nejad informing him of the formation of the Professional Comportment Subcommittee

3）Email correspondence between Dean Goldberg and Mr Hajar－Najjar regarding the Professional Comportment Subcommittee meermg

4）Apphcation information on Mr．Hajjar－Nejad
5）Letter from Dean Schroth to Mr．Hajar－Nejad summarizing meeting of October 23． 2006
6）First and second year grades
7）POM evaluation from Years 1 and 2
8）Third year clerkship evaluations from Medicine，OBGYN，Primary Care．Surgery and Psychiatry
9）Notes and emails regarding Mr．Hajjar－Nejad during third year rotations
10）Letter and documents sent by Mr．Hajaar－Nejad to President Trachtenbere
I have invited Mr．Hajjar－Nejad to the meeting and have also asked Deans Schroth and Haywood to be available if you choose to interview them．as well as several clerkship evaluators．

Please feel free to contact me should you have any questions．

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 四■ } \\
& \text { - Exhale 1, pis 75-94 } \\
& 3300 \text { Eye Street, NM• Ross Hall } 713 \text { West • washington, dC } 200 j 7 \\
& \text { 202-094-298:•FAX 202-994-0926 }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Subject:

As you know from Dr. Schroth's letter to you dated December 27, 2006, a Professional Comportment Subcommittee is being formed to review reports about you of unprofessional behavior. I will be fachitating that process. I understand that you were provided the Regulations for M.D. Candidates within which are the Professional Comportment regulations. As you can see, the Subcommittee must consist of two students, from ether the third or fourth years, and two faculty members, at least one of whom shall be a member of the MSEC. I am to notify you about the composition of the Subcommittee and you are allowed ten days to object to any person's appontment to the Subcommittee.

The Subcommittee I am proposing is
Dr. Bud Wiederman
Associate Professor and Vice Chair for Education
Dept of Pediatrics
Dr Tim Crimmens
Faculty Member
Division of General Internal Medicine
Michael Fishman MSIV
Anisha Dua MSIV
Flease respond to me in writing (emall or paper) by March 2, 2007
Once a Subcommittee membership is approved, I will set up a meeting.
Please feet free to let me know if you have any questions.
Dean Goldberg

Dear Dean Goldberg,
Per your request to call you immediately on Thursday conveyed to the student coordinator Ms Bradford at Children's National Medical center during student day, I am responding because you have told me to do so. You informed me that I have ten days time to respond. and set my deadline as Monday Therefore, today March 2 nd 1 am responding to you via emall and if you request I can provide a signed copy at your office

The Dean's office, with the formation of three committees of three professors and/or deans accepted my application to the Honor's program after review I was given the results by Dean Schroth. My application was based on two respects. research and three fields of interest The Dean's office approved my proposal in order for me to participate in this program and complete out this plan

Furthermore, university regulations provide that for any remediation approval by the MSEC is first requred. Dean Scott stepped me down from the Honor's program before gong through a committee process to verify and investigate the comments of the evaluations lobeyed with the Office of the Dean and stepped down out of respect for this organization. However, I should have been given due process and taken through the correct procedures. Now that the Dean's office has not done this what is the exact reason for formation of such a subcommittee The reason is vague. Dean Scolt told me during our meeting with Dean Schroth that if I would not step down he would form a committee. Now is after the matter has taken place

Furthermore, Dr. Lee provided in an email to Dean Schroth that I will be able to pass the surgery clerkship given that I have good book knowledge even with the current evaluations and higher score requrements for Honor's students

Also, Dean Schroth provided me with a letter spelling out the program that he has made for me for the third and fourth year of medical school. This was a meeting that you were not present for, but I am sure you have a copy of the letter He informed me that he is the Dean and this is the program that I must follow. I followed his order Now that I have stepped down from Honors, what is this committee supposed to do? I don't understand

I would very much appreciate that you inform the other leadership of the Dean's office. If you would like me to do so, please let me know and I will proceed to do so As I said I have responded objectively and in writing rather than over the phone so as to have no hearsay or ambigulty. I would appreciate it if you respond to me before Shelf exam time nears.

Sincerely,

MJ Hajjar-Nejad, MSIII
GWUSOM

| From: | Rhonda Goldberg |
| :--- | :--- |
| To: | Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad |
| Date: | $3 / 8 / 20075: 45 \mathrm{PM}$ |
| Subject: | Re: Response (possibly spam: 10.8668) |

MJ,
My emall to you on February 20, 2007 was to request that you confirm that you have no objections to any of the proposed Subcommittee members. Since you did not object in your email, I will assume that all are approved and therefore I will set up a meeting to review your situation.
Please understand that the purpose of the meeting is to discuss your behavior reported in your clincal evaluations from the medicine, surgery and obgyn clerkships. I am not clear about your reference to the Honors curriculum or the MSEC in your emall. You will, of course, have an opportunity to talk with the subcommittee and share your views.

1 will contact you as soon as a meeting time and date have been set
Please feel free to let me know if you have any questions
Dean Goldberg
$\Rightarrow$ Mohammad Javad Hajuar-Nejad [ml5@qwu.edu](mailto:ml5@qwu.edu) 3/2/2007859 PM >>>
Dear Dean Goldberg,
Per your request to call you immediately on Thursday conveyed to the student coordinator Ms. Bradford at Children's National Medical center during student day, I am responding because you have told me to do so. You informed me that I have ten days time to respond, and set my deadline as Monday Therefore, today March $2 n d$ I am responding to you va email and if you request I can provide a signed copy at your office.

The Dean's office, with the formation of three committees of three professors and/or deans accepted my apphcation to the Honor's program after review. I was given the results by Dean Schroth My application was based on two respects: research and three fields of interest. The Dean's office approved my proposal in order for me to participate in this program and complete out this plan.

Furthermore, university regulations provide that for any remediation approval by the MSEC is first required. Dean Scott stepped me down from the Honor's program before going through a committee process to verify and investigate the comments of the evaluations 1 obeyed with the Office of the Dean and stepped down out of respect for this organization However, I should have been given due process and taken through the correct procedures Now that the Dean's office has not done this what is the exact reason for formation of such a subcommittee The reason us vague Dean Scott told me during our meeting with Dean Schroth that if I would not step down he would form a committee. Now is after the matter has taken place.

Furthermore, Dr. Lee provided in an emall to Dean Schroth that I will be able to pass the surgery clerkship given that I have good book knowledge even with the current evaluations and higher score requrements for Honor's students.

Also, Dean Schroth provided me with a letter spelling out the program that he has made for me for the third and fourth year of medical school. This was a meeting that you were not present for, but I am sure you have a copy of the letter. He informed me that he is the Dean and this is the program that I must follow. I followed his order Now that I have stepped down from Honors, what is this committee supposed to do? J don't understand

I would very much appreciate that you inform the other leadership of the Dean's office. If you would like me to do so, please let me know and I will proceed to do so. As I said I have responded objectively and in writing rather than over the phone so as to have no hearsay or ambiguty. I would appreciate it if you respond to me before Shelf exam time nears.

Sincerely,

MJ Hajar-Nejad, MSII
GWUSOM

From:
Rhonda Goldberg
To:
Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad
Date: 3/20/20075:51 PM
Subject:
$\mathrm{H}_{1} \mathrm{MJ}$
Unfortunately Dr. Timothy Crimmins is leaving GW and will not be abic to serve on the Professional Comportment Slocomm:tiee. I would like to replace him with Dr. Carolyn Rabinowitz Please let me know if you have any objections to Dr Rabioowitz, and if so, please state your reasons.
As you know, you have 10 days to reply but certainly a more prompt reply would be appreciated
Dean Goidberg

From:
To:
Date:
Subject:

Rhonda Goldberg
Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad 3/22/2007 12:36 PM
Professional Comportment Subcommittee

M]
Please also approve Rachel Cohn MSIV ;or the Subcommittee in the event that Anisha Duan wiii not be able to serve on the Subcommittee.

Thank you
Dean Goldberg

From:
To:
Date:
Subject:

Mohammad Javad Hajar-Nejad <mb5@gwu edu> <msdrmg@gwumc edu>
3/30/200712:49 AM
Response

Dear Dean Goldberg,
As your order to respond within the ten day timeframe 1 am doing so.
With your permission, I would like to itemize for you the March 2, 2007 letter to your office regarding this matter

1) That according to unversity regulations approval by the MSEC is required for any remediation
2) The Dean's office removed me from the Honor's program without the formation of a commitee
3) I respected the decision of the Office of the Dean which ordered me to step down

Therefore, a committee was not formed at that time which was necessary per University policy Please refer to the March 2 no letter for the deials

Sincerely,

MJ Hajjar-Nejad, MSIII
GWUSOM

| From: | Rhonda Goldberg |
| :--- | :--- |
| To: | Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad |
| Date: | $4 / 17 / 20073: 44$ PM |
| Subject: | Professional Comportment Subcommittee |

MJ,

I have scheduled the Professional Comportinent Subcommitee meeting to review your case. Please meet the Suirommittee at 5:15 pm on Wednesday April 25, 2007 in 713 conference room.

I would be happy to meet with you prior to that meeting to review the process and any questions you may have Please call Natalie at $994-3176$ to schedute a time

Take care,
Dean Goldberg

From:
Mohammad Javad Hajar-Nejad <mj5@gwu edu>
To: <msdrmg@gwumc edu>
Date: 4/18/20076:40 PM
Subject: Response to Dean's office email on April 17, 2007

Dear Dean Goldberg.

I am writing this letter in response to your ematl on April 17, 2007 and stating the following based on mentorious grounds and in line with the laws and regulations of The George Washington University

1. That on February 20, 2007 you ematled about a Professional Comportment Subcommittee. (Exhibit 1)
2. That on March 2, 2007 I responded to your emal stating that there is no base for the formation of any committee for the reasons stated in my response emall. (Exhibit 2)

3 That you responded on March 8, 2007 stating that I did not object and that you would proceed with a committee However, attention to my March 2 nd letter clearly conveys that I objected wholeheartedly Interesting enough you cile that you don't understand my points in regards to the MSEC and the Honor's curriculum ( 1 e., alternative curriculum). There was a complete disregard ior the varid and just ponts that were raised. You said that a meeting regarding this subject would be arranged and I would be contacted, but no email was sent. (Exhibit 3)

4 That on March 20 and March 22, 2007 you wrote two emails and did not at all refer to the subject raised by me and according to which University policies my objections were correct or not. (Exhibit 4 and 5, respectively)

5 That on March 30, 2007 I provided three points that elucidated the subject for you. However, you did not respond until seventeen (17) days tater In your response, you did not respond to the original and main point

6 That on April 17, 2007 you emialled me without attention to my three points raised and no denat of my argument This means that you agreed to what I said Furthermore, in accord with what I have learned from you ten (10) days is the allotted time for a response per University procedure Your response was after the ten day period
7. The policy and rules of our University are a night to its students. In effect, this is our constitution that we respect The right that our constitution at GW has given me I have not been allowed to use. The Dean's offices' unilateral decision making without following University procedures is unjust.

Sincerely,

MJ Hajar-Nejad, MSII
GWUSOM

| From: | Rhonda Goldberg |
| :--- | :--- |
| To: | Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad |
| Date: | $4 / 19 / 2007$ 3:20 PM |
| Subject: | Re: Response to Dean's office email on April 17, 2007 |

MJ.
The procedures for the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment are set forth in the 2006-2007 School of Medicine and Health Sciences Bulletin. I would specifically call your attention to Section E of the Regulations for M D. Candidates which sets forth the procedures that must be followed. (this document is also on the www.qwumc edu website). As is stated in Section $\mathrm{E}(10)$, you and or an attorney or advisor may attend the information gathering sessions of the Subcommittee and may speak on your own behalf and present material for the Subcommittee to consider. I would suggest that you drect any issues that you have drectly to the Subcommittee. As you have been previously notified, the Subcommittee meeting will take place on Wednesday, April 25, 2007 at 5.15 pm in 713 Ross Hall.

Dean Goldberg
>>> Mohammad Javad Hajar-Nejad <mbS@qwu edu> 4/18/2007 6:40 PM >>>
Dear Dean Goldberg,

I am writing this letter in response to your emall on April 17, 2007 and stating the following based on mertorious grounds and in line with the laws and regulations of The George Washington University

1. That on February 20, 2007 you emalled about a Professional Comportment Subcommittee. (Exhibr 1)

2 That on March 2, 2007 I responded to your email stating that there is no base for the formation of any committee for the reasons stated in my response eman (Extubt 2)

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7 The policy and rules of our University are a night to its students. In effect, this is our constitution that we respect. The nght that our constitution at GW has given me I have not been allowed to use. The Dean's offices' unilateral decision making without following University procedures is unjust.

Sincerely,

MJ Hajar-Nejad, MSIII
GWUSOM

| From: | Rhonda Goldberg |
| :--- | :--- |
| To: | Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad |
| Date: | $4 / 23 / 20074: 47 \mathrm{PM}$ |
| Subject: | Professional Comportment Subcommittee |

## MJ,

As you know, the Professional Comportment Subcommittee is meeting at 5:15 on Wednesday, April 25, 2007 in 713 Ross Hall conference room.
As I mentioned in my previous emall, I would be happy to meet with you prior to that meeting to discuss the process and answer any questions.
I have distributed materials to the Subcommittee for their review, a copy of which you can pick up from Natalie in the Dean's office. In addition, please notify me by 2:00 p.m on Tuesday, April 24, 2007 if you plan to bring an attorney/advisor to the proceedings If you would like to submit any material for the Subcommittee to review in addition to the material in the packet mentioned above, please either email it to me by tomorrow evening and I wil make coples for them, or bring 5 coples with you to the meeting

Feel free to let me know if you have any questions
Dean Goldberg

| From: | Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad <mj5@gwu edu> |
| :--- | :--- |
| To: | Rhonda Goldberg<msdrmg@gwumc edu> |
| Date: | $4 / 24 / 20071.01 \mathrm{PM}$ |
| Subject: | Fesponse |

Dear Dean Goldberg,
I would appreciate your consideration to my points below However, there is much to be said and this is in no way all inclusive and does not signify any agreement to anything.

It is a very shor notice to tell me today that I can come and get my file one day before Wednesday This could have been done much further in advance

Also, the notice for this hearing was very late in coming again giving me short notice to bring my attorney $I$ am and have been working very hard to speak with my attorney who is out of town so that he or someone from his law firm would appear In fact, given the very late notice I have spent most of my time on coordinating my attorney to be present

My family works with two law firms, Ferguson, Schetelich \& Ballew, PA. and the Law Offices of Michael Beasley We aie working on finding a partner that practices in D C Addilionally, no discovery has been provided one day before Wednesday.

This is not farr at all

Sincerely,
M.J. Hajuar-Nejad
---.- Original Message -.--.
From• Rhonda Goldberg <msdrmg@gwumc edu>
Date: Monday, Aprl 23, 2007 4:47 pm
Subject Protessional Comportment Subcommittee
To: Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad <mj5@gwu edu>
$>\mathrm{MJ}$,
$>$
$>$ As you know, the Professional Comportment Subcommittee is meeting at
$>5: 15$ on Wednesday, April 25, 2007 in 713 Ross Hall conference room
$>$ As I mentioned in my previous email, I would be happy to meet with
> you prior to that meeting to discuss the process and answer any questrons.
$>$ i have distributed materials to the Subcommittee for their review, a $>$ copy of which you can pick up from Natalie in the Dean's office. In
$>$ addition, please notify me by 2:00 p.m. on Tuesday, April 24, 2007 if
$>$ you plan to bring an attorney/advisor to the proceedings. If you
$>$ would like to submit any material for the Subcommittee to review in
$>$ addition to the matenal in the packet mentioned above, please etther
$>$ email it to me by tomorrow evening and I will make coples for them, or
$>$ bring 5 coples with you to the meeting
$>$
$>$ Feel free to let me know if you have any questions

87

| From: | Rhonda Goldberg |
| :--- | :--- |
| To: | Mohamrnad Javad Hajjar-Nejad |
| Date: | $4 / 25 / 200711: 35$ AM |
| Subject: | professional comportment subcommittee |
| MJ |  |

Frease call me as soon as possible
202-994-3176
Dean Goldberg

| From: | Rhonda Goldberg |
| :--- | :--- |
| To: | Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad |
| Date: | $4 / 25 / 200712: 50$ PM |
| Subject: | Professional Comportment Subcommittee Meeting |

M],
You have not responded to my e-mall vi yesterday during which I advised you to let me know by 9:00 am. this morning as to whether you wanted an extension of the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment hearing which I offered to you This morning, we have left multiple voice malls and an e-mall for you asking that you contact me this morning, but you have not contacted me regarding the extension. In light of this, I am attempting to re-schedule the hearing until Wednesday, May 2, 2007 at $5: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. In Ross Hall 713 I will let you know as soon as possible if that date is confirmed. Please be advised that no further postponements of the hearing will be
granted. Once again, I will need to know if you are planning to bring an attorney/advisor. The packet of information distributed to Subcommittee members is available for you to pick up in my office

Please let me know if you have any questions
Dean Goldberg

From: Mohammad Javad Hajıar-Nejad<mj5@gwu edu=
To: <msdrmg@gwumc.eduン
Date: 4/25/2007 3:55 PM
Subject: Response

Dear Dean Goldberg,
I was preparing for the hearing today. I recently checked that your office had called and canceled the hearing for today. I informed my attorney that your office had canceled and has re-scheduled to next week May 2, 2007 at 5.00 PM at the same location I will inform him to contact you as soon as possible to forward his request to you and recelve the file you recommended yesterday

Sincerely,

M J. HajJar-Nejad, MSIII
GWUSOM

| From: | Rhonda Goldberg |
| :--- | :--- |
| To: | Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad |
| Date: | $4 / 25 / 20074: 38 \mathrm{PM}$ |
| Subject: | Re: Response |

MJ,
The hearing was posiponed at your request of yesterday Since you did not respond to repeated calls and e-mails today, it was unclear whether you planned to appear this evening and we did not want the Subcommittee members to appear if you were not going to go forward. That having been said, we are attempting to re-schedule for either next Wednesday or Thursday depending upon the availability of the Subcommittee members and I will let you know once it has been confirmed.

Dean Goldberg
$\ggg$ Mohammad Javad Hajuar-Nejad <m15@gwu edu> 4/25/2007 3.55 PM >>>
Dear Dean Goldberg,
I was preparing for the hearing today. I recently checked that your office had called and canceled the hearing for today I informed my attorney that your office had canceled and has re-scheduled to next week May 2, 2007 at 5:00 P.M. at the same location 3 will inform him to contact you as soon as possible to forward his request to you and recelve the file you recommended yesterday.

Sincerely,
M.J. Hajjar-Nejad, MSII

GWUSOM

From: Rhonda Goldberg
To: Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad
Date: 4/26/2007 7:22 PM
Subject: Professional Comportment Subcommittee

M]
The Professional Comportment Subcommittee meeting has been rescheduled for Thursday, May 3, 2007 at 5:00 pm. In the 713 Conference Room of Ross Hall. Please let me know not later than Monday at noon whether or not you will be bringing an attorney/advisor.

Dean Goldberg

| From: | Mohammad Javad Hajar-Nejad <mj5@gwu educ> |
| :--- | :--- |
| To: | [msdrmg@gwumc.edu](mailto:msdrmg@gwumc.edu) |
| Date: | $4 / 27 / 2007528$ PM |
| Subject: | Rule to Follow for Composition of the Subcommittee 6-19, and in advance Sections 1 - |
| 5 (possibly spam 59793 ) |  |

Dear Dean Goldberg.

Please allow me to summarize my concern (s) and request in line with MD Candidate Regulations and University policy.
A.) This email is in no way all inclusive and does not signify any agreement to anything This only deals with the committee selection and my other motions will be provided on hearing day the point of the email below is that the entire issue of discussion was about whether to form a committee or not. It had nothing to do with selection of its members This is because I had already stepped down from the Honor's program You bypassed that discussion by not responding and by selecting committee members while the point of a committee was not addressed yet. You did this without first addressing the factual reasons that would necessitate starting such a process.
B.) Starting the selection of committee members without given full discourse and consideration of Sections 1-5 of Article $E$ is plain and simple wrong. In fact due process was not given and sections of 1-5 of Article $E$ as spelled out in the Motion abrogated.

1
In my last email on April 18, 2007 I explained that since the start of our dialogue together you never responded to my original objection. The objection was that a committee was not formed at the lime I was stepped down from the Honor's program.
2. You, as a Dean, did not respond to my objection. I was not told directly that I am not right and that a committee was being formed for the same reasons as before and that the members of this committee are as follows
3.

As a result, the original reason for the need to form a committee was not addressed You rather repeatedly dented me a response and unilaterally proceeded to form and confirm your own committee members without my input as the record of emails very clearly like daylight shows
4. If you now wish to form a committee for those same reasons I am guaranteed certain specific rights from our regulations and university policy.
5.

Additionally, there was never one all inclusive email that put forth the exact factual reason for formation of a committee and the exact members for that committee for those particular reasons. There is a lack of a final list of committee members to allow me the right to decide who would be on such a committee. This is both haphazard and one-sided, being demonstrable of a complete lack of respect for the MD Candidate Regulations. This method of conduct is not straightforward and raises significant concern.
6.

This is unilateral and haphazard delineating a lack of compliance with the regulations as set forth. A number of these points are illustrated below, and are to be provided in a motion requesting dismissal during the hearing, however I am providing them to you now so that you will have time to correct the errors and so that you will have been notified well in advance of next week:
a
Section 6 of Article E states that the subcommittee and its charr are to be named by the Chair of the MSEC. First, I have not been informed who the chair of the MSEC is. In your February 20,2007 email you directly state that you have chosen the subcommittee members. There was no response to my March 2, 2007 email questioning the point for the formation of a committee and with a very direct objection Your March 8, 2007 response says that you assume all are approved, referring to
the members you selected, and that you confirmed without my input. Also, as a side point you state in March 8, 2007 that you will contact me as soon as a meeting lime and date have been set. You did not do as you said you would
b.

Further, in line with Section 6 of Articie $E$, I have to be notified who of the two faculty members is a member of the MSEC during selection of members As a Dean you have not notified me so and as a result of this denied my right to know per this article and Section 7 of Article $E$ in approving members of a commottee by me
c
Moreover, without my confirmation and approval on March 20, 2007 you changed one of the faculty members again in violation of Sections 6 and 7 of Article $E$
d
As a continuation of show of neglect for the Regulations you hold students accountable to but you yourself don't follow you changed one of the two (2) students and have not informed me up until loday who of the three (3) students you have emalled me is on the committee that you selected and confirmed all by yourself

7
I have been demed my right to participate in the selection of a committee for the above stated reasons, in accord with Section 7 of Article $E$ and one that I believe would have an minmate understanding of the idiosyncrasies of the matier due to certan specific carcumstances of this case
$8 \quad$ Also, additional errors in procedure were committed that are present in the Motion that Requesis Secondary Dismissal based on errors in procedure 9

According to the regutations that allow me a right to partic!pate in this process ! have selected the following committee members. Please know that I respect each professor and student that you have suggested, but the guidelines allow me the right to have a say in this matter

| 10. Faculty Member No. 1. Dr. Matthew Mintz, Associate Frotessor of Medicme |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 11 Faculty Member No. 2 Dr Kurt Johnson, Professor of Anatomy and Cell Brology |  |
| 12 | Student No. 1. Asad Chaudhry MSIV |
| 13. Student No. 2 Omer Awan MSIll |  |
| 14. | These are my selections in accordance with the regulations |

Sincerely,
M.J. Hajjar-Nejad, MSIII

GWUSOM

PLAINTIFF'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

## EXHIBIT 14

(Twenty One (21) Questions Presented to Subcommittee on Professional Comportment and Never Answered Against MD Candidate Regulations)

From Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad [mj5@gwu.edu](mailto:mj5@gwu.edu)
Sent Friday, May 4, 2007 4:30 pm
To msdrmg@gwumc.edu
Subject Questions Presented to and for the Committee
Dear Dean Goldberg,
Here are my questions that the committee stated I have until 5 P.M. today to submit. I would appreciate you forwarding them to the committee.
(1) If the Dean's office has as its primary response that all concern (s) risen by me will be addressed by the sub-committee, then why does the sub-committee close the door on the matter of grades/evaluations by stating that they will be not be considered but rather the focus will only be on the behavior issues? Why did the dean's office not respond to my objections and designate the responsibility to the committee which clearly explained that this is not its role?
(2) What is the reason for the above way of proceeding if the behavior issues were drawn from the evaluations, which in turn determine the grades?
(3) During his statement to the committee, Dean Schroths'statement that I had not informed the Office of the Dean about not taking the Surgery Shelf exam does not match with the email from his secretary Ms. Johnson stating that I had spoken to her about this already. Is there a communication barrier in the Office of the Dean regarding such matters, and if so, what are its implications?
(4) Also, in his timeline Dean Schroth states that this matter started in April of 2006, however, given that the third year clerkships do not start until July, does this timeline provide for an accurate reflection of the facts of this case?
(5) In line with the above question, why did the Dean's office include new documents in the file that were not given to me in advance?
(6) In regards to the above question why was there a letter provided of our October 23, 2006 meeting that was never given to me? The Dean's office has always communicated with me by email, so why is there not any email record of such a letter? Also, along with that, why does the letter not accurately reflect the contents of our meeting together as spelled out in my brief to the case?
(7) Will the committee being willing to satisfy the necessary proper investigation of this matter by speaking with my other clinical supervisors (Departments other than medicine and surgery) about my interactions with them and residents during their respective rotations?
(8) Pertaining to the question above, will the committee in order to fully satisfy a proper investigation of this matter explore from the departments in the hospital (other than medicine and surgery) if they give consideration of student behavior in evaluations?
(9) If Dr. Lee thought it was necessary to give me any instructions on performance, why did she not inform me in writing before she submitted her letter to the Deans at the very end of the clerkship?
(10) In line with the question above, was it not late that Dr. Lee has waited until the end of the clerkship to address the matter officially and in writing?
(11) If Dr. Askari thought that it was necessary to give me any instructions on performance, why did he not inform me in writing during the clerkship before submitting his letter to the Dean's office at the end of the clerkship?

- Exhbit1,p9s 98-102-98
(12) In line with the question above, why did Dr. Askari not provide me with official mid-rotation feedback on the Department's official forms?
(13) During questioning of Dr. Lee she admitted that the information that she had conveyed to the office of the Dean in her writing was not first hand information, rather it was secondhand information. Why did she write it as a first hand observation while at the hearing she described that many of her points raised were from other residents?
(14) In line with the question above, what is the consequence both on the student and with regard to the MD candidate regulations given her method of proceeding based on second-hand information?
(15) Dr. Gaskins, the Obstetrics and Gynecology resident, was not my teaching resident (TR) at the start of the evaluation? All of my other colleagues on the rotation were evaluated by Dr . Lenaburg given our interactions with her in teaching sessions. Why did a different TR that had not worked with me directly but for one (1) day evaluate me?
(16) In line with the question above, Dr. Palmer writes that I found the "easy way out of doing work." Given that I was only doing inpatient as part of the Honor's curriculum, why did Dr. Palmer, an outpatient attending comment on my work ethic?
(17) Further, with the above stated question in mind, why were there no comments by Dr. Palmer on my academic performance and understanding which was what our interactions were primarily based on?
(18) In my medicine evaluations, it cites a problem with timing and being on rounds on time. How does this compare when looked at in light of Dr. Jablonover's statement (s) that there was only one known incident of being late according to his knowledge? Does his statement not contradict the generalization (s) made by the Medrcine evaluation?
(19) Additionally, how does the interpretation of the medicine and surgery evaluations change based on the good faith reports made by me after a request by the Dean's office for me to put in writing such information? Does the issue of temporal causality factor into this framework given that my report (s) was filed on September 22, 2006, both before the Medicine and Surgery evaluations.
(20) In line with the question above, and generally speaking, is there a disservice done to the facts of this matter when it is examined in bits and pieces rather than connecting the thread of evidence and seeing what transpired in its entirety?
(21) Why were the evaluations that are intertwined with reports on behavior not processed according to the MD candidate regulations with the necessary reviews and committees formed at the correct time in this matter ten (10) months ago?

Sincerely submitted,

MJ Hajjar-Nejad, MSIII

# MOHAMMAD JAVAD HAJJAR-NEJAD v THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:10-cv-0626 (CKK) 

PLAINTIFF'S<br>THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

## EXHIBIT 15

(Letter from University Registrar re Transcript-Letter of No Transcript)

THFGEORGE
WASIHNGTON
LNIVERSITY

## LETTER OF NO TRANSCRIPT

April 7， 2008

## RE：Mohammad Javad Hajjar－Nejad

To Whom It May Concern：
The Office of the Registrar is unable to produce a transcript for the above mentioned individual because this student has a hold on therr record and it is the policy of the university not to issue transcripts for students who have specific types of holds．

The hold was placed by the Dean of the School of Medicine and Health Sciences and reads ＂Dısmissed per SMHS＂．

The George Washington University is accredited by its regional accrediting agency，the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools．

This is an offictal document of the George Washington Universtry and serves as a valid verfication of student information．If you have any additional questions concerning this matter， please call（202）994－4900．

Sincerely，

## Ededmundton

Elizabeth A．Amundson
University Registrar

## EXHIBIT 16

(Letter from University Registrar re Transcript-Letter of Record Status)

- --

THLGEORGE
WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY

## LETTER OF RECORD Status

April I4, 2008

## Re: Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad

To Whom It May Concern:

This is to certify that the academic hold (SMHS Dean's Office) preventing the above student from obtaining his transcript was erroneously placed. The hold was intended to prevent future registration, but unwittingly additionally prevented transcript production. The hold was removed on April 8, 2008. The student remains dismissed from The George Washington University for reasons of Professional Comportment effective July 26, 2007.

The George Washington University is accredred by its regional decredring agency, the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools.

This is an official document of the George Washington University and serves as a valid verification of student information. If you have any additional questions concerning this matter, please call (202) 994-4900.

Sincerely,


Elizabeth A. Amundson
University Registrar

# PLAINTIFF'S <br> THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT 

## EXHIBIT 17

(Affidavit of Mr. Jad Sarsour, Plaintiff's Emergency Counsel for MSEC)

# GILL \& GALLINGER LLP 

## LOS ANGELES | WASHINGTON | ST. LOUIS

1750 Tysons Boulevard, Suite 100
McLean, VA 22102
P: (703) 992-6849
F: (703) 940-7077

November 8, 2007
Mr. Gustavo F. Velasquez
Director
Office of Human Rights
Government of the District of Columbia
One Judiciary Square
441 4th Street NW
Suite 570N
Washington, DC 20001
Re: Docket No. 08-020-EI
Subject: Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad vs. The George Washington University School of Medicine and Health Sciences

Dear Mr. Velasquez,
I was present on June 18, 2007 during the MSEC hearing against Mr. Hajjar-Nejad as emergency counsel.

I witnessed firsthand that he was discriminated against. I have presented the facts clearly and concisely below in my affidavit that is signed, sworn and notarized.

Very Truly Yours,


Jad N. Sarsour. Esq.
Gill \& Gallinger, LLP
jsarsour@gillgallinger.com

# GILL \& GALLINGER LLP 

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## AFFIDAVIT FOR DISCRIMINATION

I, Jad N. Sarsour, witness UNDER OATH SWEAR that I am an attorney and TESTIFY

## THAT:

1. I fully affirm the accuracy of the facts contained within the Medical Student Evaluation Committee (MSEC) transcript hearing (See Exhibit 2, Transcript, End, pgs. 1-21). It was transcribed by Mr. Hajjar-Nejad after being denied permission to tape record the June 18, 2007 hearing. I was present during the hearing as emergency counsel.
2. The hearing was one-sided and proper defense and freedom to speak freely was not permitted. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad was not permitted to speak freely, was told to be quiet when trying to defend himself, and was not allowed to ask any questions. During the end, he was able to speak to the MSEC after being forced to remain silent most of the session. In fact, prior to the hearings start, the Dean, Ms. Rhonda Goldberg, told him to remain silent and to only respond to questions. Even while speaking, he was told to stop speaking by Dr. Michael Golder. Upon examining the regulations, it was apparent that this is not the appropriate procedure. Also, he was denied the right to bring any witnesses forward.
3. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad asked that the committee review and respond to the 21 questions he presented to the lower Subcommittee on Professional Comportment of the MSEC who

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met on May 3, 2007 (See Exhibit 1, pgs. 98-102). He explained that the Dean removed him unjustly from the Honors Academic Program based on false evaluations. He was told by the Chairman of the Subcommittee that his questions were concerned with process and thereby all ignored. This is in violation of the regulations that provide for questioning and cross-examination (See Exhibit 1, pgs. 130-134).
4. He explained clearly to the members of the MSEC and Chairman of the Subcommittee that the restrictions against him were not uniform. In fact, upon examining the record, they are absolutely discriminatory. In effect the administration of the dean's office changed the school's regulations specifically for Mr. Hajjar-Nejad by changing grading policies (See Exhibit 3, pgs. 101-114).
5. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad put in plain words that he had communicated with the Deans that he was removed from the Honors Academic Program without the formation of a committee review process which was necessary because he was admitted into the program based on a committee review and the regulations necessitated such a process (See Exhibit 1, pgs. 75-94). He conveyed that the Deans, precisely Drs. Scott Schroth and Jim Scott, told him to leave the Honors program and stop doing all research on heart disease (See Exhibit 3, pgs. 1-18).
6. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad stated that the Dean told him on October 23. 2006 that he did not want him to follow a direct path into surgery as a profession. Additionally, he informed the

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MSEC members that the dean stated his comments on research made the dean angry (See Exhibit 2, Transcript, End, pgs. 1-21).
7. Furthermore, Mr. Hajjar-Nejad elucidated that the dean and his administration were actively discriminating against him during the subcommittee hearing by selectively choosing documents to place on the record for review by the subcommittee.
8. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad enlightened the MSEC that the Dean was pre-informing and biasing clerkship directors against him so that he would receive capricious and damaging academic evaluations. Along with this, he clearly conveyed that he had appealed his grades in medicine and surgery according to the regulations and had not received a response (See Exhibit 2, pgs. 126-127).
9. Mr. Hajjar-Ncjad informed the MSEC that the Dean, Dr. Scott Schroth had emailed the Director of the Medicine clerkship, Dr. Robert Jablonover, informing him that he had leveled criticisms at the Director and the Department of Medicine (See Exhibit 2, p.15). This violated the confidentiality clause of the university non-retaliation policy and resulted in retaliation against Mr. Hajjar-Nejad.
10. Additionally, Mr. Hajjar-Nejad stated to the MSEC that Dean Scott Schroth had told the Director of Surgery to give him a conditional or failing grade (See Exhibit 1, p.95) after the Director had explained that he would pass the clerkship (See Exhibit, p. 96). This is a distinct act of discrimination against Mr. Hajjar-Nejad.

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11. Importantly, the matter of timing was brought before the MSEC (See Exhibit 1, pgs. 5556). Additionally, upon examination of the record, it showed that the Dean had broken rules that she had set. For instance, an apparent ten day filing period for responses was not honored by the Dean (See Exhibit 1, p.83)
12. On June 24, 2007, I delivered by certified mail a letter to the Dean stating that it was inappropriate that the dean did not provide Mr. Hajjar-Nejad the subcommittee recommendations until after midnight of the day of the MSEC hearing. ${ }^{1}$ This was damaging to him despite the fact that the hearing appeared to me to be fixed by the Dean in advance. The Chairman of the MSEC, Dr. Jeffrey Akman, was an employee of the dean, including the members of the MSEC.
13. The MSEC failed to provide a written opinion or recommendations based on the hearing, evidence or facts of the case conveyed by Mr. Hajjar-Nejad. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's questions in the MSEC written statement for the MSEC were ignored as were his twenty one questions for the subcommittee (See Exhibit 2, p.13). It is unfathomable how a private institution such as G.W. easily violates the rights of its students by not following its own regulations or federal civil laws that protect civil rights.
14. The MSEC without any basis decided to dismiss Mr. Hajjar-Nejad from medical school. Upon review of a memo from the Chairman, the MSEC by way of a motions and secret
[^8]
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voting reached a decision (See Exhibit 1, pgs. 143-144). No opinion of the faculty or members of the MSEC was provided.

Wherefore, in light of the facts above, I solemnly swear under the penalties of perjury and my personal knowledge that the contents of this affidavit are true. Accordingly that Mr . Hajjar-Nejad has been discriminated against on the bases of his national origin, religion and retaliated against in violation of the D.C. Human Rights Act of 1977, as amended.


Signed and Sworn $\qquad$ November, 2007

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME THIS DATE:


## PLAINTIFF'S

 THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT
## EXHIBIT 18

(Mr. Syed H. Zaidi Affidavit, Plaintiff's Counsel for Subcommittee)

December 10, 2007
Mr. Gustavo F. Velasquez, Director Office of Human Rights

Re: Docket No. 08-020-El
Subject: Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad vs. The George Washington University School of Medicine and Health Sciences

Dear Mr. Velasquez,
I was emergency counsel to Mr. Mohammad Javad Hajjar-Nejad on May 3, 2007 for the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment of the Medical Student Evaluation Committee (MSEC).

I have personal knowledge of the facts of this case and that a determination for discrimination based on the D.C. Human Rights Act of 1977 is warranted.

Sincerely,


## AFFIDAVIT OF DISCRIMINATION

I, Syed H. Zaidi, witness under oath hereby swear that I am an attorney and I testify to the following facts and my attestation is based on my knowledge obtained from the documents and information provided to me by Mr. Hajjar-Nejad before and after the hearing on May 3, 2007, which was conducted by the Subcommittee on Professional Comportment of the Medical Student Evaluation Committee (MSEC).

My affirmation is divided into three parts:

1. Breaches in regulation of the university and school of medicine in forming a subcommittee
2. Errors in procedure and violation of civil rights during the subcommittee hearing, and
3. Further violations of internal university and federal regulations within the subcommittee recommendations.
4. Process up to Subcommittee:
i. As I was present with Mr. Hajjar-Nejad at the hearing, I observed that Mr. HajjarNejad was fully cooperative, directly responded to questioning by members of the subcommittee and maintained a professional demeanor throughout.
ii. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad advised me that he was informed by Dean Scott Schroth On December 27, 2006, that a Subcommittee on Professional Comportment of the

MSEC would be formed against him (Exhibit 3, p. 16). The purpose of the investigation was to evaluate unprofessional behavior, according to the Dean. On this same day, the same Dean, wrote that in order to complete his third year of medical school a two month repetition of the surgery clerkship was necessary (Exhibit 3, p. 17).
iii. After a two-month gap, on February 20, 2007, Mr. Hajjar-Nejad was informed by another Dean, that the Subcommittee was going to take place. This was during the same week of his psychiatry exam, and he felt that the threats of committee formation, precisely coinciding with exam times, was to destroy Mr. HajjarNejad's academics and to be part of an overall larger attempt to harass.(Exhibit 2, p.5).
iv. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad communicated his objections to the Dean to the formation of a sub-committee on March 2, 2007, clearly stating that there was no reason to form it, because the dean had already reviewed the matter and made a decision.

First, he objected because the Dean had already decided to remove him from the Honors program and to stop his research on October 23, 2006. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad informed him that L.C.M.E guidelines state students should have the opportunity to perform research (Section B, IS-14 L.C.M.E. Standards for Accreditation of Medical Education Programs). Initially he requested that the Dean allow him to continue his research work. It was denied by the Dean.

Second, Mr. Hajjar-Nejad at that time requested that the decision of his removal from the Honor's Program should be through a committee process but was denied.

It could be easily inferred that Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's request was based on two principles:

First, that he was admitted into honors program through a nine person committee and the removal should also be through a committee process, and

Second, that the regulations require the dean form a committee prior to removing him from his academic program and not to form committee just to confirm his decision which he made ultra vires.

Therefore, taking the regulations into consideration, the dean violated his rights by not forming a committee at the time it was necessary in line with the regulations. By moving to further punish Mr. Hajjar-Nejad by reopening a closed matter with new late false allegations demonstrates a distinct, biased and prejudiced act of the administration of the Dean's office.
v. In violation of the regulations, the Dean made appointments of the members of the subcommittee rather than the Chairman of the MSEC (Exhibit 1, p. 76). It is apparent from the documents that the dean's hands were involved in the entire process from rendering of evaluations, to forming subcommittees and determining punishments and restrictions.
vi. The Dean's involvement is evident from the record. On October 18, 2006, about a month after the surgery rotation ended and five days before Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's removal from the honors academic program, the Director of the Surgery rotation emailed a written report by Dr. Reza Askari (General Surgery resident) to the Dean (Exhibit 1, p. 97, paragraph 2). Next, on October 18, 2006, Dean Schroth replies stating that Mohammad will not pass the surgery clerkship, he will be removed from Honors (before even forming the subcommittee or getting its recommendations for removal) and that the resident report should be used to "trigger" a subcommittee on professional comportment (Exhibit 1, p. 97, paragraph 1). Dean Schroth had already told Dr. Lee on September 22, 2006 not to pass him. Clearly from all this it is evident that the Dean was retaliating against Mr. Hajjar-Nejad after his good faith report submitted on September 22, 2006 (See Eximit 3, pgs. 1-15).
vii. Obviously, his removal from the honors academic program was not based on academic reasons. Also at that time the Dean made no mention of any professional concerns. According to the medical school's regulations (herein after referred to as "Regulations") the dean is obliged to inform the student of any professional concerns in writing. No such action was taken until December 27, 2007, well after Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's removal from the Honors Academic Program and almost three (3) months after the surgery rotation had ended. This demonstrates mishandling by the office of the dean. The Dean, against the school's own regulations, dictated what grades Mr. Hajjar-Nejad was to receive, biased his evaluations and used information against him which was not true.
viii. Lack of openness and disclosure is evident from many aspects. One, when the Dean informed Mr. Hajjar-Nejad on December 27, 2006 about his professional concerns, he never told Mr. Hajjar-Nejad beforehand what would be the subject of the meeting. Rather, he told him that he wished to discuss his spring semester schedule (Exhibit 4, Section 4a).
ix. The period between December 27, 2006 (letter) and April 17, 2007 (e-mail) that specifically gives a time for the hearing was a four-month hi-a-tus. Prima-facie, the motive of the dean to proceed after such a gap of four months lacks bona fides. It may be assumed that the motive could have stemmed from the tragedy at Virginia Tech that happened on April 16,2007 . It appears that the deans were justifying their actions to retaliate against Mr. Hajjar-Nejad after his September 22, 2006 good faith report and Brief submitted to President Trachtenberg that highlighted student mistreatment, poor meaical education and deficiencies in patient care that the administration was responsible for. Or, preemptively acting to punish and investigate Mr. Hajjar-Nejad to make an example of him rather than addressing the above issues he had rased with the Dean's office for the betterment of patients and training of physicians based on the Senior Associate Dean's request. Dean Scott Schroth had told him to write such a report. Rather than dealing with such deficiency and tragedy through a university town hall meeting to address student concerns the Dean decided to use this report as an opportune time for his office to punish a student that had provided recommendations for fixing internal university problems that dealt with health care for the District of Columbia area and training of physicians.
x. On April 18, 2007 Mr. Hajjar-Nejad through email informed the Dean that the tenday rule for filing of responses set by the Dean was not followed (Exhibit 1 , pgs. $76,83)$. In fact, the dean himself broke it. The reason for this is provided above in section (ix). It is fair to ask the Dean what was the reason for the gap after filing no response at all from March 8, 2007 until April 17, 2007. The dean suddenly decided that the administration would take advantage of a tragedy. There was no material reason based on fact to form a subcommittee. Therefore, the dean found the tragedy to be a precipitating factor to restart a discriminatory case against Mr. Hajjar-Nejad.
xi. On Aprıl 27, 2007 Mr. Hajjar-Nejad re-emailed the dean his position that the administration had not followed the medical school's process (Exhibit 1, p.93). He was denied the right to participate in the selection and confirmation of the members as provided for within the regulations. He was never provided with any specific formal charges against him or factual reasons for forming a subcommittee against hım as required by the university guide to student rights and responsibilities (Exhibit 4, Section 6). Further demonstrating perpetual neglect, Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's objections, although very clearly stated in his emails to the Dean, were ignored numerous times. No response or reason for such a proceeding was ever provided.

## II. The Subcommittee Hearing:

xii. The Subcommittee hearing commenced at 5:00 P.M. on May 3, 2007. I was present as Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's emergency counsel. The Subcommittee Chairman
was Dr. Bud Wiedermann. The second faculty member was Dr. Carolyn Rabinowitz. The student members were Michael Fishman and Rachel Cohn.
xiii.

Dr. Wiedermann stated that the purpose of the subcommittee was to investigate Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's veracity. This was the first time the dean had used this point as the reason of the subcommittee. Throughout the record there is a constant shift of allegations by the administration. Initially, Mr. Hajjar-Nejad was accused of having academic problems in order to remove him from Honors (Exhibit 1, p. 127). Next, after accomplishing this, the Dean shifted to problems with behavior (Exhibit 3, p.16). Therefore, the dean and his administration continued to shift the allegations to conceal the main objective.

Dr. Wiedermann further stated that Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's evaluations and grades would not be considered. This was prejudicial because it connoted a deliberate attempt to do away with all the successes and achievements of Mr. Hajjar-Nejad in order to focus only on what the dean and his administration thought necessary for the sole purpose of punishing Mr. Hajjar-Nejad.
xv. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad had appealed his medicine and surgery grades because he believed that they were of capricous and inaccurate nature due to the interference in the evaluation process by the Dean (See See Exhibit 2, p. 15; Exhibit 1, pgs. 95-96). However, the Departments of Medicine and Surgery did not respond to his appeals. Therefore, his grades for those two remain incomplete. Rather than addressing concerns the subcommittee was focused on meeting the discriminatory and biased objectives of the Dean.
xvi. In addition, Mr. Hajjar-Nejad requested to tape record the session. And this request was also denied against his right to do so. As a result, he transcribed the hearing from his memory and generated an accurate transcript of that day based on my review.
xvii. I requested from the Chairman that the specific charges that are being brought against Mr. Hajjar-Nejad be clearly conveyed at the start before proceeding with questioning. However, no specific formal charges were given and the Chairman proceeded forward.
xviii. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's freedom of speech protected by the First Amendment, his right to Equal Protection specified by the Fourteenth Amendment and his rights for Due Process were violated. The subcommittee in working for the administration of the dean did not have authority to restrict Mr. Hajjar-Nejad from exercising his rights to free speech. Yet, they did this exactly by not allowing either me or Mr. Hajjar - Nejad to speak freely, not allowing him or myself to question members of the subcommittee or cross examine witnesses brought against him by the dean to examine their veracity.
xix. His right to defend himself and present his side of the story was completely taken away by the Dean or the Sub-committee appointed by him. Also, Mr Hajjar-Nejad was not given the chance to bring forward his own witnesses to testify. This internal proceeding conducted by the dean or the Sub-committee was not just or fair by any means.
xx. The Subcommittee Chairman allotted Mr. Hajjar-Nejad less than 22 hours, until 5:00 P.M. next day, to submit questions for the subcommittee and for the witnesses. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad with my assistance submitted twenty-one questions to the subcommittee but not a single one of them was answered. Each and every question was ignored, solidifying the one-sided nature of the proceedings. All of the subcommittee members were of particular ethnicity, either employees or students of G.W. I did not find any of them fair, unbiased or impartial. The recommendations cite that the Chairman had specified the questions of Mr . Hajjar-Nejad "clarify his actions," but I, as a witness at the hearing and having first hand knowledge of the proceeding I can state with surety that the facts were otherwise. (Exhibit 1, p. 133). Furthermore, the school's regulations state that the student may ask questions without any caveats or restrictions, not as the Chairman is stating. It is clear that the Chairman and the members were not investigating but in contrast they were aiding in implementing the dean's decision to dismiss Mr. Hajjar-Nejad from medical school as it was conveyed by the Dean on October 23, 2006 after Mohammad Javad requested a committee review before removal from the Honors Program. Further, they were lending support to the decisions already made by the dean in removing Mr. Hajjar-Nejad from honors, stopping his research and harassing him on three specific occasions during exam weeks.
xxi. Given that I was not permitted to speak either, I was unable to raise important points in questioning. Mainly, that Mr. Hajjar-Nejad had pointed out to me that, according to the L.C.M.E Standards for Accreditation of Medical Education

Program, the governing board that oversees the medical school cannot have members with a pecuniary interest in the medical school or its related enterprises. I was informed that the Dean of the G.W. Medical School is a member of the Board of Trustees of the Medical Faculty Associates (M.F.A) outpatient facility and a member of the faculty senate. Thus, this organizational arrangement provides for a relevant conflict of interest in this case.
xxii.

The University has failed to abide by federal and local regulations pertaining to civil rights and human rights. The medical school administration has not abided by the rules and regulations that it has set within the Regulations for M.D. Candidates. The University did not follow the Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilities. Moreover, certain of the medical school's regulations hindered and violated Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's rights under the first and fourteenth amendments. Hence, the regulations are not constitutional.
xxiil. The testımonies provided against Mr. Hajjar-Nejad during the subcommittee hearing were lacking the test of veracity, contained contradictory statements, facts twisted, and were not based on direct observations (rather based on secondhand information and hearsay). The witnesses lacked accountability for what they had written against Mr. Hajjar-Nejad. He was not allowed to crossexamine the witnesses. I was not permitted by the Chairman to ask a single question to check the statements. Specifically, Dean Schroth accused Mr. Hajjar-Nejad of not being forthright with him about not taking his surgery shelf exam. Although he knew that for the honors program, students have the right to
take their exams on a flexible schedule, rather than the fixed schedule for the traditional program. But he was asked this question to put him in spot. As counsel, I attempted to put a question to Dean Schroth based on Exhibit 3 page 57 paragraph/e-mail 3 that showed Dean Schroth's secretary was informed of Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's plans for taking the exam later. But the Chairman blocked my question during the hearing. It was re-asked in the 21 questions presented to him and for the subcommittee but not responded to again (Exhibit 1, pgs. 98102).

## xxiv. Section on Witnesses:

## A. Dr. Schroth, Associate Dean:

a. Dean Schroth is the Director of the Honors Academic Program.
b. Dean Schroth provided a timeline with documents.
c. During the interview, he admitted that he has recommended one (1) professional comportment hearing in his ten years as Dean at G.W. Further, he informed Mr. Hajjar-Nejad that his good faith report was the only one of its like he had received in his ten years as Dean. This confers the fact that Mohammad was retaliated against only because of his good faith report.
d. Within his timeline, a contradiction with regards to stopping Mohammad's research exists. Namely in a personal memo (Exhibit 1, pgs. 48-49) he writes that he ordered that research be stopped, in direct violation of the non-retaliation policy. This goes against a letter never received by Mohammad until receiving the hearing file from the Dean. In that letter, Dean Schroth writes that stopping research was only on an advisory basis and not forced. On October 23, 2006, he was ordered to stop his research on heart disease. The letter is an invalid attempt to correct incorrect actions on this day.
e. In Mohammad's acceptance e-mail from Dean Schroth (Exhibit 5, p. 9B) for the Honors Academic Program, the Dean writes that Mohammad was "selected" based on his "independent, self-directed, and flexible personality[y]." After the good faith report there is a
distinct change by Dean Schroth in his representation of Mohammad from positive to severely negative, reflected in his email to the Clerkship Director of Medicine. The dean actively discriminated against him by biasing other instructors against him.
f. Dr. Jablonover changes his views of Mr. Hajjar-Nejad after the intervention of Dean Schroth. He changes his views on him from "very conscientious to defensive," "enthusiastic to resistant," and "disciplined to "closed to constructive feedback." (Exhibit 2, pgs. 15-17). The dean's intervening caused Mr. Hajjar-Nejad to be retaliated against by the Department of Medicine because he told them that Mohammad had criticized the entire Department, including the Director. This was against the confidentiality policy of the university and a presentation of facts in different manner by the Dean Scott Schroth (Exhibit 2, p.7). The dean's interference resulted in retaliation and capricious and inaccurate evaluation by the Department of Medicine.

## B. Dr. Jablonover, Clerkship Director of Medicine

a. The influence on Dr. Jablonover by Dean Schroth is shown by the record. The motivation behind Dean Schroth's actions is also clear. Chiefly, he was retaliating against Mohammad for his good faith report by biasing Dr. Jablonover. against him.
b. The Medicine evaluation cites that Mohammad had difficulty generating a differential diagnosis on patients. This was not correct as proven by the record.
c. The Director on August 23, 2006, informed Dean Schroth that Mohammad made an excellent presentation on a patient with abdominal pain and was able to provide "an appropriate differential diagnosis" (Exhibit 2, pgs. 16-17). Thus, Dr. Jablonover's statement contradicts the medicine evaluation.
C. Dr. Gaskins, Obstetrics and Gynecology resident; \{(Dr. Palmer)-not a witness, Outpatient Clinic Attending Holy Cross Hospital (HCH)\}
a. Mohammad and I were not allowed to speak and defend.
b. Mohammad was evaluated by a different resident than the rest of his classmates.
c. Dr. Gaskins, who evaluated him, did not work with him on a clinical basis. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad had only one brief interaction with her on the last day of the rotation.
d. During questioning by the Chairman, she failed to remember if she was the teaching resident during the entire period or if she made the schedule for students.
e. She was not accountable for her accusations and demonstrated lack of responsibility.
f. Dr. Palmer was an outpatient clinic attending that evaluated him on a clinical basis, however, no clinical interactions existed between the two. In so doing, the clinic attending made a statement against the facts and damaging by saying that Mohammad finds 'the easy way out of doing work."
g. Mohammad was an Honors student and he explained to me that Honors students do no clinical work for the first six months of the third year.

## D. Dr. Lee, Clerkship Director of Surgery

a. Mohammad and I addressed in his questions for the subcommittee that Dr. Lee did not inform him of any clinical problems during the surgery rotation (Exhibit 1, p.98, questions 9 and 10).
b. Mohammad informed me that the L.C.M.E. requires that if there are any issues with performance students should be evaluated early enough to correct themselves (Section C, ED-31 L.C.M.E. Standards for Accreditation of Medical Education Programs).
c. Dr. Lee did not do so. No real problem existed.
d. Dr. Lee stated in her responses that her written reports against Mohammad were based on second-hand reports from residents that she failed to identify. Dr. Lee at no point during the rotation attempted to clarify these reports she claimed to have received that she based her judgment on.
e. Dr. Lee's statements about Mohammad's physical examination skills contradicted her residents' evaluation. She stated that his skills were not at the level they should be, while he rated them as appropriate for
a third year medical student. Also, during questioning she admitted that she never saw Mohammad examine a floor patient (on the ward), despite her claims about his physical exam skills. Hence, she made her claims based on somebody's suggestions and on hearsay, not on direct observation.
f. Mohammad provided me with a report of his end of third year exam report that evaluates physical skill (Exhibit 1, p. 65). He passed above the class average.

## E. Dr. Askari, General Surgery Chief Resident

a. Dr. Askari was the Chief Resident of General Surgery on Mohammad's team one of general surgery.
b. Dr. Askari's responses to questioning by the subcommittee did not follow along with his written statements.
c. He stated that the information he had reported was conveyed by other residents to him that were not identified.
d. His reports were not based on direct observation.
e. Mohammad reported Dr. Askari's wrongdoings as a resident (Exhibit 4, Section 5), that show lack of adherence to L.C.M.E resident teaching guidelines (Section C, ED-24 L.C.M.E. Standards for Accreditation of Medical Education Programs).
xxv.

It is very obvious from the above tat the Dean's office interfered in the grading and evaluation process of Mr. Hajjar-Nejad in order to retaliate against him for his good faith report. On August 25, 2006 the Dean, Dr. Scott Schroth, emailed the Dırector of Medicine telling him that Mr. Hajjar-Nejad had leveled criticisms at the level of the Director and Department of Medicine against the university's nonretalıatıon and confidentiality policies. Dean Schroth biased Dr. Jablonover's view of Mr. Hajjar-Nejad from seeıng him as a "very conscientious, enthusıastic, and disciplined student" with valid concerns of "experiences not conducive to
learning" to describing him as someone "defensive," "resistant," and "closed to constructive" criticism (Exhibit 2, page 7).
xxvi. According to the evidence cited above it could be inferred that the Dean interfered in the grade of Mr. Hajjar-Nejad in the Surgery rotation. The Dean told the Director of the Surgery Clerkship not to give him a passing grade, but a conditional or failing grade to remove him from the Honors Academic Program (Exhibit 2, p.19). This email very clearly shows that the dean was discriminating against Mr. Hajjar-Nejad.
$x x v i i$. During interview of witnesses brought by the Dean, it became clear that there was a general lack of accountability to what the witnesses had provided in the form of written statements, there were contradictions when the testimonies were compared to other relevant documents or other testimony, and statements were made that were secondhand and based on hearsay.

## III. Subcommittee Recommendations:

xxviii. On June 18, 2007 the Subcommittee recommendations were sent to Mr. HajjarNejad at 12:03 A.M. The dean did not send them within an appropriate time so that we could review the recommendatıons and for Mr. Hajjar-Nejad to arrange for my presence at the hearing. The Subcommittee concluded that it found no proof or evidence of any untruthfulness by Mr Hajjar-Nejad. The original purpose of the investigation as stated by the Chairman on May 3, 2007 was to investigate veracity. As a result, this matter should have been dropped by the

Dean. However, the dean and his administration discriminated against Mr. HajjarNejad by requiring him to repeat any courses he received a low pass in (Exhibit 3, pgs. 95-100). While Mohammad informed me that the current university policy was that a low pass and a pass are the same and appear as pass on the final transcript. Hence, he was being held to a different standard than his other classmates. Also, the Dean informed him via telephone that this meant he must repeat the medicine, surgery and obstetrics and gynecology rotations (Exhibit 2, End, pgs. 1-21, hearing transcript). However, Mr. Hajjar-Nejad received a high pass in the obstetrics and gynecology rotation (Exhibit 1, p.135). Further, the dean was carrying out his objective of hindering Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's ability to succeed and get a residency position in surgery through the NRMP (National Resident Matching Program) by forcing him to take a leave of absence. The dean stated such on October 23, 2006 to Mr. Hajjar-Nejad if he were not to comply with the dean's order to step down from the Honors Program. The dean's administration, included in the recommendations, that Mr. Hajjar-Nejad take a leave of absence and that the baseless information created by the Dean's administration would be placed on his permanent academic file. This clearly shows the dean's hand within the generating and writing of these restrictions by the Subcommittee Chairman.
xxix. On July 26, 2007 Mr . Hajjar-Nejad was dismissed from the medical school by the Dean, Dr. Jim Scott (Exhibit 1, p. 136). The dean did not follow the regulations that require him to allow Mr. Hajjar-Nejad to stay enrolled in his
course of study until a final decision is made (Exhibit 4, Section 6). The final decision was to be made by the Vice President for Academic Affairs (VPAA).
xxx. The Medical Student Evaluation Committee (MSEC) did not act according to the medical school regulations. They are permitted to either remand the matter back to the Subcommittee or provide for a written recommendation. They took neither of these actions. Instead, the MSEC Chairman Dr. Jeffrey Akman writes to the Dean Jim Scott that through motions and secret ballot voting the MSEC decided to dismiss Mr. Hajjar-Nejad from medical school (Exhibit 1, pgs. 143-144). This decision removes Mr. Hajjar-Nejad's civil liberties to pursue a medical education in the United States free from fear of discrimination against his religion or national origin.
xxxi. On August 7, 2007 Mr . Hajjar-Nejad appealed to the Vice President for Academic Affairs based on numerous regulation violations by the Dean and his administration (Exhibit 1, pgs. 33-46). I submitted a cover letter to the Vice President for Academic Affairs for the appeal. Mr. Hajjar-Nejad hand delivered it, along with the five exhibits, to Ms. Miki Kaplan.
xxxii. On September 13, 2007 the designee of the Vice President for Academic Affairs, Ms. Carol Sigelman, informed me that she concurred with the Dean of the School of Medicine.

I affirm that the contents of this affidavit are true and based on my personal knowledge, the documents reviewed by me and the information provided by Mr. Hajjar-Nejad,. I
believe that Mr．Hajjar－Nejad has been discriminated against on the bases of either of his national origin，religion or ethnicity and was retaliated against in violation of the D．C． Human Rights Act of 1977，as amended．


Signed and Sworn $10 t_{\text {th Day of November，} 2007}$

## SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME THIS DATE：



> MADHUREEAG GUPTA Notary Public, Steve of New York No arsustra799
> Qualified "ばシャッ Comte

MOHAMMAD JAVAD HAJJAR-NEJAD v THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:10-cv-0626 (CKK)

## PLAINTIFF'S

## THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

## EXHIBIT 19

(Offer of Acceptance)


Upon recominendation by the Committee on Admassions, and with approval of the School of Medicme and Health Sciences of The George Washngton Universits. Mohammad Ja. Hajar-nejad (AAMC: 11569366) is hereby offered admission to the Doctor of Medicine degree program for the academic year beginning on August 18,2004. This offer is subject to conditions set forth below and exccution of the Certitication by Applicant.

## CONDITIONS FOR ADMISSION

1 As a condution of admission, you must complete vour application file by ensuring that all materials required for consideration of your application. even of not listed on application matenals, are provided to the SMHS. This includes all coursework with grades not on the AMCAS application, complete official transeripts for each college and graduate school attended; and complete official transcripts for each course (electrve or required) taken pror to the commencement of your Dector of Medicine degree program. All transcripts must be submitted urectly to SMHS by the registrars of each coliege and graduate school attended and must demonstrate in the determation of the Committee on Admissions, satisfactory completion of all courses The SMILS Office of Admissions reserves the nght to rescond your conditional accentance nothe event that it detemmes that your performance in requred or elective coursework, is substantially lower than that reflected at the time you applied for admussion all required transcripts ate due no later than July 15,2004 or your place in the SMHS Doctor of Medicine degree program wil be forteited.

2 As a condition of admission. If you are registered in college, unversty, or professonal school, successfui completon of the acadcmic year or special session is requred The GWUMC Olfice of Admusions reserves the right to rescind acceptance in the event that it detinumes that vour perfonnance in requred or elective coursework is substantualy lower than that reflected at the time you apphed for admusion

3 As a conditon of admssion, you must demontrate financial abilty pay tution and reiated expenses throughout matriculation in the SMHS Doctor of Medicine degree program. SMHS reserves the right to defer vour entry into the Doctor of Medicine degree program unnt it recenes financtal information suffictent to demonstrate such ability
4. As a conditon of admission, you must complete the tollowng requirements

## CERTIFICATION BY APPPLICANT

- I hercby accept the condilonal ofter of acceptance by The George Washminton Universuty School of Medicue and Health Scientes for adinussion m the Doctor of Medicine degree program for the academic year begmong with mandatory onentation on August 18. 2004
- I will drange my progran of studes to complete satisfactonly the conditions for admission as set forth above
- I understand that. prior to the commencement of wy frot year in the Doctor of Medicue degrce program, imust have completed a minimum of eight $\{8$ ) semester hours (including two (2) semester hours of lab undk) in each of the following. biology or zoology, general (inorganti) chemistry. organic chemistry, and phisics. In addition, I understand that a minmum of six (6) semester hours of English must be compleied
- I understand that the SiMtIS has an Honor Code, which I agree to sign at onentation. As a medical student, I agree to abide by this Code.
- I understard that I will be subject to the Regulatone for $\mathrm{M} D$ Candidates that are set forth in the SMES Bulletin As a medical student. I agree to become familar with the Bulfetin and the Regulations and to abide by then
- I understand and agree that I have an ongomg obligation to report to SMHS Office of Admissions any charges or convictions of a legal violation (other than a minor traffic volation) between the time of my apolication for the Doctor of Medicme degree program and my matriculation in the program. I turther understand and agree that, during this time period, I also have an ongung obligation to repor to the Office of Admssions any discipinary actone (metuding, hut not imited to. probation, suspension and or dismissab) taken agamst me by any educational institutional that I hase attended 1 agree to abide by these reporting obligations
* I understand that in order to reserve my place in the Doctor of Medicue degree program. I must pay a $\$ 100$ deposit I understand that this depont is due between May 1 and May 15. 2004 and whi not be refunded after May 15, 2004
- I understand that there will be a $\$ 2,900$ tution prepayment required on or before June 15,20041 also understand that the prepayment will be refunded of 1 withdraw wy acceptance popito July 1,2004 i also understand that this prepayment will not be refunded if i withdraw my acceptance after July 1, 20t)4.
- I upderstand that I must provide proof of health msurance at onentation and that i must mantam healh insurance durng my matriculation at SMHS
- I understand that the subnussion of false or masleading intomation or materal massion in comnection with the appheation process shall be grounds for withdrawing my conditonal offer of acceptance to SMHS 1 further understand and agree that if any such subnisswor or omssions are discovered after matriculation in the Doctor of Medicne degree program or award of a degree. SMiHS has the nght, in its sole discretion, to dismiss me from SMHS and/or revoke my degree.
- I agtee to womply with all Conditons of Acceptance set forth above and represent that I understand and will wimply with the statements the foregoing Certification of Acceptance


This Offer of Acceptance is valid only if signed and returned by November 26, 2003. Please sign and return the original of this signed Offer of Acceptance and retain a copy for your records.

This Offer of Aeceptance is null and void if the recipient was a matriculated student in a Doctor of Wedicine degree program (at an American or Canadian medical school) on the date of this Offer.


[^0]:    ${ }^{4}$ Plaintiff was one of ten students accepted into the Third Year Honors Program by a nine (9) member faculty committee

[^1]:    ${ }^{6}$ The specific regulations that he violated in this instance included Article B: Evaluation of Academic Performance, Sections 1-2, 7 (Regulations for MD Candidates); Article II, Section B: Protection Against Improper Academic Evaluation (Guide to Student Rights and Responsibilitics 2006-2007). The specific details of what each regulation entails, the method of violation, and the actions not taken by University administrators as spelled out by the Regulations have all been explained by Plaintiff in his Exhibit 1, Appeal to the Vice President for Academic Affairs submitted on August 7, 2007. The detail and nature of all of these violations can be itemized during discovery and brought forward during trial.

[^2]:    ${ }^{7}$ Original Exhibit 1, Appeal to EVPAA, Dr. Donald Lehman

[^3]:    ${ }^{8}$ Original Exhibit 3, Filed with Federal Court Complaint on April 9, 2010

[^4]:    ${ }^{9}$ Original Exhibit 2, Bricf to the Medical Student Evaluation Committee (MSEC)

[^5]:    ${ }^{10}$ Appeal to EVPAA, Dr. Donald Lehman

[^6]:    "Updated version is referred to as "Academic Portfolio" in the Complaint

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Equal Employment Office, which is local, has a duty to cross file its case load with the federal branch, or EEOC, under their work sharing agreement/requirement.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Letter from Jad N. Sarsour to the George Washington University School of Medicine and Health Sciences, Office of the Dean, June 24, 2007

