UNITI	ED STATES DISTRICT COURT	FILED
FOR 7	THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	NOV 1 8 2008
Ernest L. Dixon,)	Clerk, U.S. District and Bankruptcy Courts
Plaintiff,)	
v.) Civil Action No.	08 1981
2-Eaton Street)	e e a
Hampton, Virginia,)	
Defendant.	<i>)</i>)	

MEMORANDUM OPINION

This matter is before the Court on plaintiff's *pro se* complaint and application to proceed *in forma pauperis*. The Court will grant plaintiff's application and dismiss the complaint for lack of subject matter jurisdiction.

The subject matter jurisdiction of the federal district courts is limited and is set forth generally at 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1332. Under those statutes, federal jurisdiction is available only when a "federal question" is presented or the parties are of diverse citizenship and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000. A party seeking relief in the district court must at least plead facts that bring the suit within the court's jurisdiction. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 8(a). Failure to plead such facts warrants dismissal of the action. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(h)(3).

Plaintiff, who claims to reside in the District of Columbia, sues "2-Eaton Street" in Hampton, Virginia, "for all of my earnings." The complaint does not allege a violation of either the Constitution or federal law, nor does it provide a basis for diversity jurisdiction inasmuch as

Plaintiff lists his address as 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D.C. 23607. The Court judicially notices this address as that of The White House, except that the zip code is for Newport News, Virginia. *See* www.usps.com/zip4.

plaintiff has not demanded any amount of monetary damages. Besides, the claim is "so attenuated and unsubstantial as to be absolutely devoid of merit." *Decatur Liquors, Inc. v. District of Columbia*, 478 F.3d 360, 363 (D.C. Cir. 2007) (citation and internal quotation marks omitted). Accordingly, the complaint will be dismissed by separate Order issued contemporaneously.

Date: October 2008

United States District Judge